# UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

C.A. 16-56057

SKIDMORE ET AL.

Michael Skidmore, Trustee for the Randy Craig Wolfe Trust Plaintiff-Appellant

v.

LED ZEPPELIN ET AL.

Defendants-Appellees

PLAINTIFF-APPELLANT MICHAEL SKIDMORE'S EXCERPTS OF THE RECORD VOLUME X OF XI

(Music copyright infringement, on appeal from the final Order dated June 23, 2016 of the Honorable R. Gary Klausner, of the United States District Court for the Central District of California. The case was docketed in the Central District at 15-cv-03462)

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## $\frac{\textbf{EXCERPTS OF THE RECORD: VOLUME X of XI}}{(2412-2680)}$

03/07/2016	Plaintiff's Opposition to SJ [Notice of Errata] (Doc. No. 126)	2412
	Statement of Genuine Issues by Plaintiff (Doc. No. 118-1)	2439
	Declaration of Dr. Alexander Stewart (Doc. No. 118-8)	2504
03/07/2016	Declaration of Barry Hansen (Doc. No. 119-1)	2526
02/25/2016	Amended Statement of Uncontroverted Facts (Doc. No. 105)	2548
02/25/2016	Excerpts of Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment (Doc. No. 97)	2598
	Declaration of Peter J. Anderson (Doc. No. 97-10)	2629
	Exhibit 16 - Taurus Copyright Registration (Doc. No. 97-11)	2638
	Exhibit 17 - Taurus Deposit Copy (Doc. No. 97-11)	2642
	Exhibit 18 - Stairway to Heaven Deposit Copy (Doc. No. 97-11)	2644
05/20/2015	Answer to Amended Complaint by Corporate Defs. (Doc. No. 69)	2645

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 3 of 271

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 1 of 27 Page ID #:2973 1 Francis Malofiy, Esq. Francis Alexander, LLC 280 N. Providence Rd. | Suite 105 3 Media, PA 19063 T: (215) 500-1000; F: (215) 500-1005 4 E: francis@francisalexander.com 5 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 Glen L. Kulik, Esq. (SBN 082170) 7 Kulik Gottesman & Siegel LLP 15303 Ventura Blvd., Suite 1400 Sherman Oaks, CA 91403 T: (310) 557-9200; F: (310) 557-0224 E: gkulik@kgslaw.com 10 Attorney for Plaintiff 11 12 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 13 FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 15 MICHAEL SKIDMORE, as Trustee for Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) the RANDY CRAIG WOLFE TRUST, 16 Hon. R. Gary Klausner 17 Plaintiff, NOTICE OF ERRATA AND 18 **CORRECTION TO PLAINTIFF'S** V. 19 MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND **AUTHORITIES IN OPPOSITION** LED ZEPPELIN; JAMES PATRICK 20 PAGE; ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT; TO MOTION FOR SUMMARY 21 JOHN PAUL JONES; SUPER HYPE JUDGMENT OR PARTIAL PUBLISHING, INC.; WARNER MUSIC **SUMMARY JUDGMENT** 22 GROUP CORP., Parent of 23 WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC.; March 28, 2016 Date: ATLANTIC RECORDING Time: 9:00 a.m. 24 CORPORATION; RHINO Room: 850 25 ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY, 26 Defendants. 27 28 NOTICE OF ERRATA AND CORRECTION

#### 

#### 1 TO THE COURT AND ALL PARTIES TO THIS ACTION: 2 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Plaintiff Michael Skidmore, as Trustee for 3 the Randy Craig Wolfe Trust, hereby provides notice of errata and correction as follows: 5 On March 7, 2016, Plaintiff filed his "Memorandum of Points and 6 Authorities In Opposition To Motion For Summary Judgment or Partial Summary Judgment." When the document was filed it inadvertently omitted the table of 7 authorities and contained some formatting mistakes. Attached as Exhibit A is a 9 corrected version of the Memorandum of Points and Authorities which includes the 10 table of authorities and correct the formatting issues. 11 12 Dated: March 8, 2016 Respectfully submitted, 13 Francis Alexander, LLC /s/ Francis Alexander Malofiy 14 Francis Alexander Malofiy, Esquire 15 Attorney ID No.: 208494 280 N. Providence Road | Suite 105 16 Media, PA 19063 T: (215) 500-1000 17 F: (215) 500-1005 E: francis@francisalexander.com 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

NOTICE OF ERRATA AND CORRECTION





# **EXHIBIT** A

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 6 of 271

Case 2:15	-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 0	03/08/16 Page 4 of 27 Page ID #:2976
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13	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
14	FOR THE CENTRAL DIST	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
15	MICHAEL SKIDMORE, as Trustee for	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)
16	the RANDY CRAIG WOLFE TRUST,	Hon. R. Gary Klausner
17	Plaintiff,	·
18	V.	PLAINTIFF'S MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN
19	<b>v.</b>	OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR
20	LED ZEPPELIN; JAMES PATRICK PAGE; ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT;	SUMMARY JUDGMENT OR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT
21	JOHN PAUL JONES; SUPER HYPE	FARTIAL SUMMART JUDGMENT
22	PUBLISHING, INC.; WARNER MUSIC	Date: March 28, 2016
23	GROUP CORP., Parent of WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC.;	Time: 9:00 a.m. Room: 850
24	ATLANTIC RECORDING	
25	CORPORATION; RHINO ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY,	
26		
27	Defendants.	
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	1	
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Case 2:15	-cv-03	462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 5 of 27 Page ID #:2977	
1		TABLE OF CONTENTS P	age
2	_		
3	I.	INTRODUCTION	
4	II.	FACTS	
5	III.	LEGAL STANDARD.	5
6 7	IV.	PAGE AND PLANT WERE FAMILIAR WITH TAURUS STARTING IN 1968 AND AT A MINIMUM THERE IS A REASONABLE POSSIBILTY OF ACCESS RAISING A	_
8		TRIABLE ISSUE OF FACT	
9		1. DEFENDANTS HAD DIRECT ACCESS TO TAURUS	0
10		2. THERE IS CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE OF ACCESS AND WIDESPREAD DISTRIBUTION	7
11	V.	THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL SIMILARITY – INDEED STRIKING SIMILARITY BETWEEN <i>TAURUS</i> AND	
12		STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN.	8
13		A. THIS CASE SATISFIES THE "SUBSTANTIAL SIMILARITY TEST" FOR COPYRIGHT	9
14   15		B. THE INVERSE RATIO RULE APPLIES IN THIS CASE 1	. 1
16		C. THE COMPOSITION IN QUESTION IS UNIQUE AND PROTECTABLE.	. 1
17 18	VI.	TAURUS IS NOT A WORK FOR HIRE AS IT WAS CREATED BEFORE ANY PUBLISHING OR RECORDING CONTRACT WAS SIGNED.	.3
19	VII.	RANDY DID NOT ABANDON OR WAIVE HIS CLAIMS1	.5
20	VIII.	THIS CASE IS NOT BARRED BY LACHES	.7
21	IX.	DEFENDANTS' DEPOSIT COPY ARGUMENT MISSES THE MARK1	8
22   23	X.	CONCLUSION	20
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
		DI AINTEE C DECRONGE IN ORDOGITION TO DEFEND ANTO	
		PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT	

Case 2:15	-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 6 of 27 Page ID #:2978
1	TABLE OF AUTHORITIES Page
2	
3	<u>Cases</u>
4	Baxter v. MCA, Inc., 812 F.2d 421 (9th Cir. 1987)
5	Benay v. Warner Bros. Entm't, Inc., 607 F.3d 620 (9th Cir. 2010)
6 7	Colon v. U.S., 474 F.3d 616, 621-23 (9th Cir. 2007)
8	Elsmere Music, Inc. v. Nat'/ Broad. Co.,
9	482 F.Supp. 741 (S.D.N.Y.1980)
10	Gladwell Govt. Services Inc. v. County of Marin, 265 Fed. Appx. 624 2008 WL 268268 (9th Cir. 2008)
11	Hadady Corp. V. Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc.,         739 F. Supp. 1392 (C.D. Cal. 1990)
13 14	Harris v. Emus Records Corp., 734 F.2d 1329 (9th Cir. 1984)
15 16	KnowledgePlex, Inc. v. Placebase, Inc., C 08-4267 JF (RS), 2008 WL 5245484 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 17, 2008)
17 18	L.A. Printex Indus., Inc. v. Aeropostale, Inc., 676 F.3d 841 (9th Cir. 2012)
19	Marya v. Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., 2015 WL 5568497 (C.D. Cal. Sept. 22, 2015)
20	Melchizedek v. Holt, 792 F. Supp. 2d 1042 (D. Ariz. 2011)
21	<i>New Era Publications Int'l, ApS v. Hendry Holt &amp; Co.</i> , 873 F.2d 576 (2d Cir. 1989)
22	Newton v. Diamond,
23	204 F. Supp. 2d 1244 (C.D. Cal. 2002), aff'd 388 F.3d 1189
24 25	Oracle Am., Inc. v. Goggle Inc., 2012 WL 1965778 (N.D. Cal. May 31, 2012)
26 27	<i>Oravec v. Sunny Isles Luxury Ventures L.C.</i> , 469 F. Supp. 2d 1148, 1178 (S.D. Fla. 2006)
28	Petrella v. Metro Goldwyn Mayer, Inc., 134 S. Ct. 1062 (2014)
20	PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Case 2:15	-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 7 of 27 Page ID #:2979
1	Playboy Enters., Inc. v. Dumas, 53 F.3d 549 (2d Cir .1995)
2	Santrayll v. Burrell, 1996 WL 134803 (S.D.N.Y. Mar.25, 1996)
3	Scentsy, Inc. v. B.R. Chase, 942 F. Supp. 2d 1045 (D. Idaho 2013)
4 5	Schiller & Schmidt, Inc. v. Nordisco Corp.,         969 F.2d 410 (7th Cir. 1992)       14
6	Silvers v. Sony Pictures Entm't, Inc., 402 F.3d 881 (9th Cir. 2005)
7	Smith v. Jackson, 84 F.3d 1213 (9th Cir. 1996)
8	Swirsky v. Carey, 376 F.3d 841 (9th Cir. 2004)
9	Three Boys Music Corp. v. Bolton, 212 F.3d 477 (9th Cir. 2000)
10	Villiarimo v. Aloha Island Air, Inc., 281 F. 3d 1054 (9th Cir. 2002)
11	Warren v. Fox Family Worldwide, Inc., 328 F.3d 1136 (9th Cir. 2003)
12	<u>Statutes</u>
13	17 U.S.C. § 408(b)
14	17 U.S.C. § 501 (b)
15	17 U.S.C. § 507
16	Copyright Act of 1909, § 12, 35 Stat 1075 (1909)
17	
18	Other Authorities
19	Paul Goldstein, Goldstein on Copyright §3.8 (2013)
20	
21	
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23	
24	
25	
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27	
28	
	PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS'
	MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 8 of 27 Page ID #:2980

#### I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Plaintiff alleges that the song *Stairway to Heaven*, written in 1971 by Defendants Jimmy Page ("Page") and Robert Plant ("Plant"), infringes the copyright in the song *Taurus* written by Randy Wolfe a/k/a Randy California ("Randy") in 1966 and included in the first album released by the rock group Spirit in 1968. Defendants ask this court to believe that until recently they never really heard of Randy, the group Spirit, or the song *Taurus*, and that Page recently discovered a vinyl copy of the song in his record collection but has no idea how or when it got there. Page who denies any recollection of Spirit, but when presented in his deposition with interviews in the early 1970s shortly before he started writing *Stairway to Heaven*, admitted he was a fan of Spirit, enjoyed their albums, and liked seeing them live. Plaintiff's Alleged Facts ("PAF") 23. Defendants' assertions that they created Stairway to Heaven in almost total ignorance of Taurus and Spirit is contradicted by an enormous body of evidence which is more than adequate to raise triable issues of fact. Page told a member of Spirit on April 14, 1973, Larry "Fuzzy" Knight, that he was a huge fan of the band. PAF 58.

The issue of "access" is a nonstarter for Defendants. Led Zeppelin's very first concert in the United States was in 1968 as the opening act for Spirit, shortly after the latter's first album *Spirit* containing *Taurus* was released and while the band was on tour promoting the album. *Spirit* the album and Taurus received wide radio play around the world and were sold in the United States and Britain. Because *Taurus* was Randy's favorite song, it was performed at nearly every show. Statement of Genuine Issues ("SGI") 23. As a tribute to Spirit, Led Zeppelin regularly performed a Spirit song called *Fresh Garbage*, which was on the same album that contained *Taurus*. Plant attended a Spirit concert in early 1970 after which Plant and Spirit went out drinking together was a fan of Spirit. At the end of the night Plant was in a serious automobile accident.

Page admits to owning a vinyl copy of the Spirit album on which Taurus

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 9 of 27 Page ID #:2981

appeared. SGI 82. All surviving members of Led Zeppelin admitted to playing Spirit's music at Led Zeppelin's concerts. SGI 67. Led Zeppelin's members attended Spirit shows in Britain, even reserving seats. Before Randy died, he told a friend that while Led Zeppelin and Spirit were back stage at a show in 1969, Page had sought out Randy and specifically asked him how to play the opening notes to Taurus, which Randy repeated for him several times. SGI 82. In sum, there is overwhelming evidence to establish a "reasonable possibility" that Page and Plant had access to and were familiar with *Taurus* before *Stairway to Heaven* was written.

On the second crucial issue, not only is there substantial similarity between the two compositions, the similarity is striking. It does not require expert testimony to prove this fact as the similarity is so noticeable that it has been the subject of intense public debate for decades. It has been common knowledge since the 1970s that the two songs are eerily similar, and the debate has raged all these years whether *Stairway to Heaven* is a rip-off. Despite this common knowledge, Plaintiff also submits the testimony of four (4) music experts who dissected the two songs note for note, instrument for instrument, before concluding that the first half of *Stairway to Heaven* is a note-for-note copy of *Taurus*' guitar. Page admitted in his deposition the obvious similarity between the songs, and so, too, did Defendant John Paul Jones. Furthermore, the vocal melody is substantially similar to the harpsichord notes in *Taurus*. Plaintiff's four musical experts are unequivocal that the substantial similarity—indeed, striking similarity—cannot be coincidental.

Indeed, it was established in discovery that Led Zeppelin wrote a great many of their songs by taking other people's work without giving them credit. Page admitted in the past that Led Zeppelin wrote their songs by copying other people's music, as Plaintiff alleges Zeppelin did with *Taurus*. Plant was confronted with this statement at his deposition and admitted under oath that he did not dispute either the "accuracy" or the "validity" of Page's quote. In fact, Led Zeppelin had a well-known practice of writing songs by "lifting" melodies and instrumentals that they admired.

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 10 of 27 Page ID #:2982

Defendants make several other unmeritorious arguments. Defendants argue that *Taurus* was a work for hire because of an August 29, 1967 agreement between Randy California and his producer at the time, Hollenbeck Music. What the motion omits is that Randy wrote and created the song in 1966 well before any such agreement. Randy's sisters testified that he wrote the song for his girlfriend (later his wife) Robin, whose astrological sign was Taurus, and immediately the band started performing the song at the famous Ash Grove club in Hollywood.

Finally, Defendants contend that Randy abandoned his right to sue for copyright infringement because he never brought a suit during his lifetime. The argument makes no sense in light of the Supreme Court's holding last year in *Petrella v. MGM* that one does not lose his right to sue for infringement by virtue of his delay in filing a suit. Plaintiff has produced witnesses, including life-long friends and bandmates, who testify that Randy confronted Page about the theft early 1970s, that Page even admitted the theft but threatened to bury Randy under lawyers, that Randy was extraordinarily upset about the situation over the years, that he was advised by lawyers that it was too late for him to sue (which was proven wrong in 2015 by the *Petrella* decision), and that he was still considering a legal action in December 1996 just prior to his death.

#### II. FACTS.

Randy Wolfe was a musical genius. PAF 1. In early 1966 at age 15, his family moved to New York where in June, he met Jimi Hendrix. The two became fast friends and played shows together that summer. <u>Id.</u> When summer ended, Hendrix was offered an opportunity to go to London to form a new band (The Jimi Hendrix Experience) and wanted Randy to go with him. <u>Id.</u> However, Randy's mother thought he was too young so when Hendrix went to London Randy's family moved back to California in September 1966. PAF 3.

That fall, when he returned to high school, Randy met a girl who would later become his wife. PAF 2. To impress her, he wrote a song. Her astrological sign was

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 11 of 27 Page ID #:2983

Taurus, so Randy named his new song *Taurus*. PAF 2. Also that fall, Randy formed a band called Spirits Rebellious with two of his school friends, Jay Ferguson and Mark Andes. PAF 3. In late 1966 through the summer of 1967, they played every week in Hollywood at a club called the Ash Grove. PAF 3. One of the songs they played every night was *Taurus*, which remained Randy's favorite song until the day he died. PAF 5.

The family eventually moved in 1967 from Ojai to Santa Monica. Brian Berry, brother of singer Jan Berry of "Jan and Dean" fame, heard the band rehearsing and knocked on the door to introduce himself. <u>Id.</u> This led to a fast friendship, and it was Berry who later introduced Spirit to Lou Adler, owner of Hollenbeck and Ode Records, which signed the band to a recording contract on August 29, 1967. <u>Id.</u> Hollenbeck filed a copyright for *Taurus* that listed Randy California as the author. SGI 11.

The first Spirit album was released in late 1967. SGI 14. The band later embarked that same year on a lengthy tour in support of the album, which features, among other cuts, *Taurus* and another song called *Fresh Garbage*. Janet Wolfe Decl, ¶7. The group Led Zeppelin, originally named "The New Yardbirds," was formed in 1968 in England. It consisted of Page, Plant, bassist John Paul Jones, and drummer John Bonham (now deceased). On December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin performed its first show in the United States. SGI 31. The show took place in Denver, Colorado, and the group was the opening act that night for Spirit. <u>Id.</u>; PAF 18. Led Zeppelin experienced equipment failures that evening so the members of Spirit had to loan the band some of its equipment. SGI 31.

Led Zeppelin and Spirit continued to play shows together, and even when the members of Led Zeppelin were not performing, they came to Spirit shows to watch. SGI 77. In interviews at the time, Page expressed his affection for Spirit, their music, and their performances. SGI 103. In homage to Spirit, Led Zeppelin had been performing the Spirit song *Fresh Garbage* at its own shows. PAF 25. At one

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 12 of 27 Page ID #:2984

point in 1969, Page asked Randy to teach him the introduction to *Taurus*, which Randy showed him several times. PAF 21.

Led Zeppelin began writing *Stairway to Heaven* in 1970. They created the first part then but did not create the second half of the song until a bit later. PAF 32, 33-34. *Stairway to Heaven* was released on the album "Led Zeppelin IV" on November 8, 1971. SGI 85. On April 14, 1973, Randy confronted Page about the similarity between *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven*. Page became defensive and, although he acknowledged copying *Taurus*, told Randy that for every lawyer Randy hired he would hire 20, inferring Randy that he would be buried if he dared to file a suit. SGI 28; PAF 56-60.

In 1996, Randy registered a renewal copyright for *Taurus* in his own name. PAF 13-14. Randy was hounded by the media, the public, and his family and friends about the similarity between the two songs. PAF 10; Stewart Decl., ¶29. He considered filing a lawsuit many times, but by the time he got his nerve to do anything he was told by lawyers that the suit would be barred by the passage of time. PAF 64. Still, until shortly before his tragic drowning in Hawaii on January 2, 1997, he was still being urged to sue and was considering it. PAF 64.

#### III. <u>LEGAL STANDARD</u>.

In considering a summary judgment motion, all evidence and inferences must be construed in favor of the non-movant. *Villiarimo v. Aloha Island Air, Inc.*, 281 F. 3d 1054, 1061 (9th Cir. 2002). There must be no dispute of material fact and the movant must be entitled to judgment as a matter of law for such a motion to be granted. *Id.* Plaintiff in a copyright infringement case must show two things to prove protected expression was copied: a reasonable possibility of access and substantial similarity between the works. *Benay v. Warner Bros. Entm't, Inc.*, 607 F.3d 620, 624 (9th Cir. 2010). Importantly, under the Inverse Ratio Rule, the more evidence showing Defendants had access to Plaintiffs' work the lower Plaintiffs' burden is to show substantial similarity. *Id.* at 625.

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 13 of 27 Page ID

# IV. PAGE AND PLANT WERE FAMILIAR WITH TAURUS STARTING IN 1968 AND AT A MINIMUM THERE IS A REASONABLE POSSIBILTY OF ACCESS RAISING A TRIABLE ISSUE OF FACT.

Direct evidence of copying is rarely available, so plaintiffs may prove this element circumstantially by showing defendants had access to their work and that "the two works are 'substantially similar' in idea and expression of the idea." *Smith v. Jackson*, 84 F.3d 1213, 1218 (9th Cir. 1996); *see also L.A. Printex Indus., Inc. v. Aeropostale, Inc.*, 676 F.3d 841, 846-47 (9th Cir. 2012) ("Absent direct evidence of access, a plaintiff can prove access using circumstantial evidence of . . . a chain of events linking the plaintiffs work and the defendant's access" (quotation marks omitted)). As a result, Plaintiffs are only required to show that Defendants had a "reasonable possibility" of access to Plaintiffs' work, not definitive proof. *Three Boys Music Corp. v. Bolton*, 212 F.3d 477, 482 (9th Cir. 2000). The Ninth Circuit has described access as "more than a 'bare possibility." *Id.* Access may be presumed if the works are strikingly similar. *Three Boys Music*, 212 F.3d at 485. Access can also be demonstrated by widespread distribution of the source work. *Id.* 

At a minimum, there is a triable issue of fact because the evidence supports a finding of (i) *direct access*, and/or (ii) a reasonable possibility of access by way of circumstantial evidence and also because *Taurus* was widely distributed for sale and there is a striking similarity between *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven*.

#### 1. <u>Defendants had Direct Access To Taurus</u>

Page has admitted possessing the Spirit album in question which contains Taurus. SGI 82. Randy California's sisters and bandmates testified that *Taurus* was his favorite song which the band played as part of their regular set from 1966 through 1970 at nearly every concert. SGI 33. Led Zeppelin opened for Spirit in December 26, 1968, when Taurus was a regular song in Spirit's sets. SGI 31; PAF 18. This was the first of several concerts the two groups performed together before *Stairway to Heaven* was written. The members of Led Zeppelin also used to attend

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 14 of 27 Page ID #:2986

Spirit shows when they were not on the bill. PAF 21, 28. Robert Plant was in a serious auto accident in February 1970 returning from a Spirit concert after which he had gone out drinking and playing snooker with Spirit members Mark Andes, John Locke, and Randy California. PAF 28-31. Page admitted in 1970 that he had attended many Spirit concerts and enjoyed their albums. PAF 53. Before Randy died he told his friend and guitar technician, Tracy Longo, that, at a show in 1969, Page sought out Randy and specifically asked him how to play the opening notes to Taurus. SGI 82. Longo also related that Randy told him that Zeppelin reserved front row seats at a Spirit show in England. PAF 28.

## 2. There Is Circumstantial Evidence of Access and Widespread Distribution.

First, Page admitted in interviews from 1970 and 1972, that he was (1) a fan of Spirit, (2) enjoyed their albums, (3) enjoyed seeing them live, and (4) that Spirit was one of the few bands that struck him on an "emotional level." PAF 22-23. Indeed, Spirit was one of only two rock bands in the entire world that Page and Zeppelin ever played live, the song *Fresh Garbage*, which is on the same *Spirit* album that Page owns. PAF 53.

Second, Spirit's album containing Taurus was widely available for purchase in the United States and Britain before 1971, was played repeatedly at concerts, and received wide radio airplay—and as noted above Page actually had the album in his possession. SGI 19-20. Furthermore radio operators in Los Angeles in the early 1970s verifed that *Taurus* received wide airplay in the late 1960s and early 1970s due to the band's popularity. SGI 20. Spirit was so popular that record stores would have separate sections set aside for Spirit's music. <u>Id.</u> Finally, Defendants' own motion admits that Ode Records released and distributed the Spirit album that contained Taurus. <u>See</u> SGI 13-15. Defendants' assertion that the *Spirit* album and "Taurus" were not widely distributed before 1971 is pure fantasy.

Third, all surviving members of Led Zeppelin admitted to playing Spirit's

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 15 of 27 Page ID #:2987

music at Led Zeppelin's concerts—namely a song named Fresh Garbage—meaning they were intimately familiar with Spirit and its music. SGI 67. Zeppelin played shows and festivals with Spirit, including its first show in the United States where Led Zeppelin opened for Spirit in Denver, Colorado on December 26, 1968. SGI 37. Spirit bassist Mark Andes remembers performing Taurus at that concert. <u>Id.</u> Led Zeppelin members attended Spirit's concerts regularly and were familiar with Spirit's music as Spirit was a popular band at the time. PAF 21.

## V. THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL SIMILARITY – INDEED STRIKING SIMILARITY -- BETWEEN TAURUS AND STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN.

The public and the music world have long recognized the substantial similarity between *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven*. Moreover, Plaintiff has submitted declarations from four highly qualified music experts who testified that the similarity is so striking that it could not be mere coincidence. SGI 110. It is not only the guitar parts that are strikingly similar between the songs, *Stairway to Heaven's* vocal melody, allegedly written by Plant, copies a significant portion of *Taurus'* harpsichord melody, showing that the similarities between the songs cannot possibly the result of some sort coincidence, as Defendants contend. PAF 70.

Further, Led Zeppelin's extensive and admitted history of copyright infringement and music theft must also be taken into account. Page and Plant admitted in their depositions that Led Zeppelin routinely took other people's songs as an "original source" and used them to create Led Zeppelin's music. PAF 39-53.

Seven times, by means of litigation or the threat of litigation, Led Zeppelin has been compelled to change the writing credits on their songs. PAF 50. There are over sixteen songs in Led Zeppelin's catalogue which unmistakably borrowed from other artists without credit. PAF 47. Plant also talked about Led Zeppelin's ignominious history of lifting music from other artists without credit or attribution in an NPR interview with Terry Gross in 2004. PAF 46. Plant acknowledged that he lifted vocal melodies from other music, and that such lifting was naïve and

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 16 of 27 Page ID #:2988

irresponsible, but that Led Zeppelin had viewed it as "part of the game." <u>Id.</u> This course of conduct resulted in lawsuits and in Led Zeppelin repeatedly changing the credits for their songs, including for "Dazed and Confused," "Babe I'm Gonna Leave You," "Whole Lotta Love," "How Many More Times," "The Lemon Song," "Bring it On Home," and "When the Levee Breaks." PAF 39-50. There is no other band in rock history who has been compelled to change the writing credits on its songs so many times, as Plant admitted at his deposition. PAF 45. The fact of the matter is that Led Zeppelin's songwriting process heavily relied upon taking other people's music and passing it off as their own.

The objective evidence shows that for almost a year before *Stairway to Heaven* became a full song, Page claimed that the only portion that had been written was the guitar introduction, which later also became the verse for the entire first half of the song. Page states in an audio interview given to ZigZag magazine that he and Robert Plant worked on the song at a Welsh cottage named Bron-yr-Aur in late 1970 and that the guitar and the first verse is what they had when they left the cottage. PAF 36. This was confirmed by an audio interview of band member John Paul Jones. PAF 36-37. Otherwise stated, *Stairway to Heaven* was originally *only* Taurus and the rest was written later.

## A. This Case Satisfies the "Substantial Similarity Test" for Copyright Infringement of a Musical Composition.

For copyright infringement, the court applies the extrinsic test to determine whether the two works meet the necessary degree of similarity. *Swirsky v. Carey*, 376 F.3d 841, 845 (9th Cir. 2004). The extrinsic test requires an "analytical dissection of a work and expert testimony." *Id.* "Analytical dissection" requires examining the works in "their constituent elements, and comparing those elements for proof of copying as measured by 'substantial similarity." *Id.* "Expert testimony" considers whether the compositions are identical on paper and their "structural context," including harmony, rhythm, and meter. *Id.* at 847.

## 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 17 of 27 Page ID

There are two aspects to Plaintiff's substantial similarity argument: the guitar and harpsichord in *Taurus*.

The guitar is the most noticeable and instantly recognizable similarity between the compositions of *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven*. In Defendants' own words, Stairway to Heaven contains two basic parts: Part A, which is the guitar Plaintiff assert was copied, and Part B. The first 2 minutes and 14 seconds of Stairway to Heaven can be summarized as follows: (1) Part A repeats twice and is followed by Part B; then (2) Part A repeats twice again, and is again followed by Part B; and (3) Part A repeats twice again. Part A is nearly identical to Taurus. Stewart Decl., ¶24.

Part A of Stairway is nearly identical to Taurus. Plaintiff's experts are clear that the guitar in Taurus and in the iconic first half of Stairway to Heaven are nearly identical note for note. Indeed, simply playing the recordings back to back makes it immediately clear that a triable dispute of fact exists as to whether Taurus and Stairway to Heaven are substantially similar. Furthermore, if the recordings are discarded and a session musician simply plays the two guitar compositions in the two songs back to back, or even over each other, they are virtually indistinguishable. Bricklin Decl., Audio Exhibits. Indeed, Defendants have submitted the expert report of Mathes, which contained Mathes playing Stairway and then playing Taurus. Bricklin Decl., Audio Exhibit 45, 46, 47. When Mathes's two recordings of him playing Stairway and Taurus are played over each other, they are objectively almost indistinguishable. Bricklin Decl., Audio Exhibit 45, 46, 47.

The simple fact of the matter is that there is a dispute of material fact for the jury on substantial similarity. Stewart Decl., ¶9-10, 24. Note that defendant Page is claiming that despite these unmistakable similarities he actually based Stairway to Heaven on Chim Chim Cher-ee from Mary Poppins. A comparison of the Taurus,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Thus, of the first 2:14 of Stairway to Heaven six out of the eight parts is the guitar

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 18 of 27 Page ID #:2990

Stairway to Heaven, and Chim Chim Cher-ee is sufficient to dispel this ludicrous assertion.

In addition to the iconic guitar in Stairway to Heaven, the substantial similarity comparison must also take into account that Robert Plant's vocal melody lifts from the harpsichord melody in Taurus. Robert Plant's vocal melody is very similar to the harpsichord melody in Taurus. Stewart Decl., ¶20-23. Notably, Plant's copying of the harpsichord melody was done in the first half of Stairway to Heaven, the same part where Page copied Taurus's guitar.

#### B. The Inverse Ratio Rule Applies In this Case.

Although it should not be necessary to resort to the Inverse Ratio Rule, if it were in question the rule would apply to this case. The stronger the proof of access the lower the burden on Plaintiff to prove substantial similarity. *Benay*, 607 F.3d at 624.

#### C. <u>The Composition in Question is Unique and Protectable.</u>

Defendants argue that the chord progression in *Taurus* is common, just a "minor line cliché," and not protected. To support this argument the only case cited is <u>Smith v. Jackson</u>, 84 F.3d 1213, 1216 n3 (9th Cir. 1996) which provides that common or trite musical elements are not protected. The music in question is not common or trite. Stewart Decl., ¶9-10. Defendants ignore Ninth Circuit precedent:

an arrangement of a limited number of notes can garner copyright protection. *See Elsmere Music, Inc. v. Nat'/ Broad. Co.*, 482 F.Supp. 741, 744 (S.D.N.Y.1980) (finding that four notes were substantial enough to be protected by copyright); *Santrayll v. Burrell*, 1996 WL 134803, at \*2 (S.D.N.Y. Mar.25, 1996) (finding that the repetition of the word "uhoh" four times in a distinctive rhythm for one measure is sufficiently original to render it protectable under the copyright laws). This Court has stated that "[e] ven if a copied portion be relatively small in proportion to the entire work, if qualitatively important, the finder of fact may properly find substantial similarity."

composition taken from Taurus.

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 19 of 27 Page ID #:2991

*Baxter v.MCA, Inc.*, 812 F.2d 421, 425(9th Cir. 1987); *Swirsky*, 376 F.3d at 851-52. Indeed, even combinations of unprotectable elements are protectable. <u>Id.</u> at 849.

First, Plaintiff's' experts are clear that the musical composition of Taurus, and also of Stairway to Heaven are not some "minor line cliché." Stewart Decl., ¶50. Indeed, Defendants anemic argument that Taurus is not protectable does not survive an examination of Defendants' own depositions. Defendant Page admitted that the iconic introduction to Stairway, which defense counsel are now calling a minor line cliché, was just an important part of the song as any of the others. SGS 86. His lawyers now attempt to create legal argument to the contrary.

Second, Page invokes the "Mary Poppins Defense," by claiming that he came up with *Stairway to Heaven* from listening to Chim Chim Cher-ee in Mary Poppins, as if this is proof how common the musical elements in question are. SGI 116. This is flatly absurd as simply listening to the Stairway, Taurus, and Chim Chim Cher-ee suffices to demonstrate. First, *Chim Chim Cher-ee* sounds nothing like *Stairway to Heaven*, while *Taurus* sounds almost identical to it. Page's invocation of a song from Mary Poppins sounds like the defense team had a musicologist comb through every possible piece of music on the planet for a similar chord progression. <u>Id.</u> That all they found was Chim Chim Cher-ee is damning. Second, for a piece to be considered so common as to be unprotectable it has to be (1) used same field of music as the subject of the songs in the lawsuit: rock and roll, and (2) used many times. <u>Swirsky</u>, 376 F.3d at 850. Not even Defendants are claiming *Chim Chim Cher-ee* is a rock song, and the other examples they present are not in the rock genre or were created well after Taurus in 1966. Stewart Decl. at ¶41-45. The examples proffered by Defendants post 1967 are not remotely similar to *Taurus* and *Stairway*.

Defendants further admitted that the first 2:14 of *Stairway to Heaven* only included the instruments of guitar (written by Page) and recorder (written by Jones). The two people credited with writing the song are Page and Plant. When Jones was asked why he did not receive credit for the recorder, he stated that it was not

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 20 of 27 Page ID #:2992

significant. Thus, the only instrumental part of the first 2:14 that received any credit was the guitar allegedly composed by Page. It is this guitar chord progression that Page copied almost note for note from Taurus. SGI The fact that Page is claiming writing credit for this part of the song, and admits that this part of Stairway is important, is enough to dispel the notion this arrangement of notes is not entitled to copyright protection. Defendants want to eat their cake and have it too, arguing that their song is protectable and iconic but that Plaintiff's song is merely a common chord progression. They cannot have it both ways. Note that the opening notes to Stairway to Heaven are probably the most iconic notes in rock and roll history, but Led Zeppelin is now trying to argue that they are inconsequential. Even deceased Zeppelin drummer, John Bonham, was quite clear though that the opening notes had incredible significance to Led Zeppelin's fans and audience, something Robert Plant agreed with at his deposition. SGI 107-122.

The fact of the matter is that Led Zeppelin has for years, whenever confronted with their mass copying of music, justified their illicit practices by claiming that they believed that the music they took was common or that musicians always borrow from each other. PAF 46. This is the same argument that they have been using for years to justify their serial, mass theft of music which they used to write a large chunk of their catalogue. It should be disregarded. Led Zeppelin routinely used other people's songs to create their material, often altering it very little and claiming it was their own, and in the process accrued massive fame and fortune. Now they must suffer the consequences for this behavior.

# VI. TAURUS IS NOT A WORK FOR HIRE AS IT WAS CREATED BEFORE ANY PUBLISHING OR RECORDING CONTRACT WAS SIGNED.

For artistic expression to be a work for hire, that provision must be in a signed contract that was reduced to writing before the creation of the work began. *Gladwell Govt. Services Inc. v. County of Marin*, 265 Fed. Appx. 624 2008 WL 268268 (9th Cir. 2008); *see also Playboy Enters., Inc. v. Dumas*, 53 F.3d 549, 558-59 (2d Cir

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 21 of 27 Page ID #:2993

.1995); *Schiller & Schmidt, Inc. v. Nordisco Corp.*, 969 F.2d 410, 412-13 (7th Cir. 1992) ("The writing must precede the creation of the property" to qualify as a workfor-hire agreement.)

Defendants claim that Taurus is a work for hire because of a publishing contract Randy signed on August 28, 1967, with Hollenbeck Music that purports to label his music as work for hire. This argument is erroneous. Work for Hire contracts only apply to works created after the contract is reduced to writing and signed. *Gladwell Govt. Services Inc*, 265 Fed. Appx. 624 2008 WL 268268; *see also Dumas*, 53 F.3d at 558-59; *Schiller & Schmidt*, 969 F.2d at 412-13. Defendants ignore that there is undisputed evidence in the record that *Taurus* was created and performed starting in 1966. Spirit's original bassist, Mark Andes, stated under oath in his deposition that Randy had created and written Taurus well before August 28, 1967. His two sisters testified that Randy wrote the song in 1966 shortly after the family returned from living in New York about his then-girlfriend, Robin. PAF 1-14.

Further, Plaintiff has produced several recordings from 1967 of Spirit playing *Taurus* in concert in the months before August 28, 1967. Randy's sisters testified that Spirit had a regular gig at the Ash Grove in Hollywood and that *Taurus* was routinely played live at this venue, of which authenticated recordings of those concerts prove. There is an overwhelming amount of undisputed evidence from Janet Wolfe, Andrea Wolfe Baum, Mark Andes, and Jay Ferguson, and Barry Hanson that *Taurus* was created and written before the August 28, 1967 contract was written and signed. When the copyright was registered by Hollenbeck Music it stated that Randy California was the author. Randy California renewed the copyright in 1996 as the author of the work in question. PAF 1-14.

Defendants also claim that Plaintiff failed to answer a request for admissions in a timely manner and that therefore Plaintiff has admitted the work is a work for hire. Plaintiff's counsel understood that he had been granted an extension because the trustee of the plaintiff was in a serious accident and thus unavailable to verify the

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 22 of 27 Page ID #:2994

answers at the time. The admissions were fully answered, and denied, by Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel repeatedly worked with Defendants to supplement discovery answers as needed to avoid motion practice. At the time, Defendants never informed Plaintiff that objections had been waived or matters had been deemed admitted. It was not until very recently, when it was too late to file a motion, that Defendants suddenly sprung the argument on Plaintiff. Malofiy Decl., ¶24-27. The argument that *Taurus* was a work-for-hire is directly contradicted by uncontroverted, voluminous evidence in the record. Defendants have made no attempt to show that they were prejudiced whatsoever by the discovery submission they claim was untimely. See Conlon v. U.S., 474 F.3d 616, 621-23 (9th Cir. 2007)

#### VII. RANDY DID NOT ABANDON OR WAIVE HIS CLAIMS.

Defendants have not presented any evidence that Randy California clearly manifested his intent to waive or abandonment his copyrights in *Taurus*. To find abandonment, "the copyright owner must have clearly manifested that intention through some affirmative act." *Hadady Corp. V. Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc.*, 739 F. Supp. 1392, 1398-99 (C.D. Cal. 1990). "What does or does not constitute abandonment appears to be a highly fact-specific inquiry." *Marya v. Warner/Chappell Music, Inc.*, 2015 WL 5568497, at \*11 (C.D. Cal. Sept. 22, 2015) (describing waiver/abandonment ruling of numerous cases from the "early to mid-Twentieth Century" to "recent cases."); *see also Melchizedek v. Holt*, 792 F. Supp. 2d 1042, 1053 (D. Ariz. 2011) ("There is a disputed issue of material fact" as to whether "Plaintiff's copyright-related statements" constitutes an overt act indicating intent to abandon."); *Oracle Am., Inc. v. Goggle Inc.*, 2012 WL 1965778, at \*2 (N.D. Cal. May 31, 2012) ("several congratulatory communications do not, ... constitute a clear indication that Oracle ... intended to relinquish its rights").

The sole piece of evidence Defendants try to use to support their waiver/abandonment argument is an unapproved quote by Randy taken entirely out of context. Instead of providing this Court with the audio tape of the interview,

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 23 of 27 Page ID #:2995

Defendants cite to an excerpt of it which was published without his approval. However, the audio tape of the interview makes it clear that Randy felt he was ripped off by Led Zeppelin, that his song was not taken with his permission and that he was upset, but saving face and trying to joke about a bad situation. SGI 91.

Even in isolation, the quote Defendants' rely on does not indicate California "clearly and unambiguously manifested his intent to abandon any copyright protection." See Oravec v. Sunny Isles Luxury Ventures L.C., 469 F. Supp. 2d 1148, 1178 (S.D. Fla. 2006) affd, 527 F.3d 1218 (11th Cir. 2008) (waiver where architect signed a letter stating he "reserve[d] no patent, trademark, copyright" in the work); Hadady Corp. (waiver where plaintiff distributed newsletter which unequivocally stated that copyright would last for two days only). To the contrary, Randy's quote is akin to statements held insufficient to demonstrate waiver or abandonment. See e.g. Melchizedek, 792 F. Supp. 2d at 1053 ("excerpt from Plaintiff's remarks 'just take it" insufficient to establish waiver/abandonment of copyright as a matter of law); Marya, 2015 WL 5568497, at \*11 (passage from TIME magazine "Lyricist Patty Hill, ... had no complaint to make on the use of the words because she long ago resigned herself to the fact that her ditty had become common property to the notion did not establish as a matter of law that she had "abandoned her copyright interest in the lyrics.)

At a minimum, the testimony of several witnesses raises a triable issue of whether Randy had abandoned/waived his copyrights in Taurus. Spirit historian, Bruce Pates, Linda Mensch, an intellectual property attorney in Chicago who met with Randy in the early 1990s, Randy's lifelong best friend, Paul Franklin, former members of spirit, Dave Waterbury, Tracy Long and the Lee brothers all attest that Randy was extremely upset about the theft of his song in the 1970s, in the 1980s and the 1990s, and that he repeatedly thought about pursuing a suit before his untimely death. Randy's statements and behavior throughout the years certainly do not support Defendants' ludicrous contention that he clearly and unambiguously waived

### 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 24 of 27 Page ID

or abandoned his copyrights in *Taurus*. SGI 91.

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#### VIII. THIS CASE IS NOT BARRED BY LACHES.

In Petrella v. Metro Goldwyn Mayer, Inc, 134 S. Ct. 1062 (2014). The Supreme Court held that a copyright infringement claim can never be barred by the passage of time, or by laches. Of course, for the calculation of damages the court can only consider the period starting three years before the suit was brought. The Copyright Act expressly grants "legal or beneficial owners" equal right to sue within three years of any infringing act. Silvers v. Sony Pictures Entm't, Inc., 402 F.3d 881, 884 (9th Cir. 2005); 17 U.S.C. §§ 501 (b); 507. As to equitable relief, laches will only warrant a threshold dismissal in "extraordinary circumstances" where the relief requested amounts to "total destruction" of the work. Id. at 1267, 1974.

Laches does not bar copyright infringement claims just because they are filed by a beneficial owner as opposed to a legal owner. The Copyright Act confers standing both to a beneficial or legal owner and the fact that one versus the other brings suit, is not determinative of whether laches apply. The focus should be on the relief sought and not on the identity of the party bringing the claim. Id.; see also Mot. 10 ("legal relief" versus "equitable relief.") The case cited by Defendants do not state otherwise. See Warren v. Fox Family Worldwide, Inc., 328 F.3d 1136, 1144 (9th Cir. 2003) (standing to sue based on express language of the copyright act section 501(b) and rejecting Cortner v. Israel's language in which Defendants rely because it did not address beneficial owners in the context of work for hire).

Moreover, even assuming a claim for a beneficial owner can be considered an "equitable relief," Petrella unequivocally held: "As to equitable relief, in extraordinary circumstances, laches may bar at the very threshold the particular relief requested by plaintiff." Id. at 1262. "Extraordinary circumstances" are the ones in which the equitable relief requested would result in "total destruction" of the work. Id. at 1978 (discussing Chirco v. Crosswinds Communities, Inc., 474 F.3d 227 (6th Cir. 2007) (denying request for order to demolish housing project based on

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 25 of 27 Page ID #:2997

copyrighted architectural design because plaintiff waited years to file suit and failed to take steps to halt the construction until the project was occupied); *New Era Publications Int'l, ApS v. Henry Holt & Co.*, 873 F.2d 576, 584 (2d Cir. 1989) (allowing plaintiff to recover "its damages remedy" but denying injunctive relief ordering "total destruction" of the books because plaintiff waited until books were printed and distributed before suing). Clearly, asking Defendants to disgorge profits from the infringing work and credit Randy California for his original composition does not result in the "total destruction" of *Stairway to Heaven*. Thus, laches cannot operate as a complete bar to Plaintiff's claim.

#### IX. DEFENDANTS' DEPOSIT COPY ARGUMENT MISSES THE MARK.

Defendants' attempt to claim that only the deposit copy of Taurus should be used in the relevant comparisons. This is simply not accurate and Defendants do not support their argument with any applicable case law. The deposit copy of Taurus does not reflect the entirety of the musical composition in a work, which is instead reflected by the composition of Taurus embodied in the 49-year old sound recording. Stewart Decl., ¶29-33.

The deposit requirement under 17 U.S.C. § 408(b) "is to identify the copyrighted work for the purposes of registration." Paul Goldstein, Goldstein on Copyright § 3.8 (2013) . "Although the 1909 Copyright Act requires the owner to deposit a 'complete copy' of the work with the copyright office, [the Ninth Circuit's] definition of a 'complete copy' is broad and deferential: 'Absent intent to defraud and prejudice, inaccuracies in copyright registrations do not bar actions for infringement.' "Three Boys Music Corp., 212 F.3d at 486 (citing Harris v. Emus Records Corp., 734 F.2d 1329, 1335 (9th Cir. 1984)); see also Scentsy, Inc. v. B.R. Chase, 942 F. Supp. 2d 1045, 1050 (D. Idaho 2013) (finding that identification materials are not required to disclose every element in which they claim a copyright); KnowledgePlex, Inc. v. Placebase, Inc., C 08-4267 JF (RS), 2008 WL 5245484, at \*10 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 17, 2008) (finding the Ninth Circuit has rejected the argument

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 26 of 27 Page ID #:2998

that claims are limited to the scope of the deposit copy). Indeed, under the 1909 Act, a claimant could not submit a recording of the composition in lieu of a lead sheet. See Copyright Act of 1909, § 12, 35 Stat. 1075 (1909) (repealed 1978).

Moreover, Defendants only cite <u>Newton v. Diamond</u> to support their argument, a largely inapposite case focused on different issue. In <u>Newton</u>, which applied the 1976 Copyright Act, the sound recording had been licensed but the underlying composition had not. <u>Newton v. Diamond</u>, 204 F. Supp. 2d 1244, 1249 (C.D. Cal. 2002), <u>aff'd</u> 388 F.3d 1189. The Court found that the use of the composition was de minimis. <u>Newton</u> simply did not address when the composition contained in a sound recording can be used as proof of the protected compositional elements of a work.

The Ninth Circuit has held that the composition elements reflected in a sound recording, even if not on the deposit lead sheet, are to be considered by a jury. Three Boys Music Corp., 212 F.3d at 486-87. If the differences do not result in prejudice and are not the result of fraudulent intent, then the consideration of the composition in the sound recording is appropriate. Id. Here, there is no prejudice and no fraud—nor do Defendants attempt to argue there is any. Defendants' own expert, Mathes, demonstrated the relevance and necessity of examining the composition of the sound recording of "Taurus" as his expert report explicitly compares the composition in the sound recording of "Taurus" to the sound recording of Stairway to Heaven. Stewart Decl. ¶32-33. When the opposing party's *own expert* admits the relevance of the composition in the sound recording it is an unambiguous sign that Defendants are well aware of the material being compared and that they have suffered no prejudice.

To be clear, Plaintiff is not and has never argued that the specific performance related aspect of Taurus's sound recordings are protected. He has always argued that the underlying composition was taken and used in Stairway. Plaintiff's experts were explicit that they had disregarded specific performance related elements for the substantial similarity comparison. Stewart Decl., at ¶51.

The fact that Defendants seek to obscure is that lead sheets are often not

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 126 Filed 03/08/16 Page 27 of 27 Page ID #:2999

detailed and do not represent the entirety of the protected composition. Stewart Decl., at ¶33; *KnowledgePlex, Inc. v. Placebase, Inc.*, C 08-4267 JF (RS), 2008 WL 5245484, at \*9 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 17, 2008). An excellent example of this is the lead sheet deposit copy submitted for *Stairway to Heaven* is significantly incomplete when compared to the actual composition of the song. Stewart Decl., at ¶33. The fact of the matter is that all parties are explicitly aware of the compositional comparison being conducted in this lawsuit and Defendants cannot demonstrate any prejudice whatsoever that the deposit copy of Taurus, like Stairway to Heaven, does not explicitly identify every protected compositional element.

#### X. The Partial Motion for Summary Judgment Should be Denied

Defendants claim there are no striking similarities. Plaintiff's experts vehemently disagree. Defendants also argue that no extraterritorial profits can be examined. Under the predicate act doctrine, initial acts of copying allow recovery of international profits. Plaintiff has shown evidence that Page asked California how to play Taurus at a show in the United States (the only country where they played together), and that Led Zeppelin mixed Stairway at Sunset Studios in Los Angeles.

#### XI. CONCLUSION.

For the reasons stated above, there are triable issues of fact which preclude granting summary judgment or, in the alternative, partial summary judgment.

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	* * * * * *
Dated: March 7, 2016	Respectfully submitted, Francis Alexander, LLC
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11 12	LIMITED STATES I	NETDICT COUDT
	UNITED STATES I	
13	FOR THE CENTRAL DIS	IRICI OF CALIFORNIA
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li></ul>	MICHAEL SKIDMORE, as Trustee for the RANDY CRAIG WOLFE TRUST,	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)
16	,	Hon. R. Gary Klausner
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Plaintiff,  v.  LED ZEPPELIN; JAMES PATRICK PAGE; ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT; JOHN PAUL JONES; SUPER HYPE PUBLISHING, INC.; WARNER MUSIC GROUP CORP., Parent of WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC.; ATLANTIC RECORDING CORPORATION; RHINO ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY,	STATEMENT OF GENUINE ISSUES OF PLAINTIFF MICHAE SKIDMORE AS TRUSTEE FOR THE RANDY CRAIG WOLFE TRUST IN OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT  Date: March 28, 2016 Time: 9:00 a.m. Room:
<ul><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	Defendants.	
26	Defendants.  Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)  STATE	

### 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 2 of 65 Page ID

Plaintiff Michael Skidmore as Trustee of the Randy Craig Wolfe Trust ("Plaintiff") respectfully submits the Statement of Genuine Issues in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to the Motion for Summary Judgment.

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5	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
6	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
7	1. On August 29, 1967, Randy Wolfe	1. Undisputed.
8	("Wolfe"), professionally known as	
9	Randy California, and the other	
10	members of the band Spirit entered into	
11	a recording contract with Ode Records,	
12	Inc., and Wolfe entered into an	
13	Exclusive Songwriter Agreement with	
14	Hollenbeck Music ("Hollenbeck").	
15	Evidence: First Am. Complaint	
16	("FAC"; Doc. 31) at 6, ¶¶ 22, 24;	
17	Anderson Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-6; Ferguson	
18	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 22:22-	
19	23, 28:5-10, 28:15-25, 45:24 to 46:4,	
20	238:1-11, 243:17-20, & Anderson Decl.	
21	Exh. 10 (deposition exhibit 347) <sup>1</sup> & Exh.	
22	11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
23	9) at 16:22-24, 45:10-11; 46:8-12, 47:2-	
24	6, 48:14 to 49:5.	
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Unless otherwise specified, all references to "Exh." are to Exhibits to the Declaration of Peter J. Anderson.

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 3 of 65 Page ID #:2335

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	Uncontroverted Facts	riamum's Response and Evidence
3	2. Under the August 29, 1967	2. Undisputed
4	Exclusive Songwriter Agreement,	
5	Hollenbeck "employ[ed Wolfe] to render	
6	his services as a songwriter and	
7	composer"	
8	Evidence: Exh. 11 at 1, ¶ 1.	
9	3. Wolfe agreed in the August 29,	3. Disputed insofar as this fact purports
10	1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agreement	to apply to works created before this
11	that he "is deemed to be a 'writer for	agreement.
12	hire' hereunder with full rights of	
13	copyright renewal vested in	The Agreement expressly states the
14	[Hollenbeck]."	"term shall commence with the date
15	<b>Evidence</b> : Exh. 11 at 10, ¶ 11.	hereof" August 29, 1967. It does not
16		and cannot apply retroactively.
17		
18		Evidence: Exh. 11 at 1, ¶2 [Term]
19		
20	4. California law applies to the	4. Disputed as a legal conclusion.
21	August 29, 1967 Exclusive Songwriter	
22	Agreement.	
23	<b>Evidence</b> : Exh. 11 at 15, ¶ 16.	
24	5. Plaintiff has produced no evidence	5. Undisputed.
25	that Wolfe disaffirmed the August 29,	
26	1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agreement	
27	when he attained majority or at any time	
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
		RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 4 of 65 Page ID #:2336

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	
3	thereafter.	
4	<b>Evidence</b> : Anderson Decl. at 1-2, ¶ 7.	
5	6. On November 30, 1967, the	6. Undisputed.
6	Superior Court of the State of California	
7	entered its Order approving	
8	Hollenbeck's contract with Wolfe for his	
9	services as a songwriter.	
10	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 1, ¶ 8, &	
11	Exh. 12.	
12	7. After being twice warned that his	7. Disputed.
13	prior discovery responses were late,	
14	plaintiff failed to respond to defendants'	Plaintiff's counsel believed he had
15	December 4, 2015 Request for	received an extension to the December
16	Admissions, and he has not sought relief	4, 2015. He had communicated to
17	from his deemed admissions.	Defendants that he was unable to reach
18	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 2-3, ¶¶ 9-	his client, who was involved in a serious
19	14, Exh. 13-15.	accident and was hospitalized during
20		that time.
21		
22		Evidence: Francis Decl., ¶23-27
23		
24	8. Defendants' December 4, 2015	8. Disputed as to the extent that it is
25	Request for Admissions included the	used to determine that <i>Taurus</i> is a "work
26	requests that plaintiff admit that "The	for hire." Even assuming the request for
27	Taurus Composition is a work for hire,"	admissions are deemed admitted, the
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	"The <i>Taurus</i> Composition is a work for	Court is required to look at the totality of
4	hire in which you contend that Randy	the evidence in deciding this legal issue.
5	Craig Wolfe was a beneficial owner"	The undisputed evidence shows <i>Taurus</i>
6	and "The <i>Taurus</i> Composition is a work	was created in 1966 prior to the term of
7	for hire in which you claim beneficial	the work-for-hire Agreement.
8	ownership of the copyright as the	
9	successor to Randy Craig Wolfe."	Evidence:
10	<b>Evidence</b> : Exh. 15 at 2:4-15.	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo.,
11		p.150-156;
12		Declaration of Barry Hansen, ¶1-2 &
13		Emails; Declaration of Andrea Wolfe,
14		¶¶4-5; Declaration of Janet Wolfe; ¶¶4-
15		5.
16	9. After the August 29, 1967	9. Disputed. Taurus was created in
17	recording contract and Exclusive	1966 by Randy Craig Wolfe, recorded,
18	Songwriter Agreement, the members of	and performed in concert many, many
19	Spirit recorded in a recording studio	times before August 29, 1967.
20	their performances of various songs and	
21	a short instrumental called <i>Taurus</i> .	Evidence:
22	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo.,
23	Exh. 8) at 197:15 to 198:1; Andes Depo.	p.150-156; Declaration of Barry Hansen,
24	(Anderson Decl. 9) at 150:18 to 151:3,	¶1-2 & Emails; Skidmore Decl., Exhibit
25	156:7-16.	2; Declaration of Andrea Wolfe, ¶¶4-5;
26		Declaration of Janet Wolfe; ¶¶4-5.
27	10. Ode Records' recording of <i>Taurus</i>	10. Disputed. Adler added an orchestral
28		3
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
		UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

1	Defendants? Alleged	Digintiff's Degrange and Evidence
2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
3	was produced by Lou Adler and was the	introduction that was not played live and
4	completed <i>Taurus</i> , with instruments and	is insignificant to the song.
5	music that Spirit never performed live.	Evidence:
6	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo.,
7	Decl. Exh. 8) at 198:12 to 199:2, 199:3-	p.150-156, Exhibit 9 - Deposition of Jay
8	18; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. 9) at	Ferguson, at p.19-20.
9	158:2 to 160:14; Freeman Decl. at 1-2,	
10	¶¶ 3-6, & Exh. 6 at 1-4.	
11		
12	11. On or about December 22, 1967,	11. Disputed. The cited evidence only
13	Hollenbeck, as owner, registered a	shows that Hollenbeck is listed as
14	copyright in the <i>Taurus</i> musical	copyright claimant, and that Randy
15	composition.	California is listed as the author. To the
16	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 15, &	extent that this averment contends that
17	Exh. 16.	Hollenbeck is the sole owner of the
18		Copyright in <i>Taurus</i> , that is also
19		disputed.
20		Evidence:
21		Anderson Decl., Exhibit 16
22	12. Plaintiff has not produced in this	12. Disputed. The deposit copy has
23	action the deposit copy that	been produced in discovery.
24	accompanied Hollenbeck's 1967	Evidence:
25	registration of a copyright in the Taurus	Anderson Decl., Exhibit 17
26	musical composition.	
27	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 16.	
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	DESPONSE TO CTATEMENT OF ALLEGED
	` '	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 7 of 65 Page ID #:2339

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	13. While defendants obtained a copy	13. Undisputed. However, this fact is
4	of a <i>Taurus</i> transcription from the	irrelevant.
5	Library of Congress, it does not bear the	Evidence:
6	Library of Congress' stamp, as does the	
7	Stairway deposit copy.	
3	<b>Evidence</b> : Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 17, &	
9	Exh. 16-17.	
О	14. Ode Records, Inc., released its first	14. Disputed. It was late 1967 or early
ı	Spirit album, titled <i>Spirit</i> , in 1967.	1968.
2	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Evidence:
3	Decl. Exh. 8) at 46:10-19; Andes Depo.	Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶7
4	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 57:16-25.	
5	15. Ode Records' first Spirit album	15. Undisputed.
6	had eleven different recordings,	
7	including the recording of an	
3	instrumental composition titled <i>Taurus</i> .	
)	<b>Evidence</b> : Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 18, &	
)	Exh. 18; Ferrara Audio Exhibit 1 at	
1	Track 1.	
2	16. Ode Records' recording of <i>Taurus</i>	16. Disputed. The descending chord
3	includes a descending chromatic line and	line and arpeggios in Taurus are <b>not</b>
4	arpeggios, which are commonplace.	commonplace.
5	Evidence: Ferrara Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4, &	Evidence:
5	Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 4-5, ¶ 7, Exh.	Stewart Decl., ¶9-10, 50.
7	2 (Stewart Report) at 4, ¶ 8.	
8		<u> </u>
	6	Dranovan no Court on the court of the court
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

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<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
17. A "single" is a song chosen from	17. Undisputed that singles are often
an album, to be played on the radio for	played on the radio.
promotion.	
<b>Evidence</b> : Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
Decl. Exh. 8) at 46:20 to 47:4, 47:10-14	<b>;</b>
Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) a	ut
58:9 to 59:10.	
18. A recording of <i>Taurus</i> was not	18. Undisputed.
released as a "single."	
<b>Evidence</b> : Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
Decl. Exh. 8) at 48:2-8; Andes Depo.	
(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 59:11-15,	
60:3-4.	
19. There is no evidence that <i>Taurus</i>	19. Disputed.
was played on the radio prior to the 197	1 Evidence:
release of the album Led Zeppelin IV,	Declaration of Mike Lee, ¶¶ 3-4;
with Stairway to Heaven ("Stairway").	Declaration of Robert Lee, ¶3.
<b>Evidence</b> : Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 19.	
	Į
7	December of General Control of Co
Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

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<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
20. There is no evidence as to the	20. Disputed. "Spirit" the album and
extent of sales or other distribution of	"Taurus" were sold all over the United
the first Spirit album prior to the 1971	States, England, and the world before
release of the album Led Zeppelin IV,	1971.
with Stairway.	Evidence:
Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 20	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 2 – Page
	Interrogatory Response, ¶11, Exhibit 8
	Andes Depo., at p.56-57; Ferguson
	Decl., ¶6; Declaration of Mike Lee, ¶¶
	3-4; Declaration of Andrea Wolfe, ¶6;
	Declaration of Janet Wolfe, ¶7.
	Defendants' own statements of fact #13
	admit that Spirit and "Taurus" was
	released for sale to the public.
21. Ode Records, Inc., released its	21. Undisputed.
second Spirit album, titled The Family	
that Plays Together, in 1968.	
Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
Decl. Exh. 8) at 49:18-21; Andes Depo.	
(Anderson Exh. 9) at 60:23 to 61:4.	
22. The Family that Plays Together	22. It is not disputed that the album
was Spirit's first break out album, with	was successful, but the implication that
Spirit's hit single, I Got a Line on You.	Sprit's first album was not successful is
Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	disputed.
Decl. Exh. 8) at 51:10-16; Andes Depo.	Evidence:
Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

#### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 10 of 65 Page ID #:2342

1	<b>Defendants' Alleged</b>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	
3	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 61:18-22,	Declaration of Mike Lee, ¶¶ 3-4;
4	62:5-23.	Declaration of Andrea Wolfe, ¶6;
5		Declaration of Janet Wolfe, ¶7.
6	23. When Spirit performed live, it	23. Disputed. Taurus was Randy
7	supported its new or upcoming albums	California's favorite song and was
8	by performing songs from those albums,	played at nearly all of Spirit's early
9	together with Spirit tent pole songs that	shows in the late 1960s, including shows
10	did not include Taurus.	that Led Zeppelin attended. Spirit
11	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	member Jay Ferguson stated that the
12	Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25,	song was a feature and played very
13	52:1-7, 53:22 to 54:21; Andes Depo.	often.
14	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 67:10-22,	Evidence:
15	68:7 to 69:9, 69:21 to 70:6, 102:19 to	Declaration of Janet Wolfe, ¶¶4-5, 7;
16	103:4, 103:18-24, & Anderson Decl.	Declaration of Andrea Wolfe, ¶¶4-6;
17	Exh. 20 (deposition exhibit 352).	Declaration of Mike Lee, ¶3-5
18		Malofiy Decl., Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 9
19		– Ferguson Depo., at p.21:4-12, 38:2-21.
20	24. Of the 175 live Spirit performances	24. Disputed. Misstates the evidence.
21	from December 1968 to December 1971	Taurus was played often and was a
22	that plaintiff claims occurred, Taurus	"feature" song on the live Spirit
23	was reportedly performed only at the	performances from December 1968 to
24	Santa Monica, California, Civic	December 1971.
25	Auditorium on May 29, 1970, and the	Evidence:
26	Anaheim Convention Center in	Declaration of Janet Wolfe, ¶¶4-5, 7;
27	Anaheim, California at an unknown	Declaration of Andrea Wolfe, ¶¶4-6
28		·

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Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 11 of 65 Page ID #:2343

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	
3	date.	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
4	<i>Evidence:</i> Anderson Decl. at $4$ , ¶ 22;	Depo., at p.21:4-12, 38:2-21.
5	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8)	
6	at 40:22 to 41:20, 71:19-22, 94:4-16,	
7	95:12-14, 96:5-6, 96:22 to 97:2, 97:5 to	
8	98:1, 98:9-13, 98:20 to 99:7, 100:11-22,	
9	100:25 to 101:9, 177:19 to 178:17, &	
0	Anderson Decl. Exh. 21 (deposition	
1	exhibits, without audio CDs, 306 to	
2	312); Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.	
3	Exh. 9) at 78:8-21, 80:19-23, 82:24 to	
4	83:2, 84:21-25, 85:1-14, 101:14, 101:25	
5	to 102:4, 102:5-10, 102:19 to 103:4, &	
6	Anderson Decl. Exh. 20 (deposition	
7	exhibit 352).	
8	25. There is no evidence that Led	25. Undisputed. Plaintiff notes that
9	Zeppelin's members were present at the	this was not the only show that Taurus
0	Santa Monica Civic Auditorium or the	was played at.
1	Anaheim Convention Center when Spirit	Evidence:
2	performed.	Declaration of Janet Wolfe, ¶¶4-5, 7;
3	<i>Evidence:</i> Anderson Decl. at $4, \P 24$ .	Declaration of Andrea Wolfe, ¶¶4-6;
4		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
5		Depo., at p.21:4-12, 38:2-21.
6	26. Spirit and Led Zeppelin never	26. Disputed.
7	toured together.	Evidence:
8		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 12 of 65 Page ID #:2344

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	•
3	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Malofiy Decl., Exh. 1 [Page Depo], at
4	Decl. Exh. 8) at 77:9-17.	p.419:2-14, 469:2-4, Exh. 7 [Jones
5		Depo], p. 301:15-16; Longo. Decl., ¶19-
6		21.
7	27. Spirit and Led Zeppelin never	27. Disputed. Jimmy Page asked
8	performed together and were never on	Randy California how to perform
9	the same stage at the same time.	Taurus. Furthermore, Led Zeppelin
10	Evidence: Page Decl. at 2, ¶ 10; Plant	followed Spirit at the Atlanta Pop
11	Decl. at 1, ¶ 7; Jones Decl. at 1, ¶ 10;	Festival and would have been close to
12	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8)	the stage.
13	at 330:8-12.	Evidence:
14		Longo Decl., ¶19-21; Malofiy Decl.,
15		Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo. at p.127:16-18,
16		Exhibit 9 - Deposition of Jay Ferguson,
17		at p.35:16-23.
18	28. The surviving members of Spirit	28. Disputed. Spirit's bassist starting
19	have no recollection of ever speaking	in 1972, Larry "Fuzzy" Knight, spoke
20	with, or seeing any other member of	with Jimmy Page at an after party
21	Spirit speak with, Jimmy Page, John	following a Spirit concert at the
22	Paul Jones or John Bonham.	Rainbow in London on April 14, 1973.
23	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Knight also saw Jimmy Page and Randy
24	Decl. Exh. 8) at 87:2-18, 89:2-4, 89:8-9;	California speaking that night. In
25	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at	addition, Defendants omit Robert Plant
26	104:2-3, 104:13 to 105:2.	because there is voluminous evidence he
27		had extensive interactions with Spirit's
28		

11

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

#### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 13 of 65 Page ID #:2345

Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, 31.  On December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	
Knigexh  29. At concerts, each band on the bill used its own guitars, amplifiers, keyboards, drums and other equipment, which took at least 15-20 minutes for road crews to set up or dismantle and remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Dec  30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, Mal 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15. Dep  31. On December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance),	nbers.
Exh. 29. At concerts, each band on the bill 29. used its own guitars, amplifiers, no skeyboards, drums and other equipment, which took at least 15-20 minutes for road crews to set up or dismantle and remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14;  Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) Mal at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Depo. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes 30. between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, Mal 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15. Deposition of the stage o	lence:
29. At concerts, each band on the bill used its own guitars, amplifiers, heyboards, drums and other equipment, which took at least 15-20 minutes for road crews to set up or dismantle and remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14;  Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) Mal at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Dep 31. On December 26, 1968, Led 31.  Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	ght Decl, at ¶7-13; Malofiy Decl.,
used its own guitars, amplifiers, keyboards, drums and other equipment, which took at least 15-20 minutes for road crews to set up or dismantle and remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Decl. Exh. 9) at 329:22 to 330:12,  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  Mall 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Deposition of the series of the	bit 13 – Robert Plant Crash Article
keyboards, drums and other equipment, which took at least 15-20 minutes for road crews to set up or dismantle and remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14;  Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) Mal at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Decl. Exh. 9) at members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Deposition of the state of the sta	Disputed. Andes Deposition says
which took at least 15-20 minutes for road crews to set up or dismantle and remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14;  Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) Mal at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Dec between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Dep 31. On December 26, 1968, Led  Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance),	uch thing. He testified that "it woul
road crews to set up or dismantle and remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) Mal at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, Mal 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  31. On December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	be a long period of time." Moreover
remove between performances.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14;  Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8)  at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  Decl. Exh. 9) at members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Deposition of the state o	e December 26, 1968 concert Led
Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Evidence).  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Mal. 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  31. On December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance),	pelin had to borrow equipment from
Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) Mal at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Depocl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes 30. between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Evidence). Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  31. On December 26, 1968, Led 31. Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	it due to breakdowns.
at 344:10 to 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Depole Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Depole Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  31. On December 26, 1968, Led  Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance),	lence:
Decl. Exh. 9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.  30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Dep 31. On December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	ofiy Decl, Exhibit 8 - Andes
30. During equipment changes between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12, 346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15. Dep 31. On December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	osition, at p.90:14-91:1; Longo
between bands, band members were not on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Deposition of the property of	l. at ¶16-18.
on stage.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Evidence). Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Deposition of the properties	Undisputed. However, Ferguson
Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,  346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.  Dep  31. On December 26, 1968, Led  Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance),  open	d that a band "may be waiting to
Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:22 to 330:12,       Mal         346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.       Dep         31. On December 26, 1968, Led       31.         Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance),       open	e on stage."
346:13 to 347:6; Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15. Dep 31. On December 26, 1968, Led 31. Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	lence:
31. On December 26, 1968, Led 31.  Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	ofiy Decl, Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
Zeppelin (in its first U.S. performance), open	o., at p.346:13-18.
	It is undisputed that Led Zeppeli
	ned for Spirit on that date, however
Spirit and Vanilla Fudge – Vanilla ther	e was significant interaction betwee
Fudge being the headlining act that night the	oands due to Zeppelin having broke
– each played, separately, at the Arena equi	pment.

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 14 of 65 Page ID #:2346

1	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2		Evidence:
3	Auditorium in Denver, Colorado.	
4	Evidence: Page Decl. at 2:22-25; Plant	Longo Decl., ¶16-18.
5	Decl. at 1:24-27; Jones Decl. at 1, ¶ 8;	
6	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at	
7	85:15-18.	
8	32. There is no evidence that prior to	32. Undisputed.
9	December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin and	Evidence:
10	Spirit ever performed at the same venue	
11	on the same day.	
12	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 25.	
13	33. When Spirit performed at the	33. Disputed. Taurus was a feature
14	Arena Auditorium in Denver, Colorado	song and was played very often by Spirit
15	on December 26, 1968, it was touring in	while on tour.
16	support of its new album, The Family	Evidence:
17	that Plays Together, playing songs from	Andrea Wolfe Decl., ¶5; Janet Wolfe
18	that new record and tent pole songs that	Decl., at ¶5; Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 9 –
19	did not include <i>Taurus</i> .	Ferguson Depo., at p.21:4-12, 38:2-21.
20	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
21	Decl. Exh. 8) at 53:22 to 44:21; 49:18-	
22	21, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
23	9) at 60:23 to 61:4.	
24	34. The handbill for Spirit's	34. Undisputed.
25	performance on December 26, 1968, is	Evidence:
26	captioned with the title of Ode Records'	
27	second Spirit album, "The Family that	
28		
	Case No. 15-cy-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 15 of 65 Page ID #:2347

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	
3	Plays Together," and does not mention	
4	Taurus.	
5	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	
6	Decl. Exh. 9) at 92:14-17, 93:19 to 94:8,	
7	& Anderson Decl. Exh. 22 (deposition	
8	exhibit 320).	
9	35. When Spirit was not the headlining	35. Disputed. This is a blatant
10	act – as was the case in Denver on	mischaracterization of Ferguson's
11	December 26, 1968 – Spirit would play	testimony. The testimony was that Spirit
12	for as little as half an hour.	played 45 minutes to 1 hour on average,
13	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	and up to an hour and half. Spirit only
14	Decl. Exh. 8) at 43:21 to 44:9.	played for a half hour if they were the
15		opener and time was running short.
16		Spirit was not an opener on December
17		26, 1968—Led Zeppelin was.
18		Evidence:
19		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
20		Depo., at 43:21 to 44:9.
21	36. The only known published review	36. Undisputed, but the news article
22	of the December 26, 1967 concert,	exhibit in question only identifies two
23	identifies songs performed by Spirit and	songs out of many that were played.
24	does not include <i>Taurus</i> .	Evidence:
25	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
26	Decl. Exh. 8) at 101:12 to 102:7, &	
27	Anderson Decl. Exh. 23 (deposition	
28		
	14	

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 16 of 65 Page ID #:2348

1	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	_	
3	exhibit 313)	
4	37. Other than – at his counsel's	37. Disputed. The evidence is that
5	suggestion – Andes' testimony to a	Andes has a recollection of performing
6	"faint recollection" that Spirit performed	Taurus in Denver on December 26,
7	Taurus at the Denver Arena Auditorium,	1968, that Taurus was a feature song of
8	the evidence is that Spirit did not	Spirit, and that Spirit often played
9	perform Taurus there.	Taurus at shows. Defendants' gratuitous
10	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	statement that Andes only had a faint
11	Decl. Exh. 9) at 10:7-11, 94:11 to 95:5,	recollection at counsel's suggestion is
12	95:25 to 95:36, 97:9 to 99:9, 99:12 to	false and contradicted by his deposition
13	100:3; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl.	testimony. Moreover, there is no
14	Exh. 38:24 to 39:1, 81:23 to 83:6.	evidence whatsoever that Taurus was
15		not performed on December 26, 1968.
16		Evidence:
17		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
18		Depo., at p.21:4-12, 38:2-21, Exhibit 8 -
19		Andes Deposition, at p.97-98, Andrea
20		Wolfe Decl., ¶5; Janet Wolfe Decl., at
21		¶5;
22	38. Andes testified that his testimony	38. Disputed. The deposition speaks
23	to a "faint recollection" that Spirit	for itself, especially that a member of
24	performed <i>Taurus</i> at the Denver Arena	Spirit testified that Taurus was a
25	Auditorium, was based on the	commonly played song at that time.
26	assumption it would have been typical to	Evidence:
27	play it.	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 - Andes
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
		UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 17 of 65 Page ID #:2349

1	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.	Deposition, at p.97-98, Exhibit 9 –
3	Exh. 9) at 99:12 to 100:3.	Ferguson Depo., at p.21:4-12, 38:2-21;
4	LAII. 9) at 99.12 to 100.3.	Andrea Wolfe Decl., ¶5; Janet Wolfe
5		· " ·
6	20 Andre admitted horrores that a	Decl., at ¶5;
7	39. Andes admitted, however, that a	39. Disputed. Taurus is a song not a
8	list of songs <i>Taurus</i> performed at a	band. Andes and Ferguson's testimony
9	concert slightly more than a month later,	was that Taurus was a feature song that
10	was the songs they typically performed,	was commonly played by Spirit.
11	and the list does not include <i>Taurus</i> .	Evidence:
12	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 - Andes
13	Decl. Exh. 9) at 102:5-10 to 102:19 to	Deposition, at p.97-98, Exhibit 9 –
14	103:4, 103:18-24, & Anderson Decl.	Ferguson Depo., at p.21:4-12, 38:2-21;
15	Exh. 20 (deposition exhibit 352).	Andrea Wolfe Decl., ¶5; Janet Wolfe
16		Decl., at ¶5;
17	40. Andes testified that Toby Roberts,	40. Undisputed.
18	who had helped the members of Led	Evidence:
19	Zeppelin lease their first airplane,	
20	introduced him to the members at the	
21	Denver Arena Auditorium in December	
22	1968.	
23	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	
24	Decl. Exh. 9) at 105:11 to 106:16.	
25	41. The members of Led Zeppelin did	41. Disputed. Andes has a clear
26	not know Toby Roberts in December	recollection of Toby Roberts introducing
27	1968, Roberts was not involved in Led	the bands backstage in Denver in
28		·
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 18 of 65 Page ID #:2350

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	Zeppelin's first U.S. performances and	December 1968.
4	the members of Led Zeppelin did not	Evidence:
5	lease their first airplane until 1973.	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 - Andes
6	<i>Evidence:</i> Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 16.	Deposition, at p.105:13-108:16.
7	42. Andes does not recall anything that	42. Undisputed
8	was said when Toby Roberts supposedly	Evidence:
9	introduced him.	
10	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	
11	Decl. Exh. 9) at 107:13-17.	
12	43. In any event, Spirit's surviving	43. Undisputed.
13	members have no recollection of Led	Evidence:
14	Zeppelin's members being present when	
15	Spirit performed at the Arena	
16	Auditorium.	
17	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
18	Decl. Exh. 8) at 103:1-4; Andes Depo.	
19	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 108:8-16.	
20	44. The members of Led Zeppelin did	44. Disputed. The members of Led
21	not hear Spirit perform at the Arena	Zeppelin's declarations are not credible.
22	Auditorium.	They exhibited bafflingly selective
23	Evidence: Page Decl. at 2, ¶ 8, & at 3, ¶	memory loss when it came to knowing
24	12; Plant Decl. at 1, ¶ 6, & at 2, ¶ 9;	Spirit's music, its members, live shows,
25	Jones Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 5-6, 8.	and Led Zeppelin's extensive history of
26		using other people's music without
27		credit. Almost everything that Led
28		
28		

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Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

17

RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 19 of 65 Page ID #:2351

<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
	Zeppelin testified about not knowing or
	recalling Spirit or its members is
	contradicted by news articles, sworn
	testimony of Spirit's band members, and
	interviews Page gave in the 1970s.
	Defendant Page claimed he could not
	ever remember seeing Spirit live, but
	was forced to admit this isn't correct.
	Evidence:
	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo,
	p.460:6-467:9, 476-490, Exhibit 3 –
	New Musical Express Interview with
	Page, Exhibit 6 – Jones Depo. at 176-
	269; Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo., at p.297-
	355
45. On July 5, 1969, Led Zeppelin and	45. Undisputed. However, Led
Spirit were among at least ten or more	Zeppelin immediately followed Spirit.
bands and performers that performed on	Evidence:
the second day of the Atlanta Int'l Pop	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo
Festival held on July 4 and 5, 1969.	at p.127:16-18, Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
<b>Evidence:</b> Page Decl. at 2:25-26, 2:27	Depo., at p.35:16-23, 104:3-6.
to 3:2; Plant Decl. at 1:27-28, 2:1-3;	
Jones Decl. at 1-2, ¶ 9.	
46. Led Zeppelin and Spirit performed	46. Undisputed. They did however
separately at the Atlanta Int'l Pop	play immediately after one another.
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Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 20 of 65 Page ID #:2352

1		DI : (1601 D
1 2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
3	Festival.	Evidence:
4	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo,
5	Decl. Exh. 8) at 329:8 to 330:12; Page	at p.127:16-18, Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
	Decl. at 3, ¶ 13; Plant Decl. at 2, ¶ 10;	Depo., at p.35:16-23, 104:3-6.
6 7	Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 10.	25, 10 1.5 o.
8	47. Spirit's surviving members do not	47. Undisputed.
9	recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the Atlanta	Evidence:
	Int'l Pop Festival.	Lituence.
10	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
11	Decl. Exh. 8) at 37:20 to 37:1, Andes	
12	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 129:3-	
13	5.	
14		48. Disputed. Andes clearly recalled
15	48. Spirit's surviving members have	1
16	no recollection of Led Zeppelin's	meeting and conversing with Robert
17	members being present when Spirit	Plant when Led Zeppelin was going on
18	performed at the Atlanta Int'l Pop	stage after Spirit's set.
19	Festival.	Evidence:
20	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo,
21	Decl. Exh. 8) at 106:10-13, 108:6-10;	at p.124:17 to 125:24.
22	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at	
23	126:23 to 127:1, 127:10-25, 128:20-23.	
24	49. The members of Led Zeppelin did	49. Disputed. The members of Led
25	not hear Spirit perform at the Atlanta	Zeppelin have selective memory loss
26	Int'l Pop Festival.	regarding Spirit. Zeppelin immediately
27	Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 13; Plant	followed Spirit that day, and Andes
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 21 of 65 Page ID #:2353

1	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2		
3	Decl. at 2, $\P$ 10; Jones Decl. at 2, $\P$ 10.	remembers interacting with Robert Plant
4		backstage as Zeppelin was going on
5		stage.
6		Evidence:
7		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo,
8		p.460:6-467:9, Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo,
9		at p.109:2-15, 124:17 to 125:24; Exhibit
10		1 – Page Depo, p.460:6-467:9, 476-490,
11		Exhibit 3 – New Musical Express
12		Interview with Page,
13	50. On July 27, 1969, Led Zeppelin	50. Undisputed.
14	and Spirit were among at least ten or	Evidence:
15	more bands and performers that	
16	performed on the third day of the Seattle	
17	Pop Festival held on July 25, 26 and 27,	
18	1969.	
19	Evidence: Page Decl. at 2:26 to 3:2;	
20	Plant Decl. at 1:28 to 2:3; Jones Decl. at	
21	1-2,¶9.	
22	51. Led Zeppelin and Spirit performed	51. Undisputed.
23	separately at the Seattle Pop Festival.	Evidence:
24	Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 13; Plant	
25	Decl. at 2, ¶ 10; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 10.	
26	52. Spirit's surviving members do not	52. Undisputed.
27	recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the Seattle	Evidence:
28		<u> </u>
		RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 22 of 65 Page ID #:2354

1 2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
3	Pop Festival.	
4	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
5	Decl. Exh. 8) at 108:11-25; Andes Depo.	
6	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 130:20-22.	
7	53. Spirit's tent pole songs – the earlier	53. Disputed. Taurus was a feature
8	ones and new ones that they would	song played often by Spirit as it was one
9	perform live – did not include <i>Taurus</i> .	of Randy California's favorite songs.
10	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Evidence:
11	Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25,	Malofiy Decl., Ferguson Depo., at
12	52:1-7; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.	p.21:4-12, 38:2-21; Andrea Wolfe Decl.
13	Exh. 9) at 102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4,	¶5; Janet Wolfe Decl., at ¶5;
14	103:18-24, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 20	
15	(deposition exhibit 352).	
16	54. A published review of the Seattle	54. Disputed in part. The review does
17	Pop Festival does not mention <i>Taurus</i> .	not mention any songs by any band and
18	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 28, &	does not even mention Spirit.
19	Exh. 24 (deposition exhibit 317).	Evidence:
20		Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 28, & Exh. 24
21		(deposition exhibit 317).
22		
23		
24		
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	` ′	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 23 of 65 Page ID #:2355

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	55. Spirit's surviving members have	55. Undisputed.
4	no recollection of Led Zeppelin's	Evidence:
5	members being present when Spirit	
6	performed at the Seattle Pop Festival.	
7	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
8	Decl. Exh. 8) at 35:16-36:4, 37:10-18,	
9	85:22 to 86:1, 108:11-25; Andes Depo.	
10	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 129:21-24,	
11	130:6-17, 132:1-13, 136:1-10, 137:1 to	
12	138:3.	
13	56. The members of Led Zeppelin did	56. Disputed. The festival's posters
14	not hear Spirit perform at the Seattle Pop	indicate that Spirit and Led Zeppelin
15	Festival.	performed on the same day: July 27,
16	Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 13; Plant	1969. Moreover, Defendant Page has a
17	Decl. at 2, ¶ 10; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 10.	remarkable inability to recall anything
18		about Spirit, contradicting multiple
19		objective sources from the 1967 which
20		state that he was very much aware of
21		and appreciated the band.
22		Evidence:
23		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 12 – Concert
24		Posters, Exhibit 1 – Page Depo, p.460:6-
25		467:9, 476-490, Exhibit 3 – New
26		Musical Express Interview with Page,
27		Exhibit 6 – Jones Depo. at 176-269;
28		1
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	` '	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 24 of 65 Page ID #:2356

<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
	Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo., at p.297-355
57. The Texas Int'l Pop Festival took	57. Undisputed.
place over three days, and Spirit	Evidence:
performed on the last day, September 1,	
1969.	
Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
Decl. Exh. 8) at 115:4-8, 115:22-25.	
58. There is no evidence that Led	58. Undisputed.
Zeppelin performed on the same day as	Evidence:
Spirit at the Texas Int'l Pop Festival.	
Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
Decl. Exh. 8) at 116:4 to 116:17.	
59. Led Zeppelin was not present at	59. Disputed. The citation to Andes
the Texas Int'l Pop Festival on the day	deposition does not support this
that Spirit performed.	averment. Andes says he has no
Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	recollection of Zeppelin performing.
Decl. Exh. 9) at 140:21-25.	Evidence:
60. Spirit's surviving members do not	60. Undisputed.
recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the Texas	Evidence:
Int'l Pop Festival.	
Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3; Andes	
Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-	
	<u> </u>

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 25 of 65 Page ID #:2357

1 2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
3	14, 138:9-17.	
4	61. Spirit's tent pole songs – the earlier	61. Disputed. Taurus was a feature
5	ones and new ones that they would	song played often by Spirit as it was one
6	perform live – did not include <i>Taurus</i> .	of Randy California's favorite songs.
7	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Evidence:
8	Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25,	Malofiy Decl., Ferguson Depo., at
9	52:1-7; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.	p.21:4-12, 38:2-21; Andrea Wolfe Decl.,
10	Exh. 9) at 102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4,	¶5; Janet Wolfe Decl., at ¶5;
11	103:18-24, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 20	
12	(deposition exhibit 352).	
13	62. Spirit's surviving members have	62. Undisputed.
14	no recollection of Led Zeppelin's	Evidence:
15	members being present when Spirit	
16	performed at the Texas Pop Festival.	
17	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
18	Decl. Exh. 8) at 114:4-9; Andes Depo.	
19	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 140:21-25.	
20	63. The members of Led Zeppelin	63. Undisputed.
21	were not present when Spirit performed	Evidence:
22	at the Texas Pop Festival.	
23	<b>Evidence:</b> Page Decl. at 2-3, ¶¶ 9, 11;	
24	Plant Decl. at 1-2, ¶¶ 6, 8; Jones Decl. at	
25	1,¶5.	
26	64. Although a poster for the Northern	64. Disputed. The posters are
27	California Folk-Rock Festival in San	evidence that Led Zeppelin performed at
28		,
	` /	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS
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# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 26 of 65 Page ID #:2358

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	Uncontroverted Facts	Transfer by responde and Dyracine
3	Jose, California, on May 23-25, 1969,	the festival. One poster states that Spirit
4	lists Led Zeppelin among 28 bands,	and Led Zeppelin performed on the
5	there is no evidence that Led Zeppelin	same day on Sunday July 27, 1969.
6	performed at that festival.	Evidence:
7	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Malofiy, Decl., Exhibit 12 – Concerts
8	Decl. Exh. 8) at 89:18-25, 90:4-6; Andes	Posters.
9	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 122:3-	
10	8.	
11	65. Spirit's surviving members do not	65. Undisputed
12	recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the Northern	Evidence:
13	California Folk-Rock Festival.	
14	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
15	Decl. Exh. 8) at 89:18 to 25, 90:4-6;	
16	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at	
17	101:7-14.	
18	66. Spirit's tent pole songs – the earlier	66. Disputed. Taurus was a feature
19	ones and new ones that they would	song of Spirit and was played often by
20	perform live – did not include <i>Taurus</i> .	Spirit as it was one of Randy
21	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	California's favorite songs.
22	Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25,	Evidence:
23	52:1-7; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.	Malofiy Decl., Ferguson Depo., at
24	Exh. 9) at 102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4,	p.21:4-12, 38:2-21; Andrea Wolfe Decl.,
25	103:18-24, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 20	¶5; Janet Wolfe Decl., at ¶5;
26	(deposition exhibit 352).	
27	67. Before coming to the U.S. in 1968,	67. Disputed. The bass riff was the
28		:
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
		UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 27 of 65 Page ID #:2359

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	Uncontroverted Facts	
3	the members of Led Zeppelin had	riff from Fresh Garbage, or Led
4	included in their live performances a	Zeppelin's attempt to play it.
5	medley that included a "bass riff" similar	Evidence:
6	to the bass riff in a Spirit recording titled	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page
7	Fresh Garbage.	Deposition, at p.388-90, 469; Exhibit 6 –
8	Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 17; Plant	Jones Deposition, at p.13-14.
9	Decl. at 2-3, ¶ 13; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	
10	68. Fresh Garbage was played on	68. Undisputed that Spirit's music
11	radio and included in a popular U.K.	was popular and played on the radio.
12	album titled The Rock Machine Turns	Evidence:
13	You On, that combined recordings of	
14	many different groups, and that U.K.	
15	album did not include <i>Taurus</i> .	
16	Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 17; Plant	
17	Decl. at 2-3, ¶ 13; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	
18	69. Before going to the U.S. in	69. It is not disputed that Spirit's
19	December 1968, members of Led	music was played on the radio around
20	Zeppelin were already familiar with	the world, and sold on albums
21	Fresh Garbage from the radio and from	worldwide.
22	the album, The Rock Machine Turns You	Evidence:
23	On.	
24	Evidence: Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 17; Plant	
25	Decl. at 2-3, ¶ 13; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	
26	70. On or about January 31, 1970,	70. Undisputed.
27	Robert Plant and his wife were present	Evidence:
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
		UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 28 of 65 Page ID #:2360

1 2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
3	with friends at a local club, called	
4	Mothers, near his home in Birmingham,	
5	England, after which he and his wife	
6	were in an automobile accident while on	
7	the way home.	
8	71. No other member of Led Zeppelin	71. Undisputed.
9	was present at Mothers Club in January	Evidence:
10	1970.	
11	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	
12	Decl. Exh. 9) at 124:4-10.	
13	72. Spirit's surviving members	72. Disputed. Andes testified that in
14	testified that they saw Mr. Plant and, in a	addition to the meet and greet he, Randy
15	"meet-and-greet" that lasted 15 to 30	California, and John Locke spent the
16	seconds, introduced themselves to him	night after the concert partying with
17	before Spirit performed at the other end	Robert Plant, playing snooker, and that
18	of the club.	they had extensive interaction.
19	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Evidence:
20	Decl. Exh. 8) at 16:12-22, 17:14 to 18:1,	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes
21	55:6 to 59:7, Andes Depo. (Anderson	Deposition, at p.111:2 to 113:25.
22	Decl. Exh. 9) at 111:17 to 112:3.	
23	73. Ode Records, Inc., released its	73. Undisputed.
24	third Spirit album, titled Clear Spirit, in	Evidence:
25	October 1969.	
26	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
27	Decl. Exh. 8) at 52:9-16, 53:2-9; Andes	
28		<u> </u>
	27	

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 29 of 65 Page ID #:2361

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 62:24	
4	to 63:1, 63:20-23.	
5	74. Ode Records, Inc., released its	74. Undisputed.
6	fourth Spirit album, titled Twelve	Evidence:
7	Dreams of Dr. Sardonicus, in 1970.	
8	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	
9	Decl. Exh. 8) at 53:10-21; Andes Depo.	
10	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 63:24 to	
11	64:1.	
12	75. Spirit's surviving members do not	75. Disputed. Ferguson testified that it
13	recall performing Taurus at Mothers	could have been played because it was
14	Club in January 1970.	played often. The cited portion of Andes
15	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	deposition has nothing to do with
16	Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:4-9, 40:22 to 41:3;	Mother's Club.
17	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at	Evidence:
18	101:7-14.	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
19		Depo., at p.21:4-12.
20	76. Spirit's tent pole songs – the earlier	76. Disputed. Taurus was a feature
21	ones and new ones that they would	and played often by Spirit as it was one
22	perform live – did not include <i>Taurus</i> .	of Randy California's favorite songs.
23	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Evidence:
24	Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25,	Malofiy Decl., Ferguson Depo., at
25	52:1-7; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.	p.21:4-12, 38:2-21; Andrea Wolfe Decl.,
26	Exh. 9) at 102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4,	¶5; Janet Wolfe Decl., at ¶5;
27	103:18-24, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 20	
28		
	28	

28

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 30 of 65 Page ID #:2362

1   2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
	(deposition exhibit 352).	
	77. One of Spirit's surviving members	77. Disputed. Andes does not
	contends that after Spirit's performance,	"contend" this happened. He has a clear
	he and other Spirit members went to a	and distinct memory of this night
	pub with Robert Plant, where they drank	because of Plant's car crash following
	and played snooker.	the evening out.
	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	Evidence:
	Decl. Exh. 9) at 110:18 to 111: 1, 112:4	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo
	to 113:5.	at p.111:2-113:25
	78. Spirit's other surviving member	78. Disputed. Jay Ferguson was not
	does not recall anything but briefly	present for the snooker game described
	meeting Robert Plant at Mothers Club	by Andes. Andes clearly testified that
	before Spirit began playing.	himself, Randy California, and John
	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson	Locke were present. He did not mention
	Decl. Exh. 8) at 59:1-7.	Ed Cassidy or Jay Ferguson.
		Evidence:
		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo
		at p.111:2-113:25
	79. Further, at the time pubs, by law,	79. Disputed as irrelevant. Andes
	closed at 10 p.m. and well before Spirit	recalls playing snooker with Robert
	would have finished performing at	Plant that night and several other
	Mothers Club.	members of Spirit.
	Evidence: Plant Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	Evidence:
		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo
		at p.111:2-113:25

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 31 of 65 Page ID #:2363

2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   0	80. In any event, Spirit's surviving members do not recall <i>Taurus</i> being played or discussed with Robert Plant in Birmingham, England. <i>Evidence:</i> Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	80. Undisputed. It is noted that this happened in early 1970 well before Led Zeppelin even allegedly wrote Stairway to Heaven.  Evidence:
4 5 6 7 8 9	members do not recall <i>Taurus</i> being played or discussed with Robert Plant in Birmingham, England. <i>Evidence:</i> Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	happened in early 1970 well before Led Zeppelin even allegedly wrote Stairway to Heaven.
5 6 7 8 9	played or discussed with Robert Plant in Birmingham, England.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	Zeppelin even allegedly wrote Stairway to Heaven.
6 7 8 9	Birmingham, England.  Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	to Heaven.
7 8 9	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	
8 9	Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7- 14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	Evidence.
9	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	
	14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	
0		
		01 Disputed The abandatanization of
1	1 &	81. Disputed. The characterization of
2	Robert Plant, maybe in Atlanta, but they	"exchanged pleasantries" is not accurate
3	only exchanged pleasantries.	They complimented each other and had
4	Evidence: Andes Depo. (Anderson	a discussion.
5	Decl. Exh. 9) at 108:23 to 110:14.	Evidence:
6		Exhibit 8 – Andes Deposition, at p.109:2
7		to p.110:17, 124:14 to 125:24.
8	82. The musical composition <i>Stairway</i>	82. Disputed. Page and Plant had
9	was created by Jimmy Page and Robert	knowledge of Taurus. They knew and
20	Plant in 1970, independently and without	appreciated Spirit's music, had seen
21	knowledge of <i>Taurus</i> .	them live, had listened to Spirit's
22	Evidence: Page Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4; Plant	albums, and had played Spirit's music
23	Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4.	live at Led Zeppelin's concerts. Page
24		even possessed the Spirit album in
25		question. Furthermore, Page asked
26		Randy in 1969 how to play Taurus while
27		backstage. The evidence shows that
28		

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 32 of 65 Page ID #:2364

<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence	
	Page and Plant wrote many of their	
	songs by basing it on prior art and	
	building from there. Moreover, the	
	similarities between Taurus and	
	Stairway to Heaven are striking.	
	Evidence:	
	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo,	
	p.460:6-467:9, 476-490, Exhibit 3 –	
	New Musical Express Interview with	
	Page, Exhibit 6 – Jones Depo. at 176-	
	269; Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo., at p.297-	
	355; Longo Decl., at ¶19-21	
83. Stairway was recorded in England	83. Disputed. The evidence indicates	
in December 1970 to January 1971.	Page and Plant worked out the guitar	
Evidence: Page Decl. at 1:15-16; Plant	introduction and first verse at Bron-yr-	
Decl. at 1:15-12-13; Jones Decl. at 1:10-	Aur, that they routined at Headley	
11.	Grange, that they tracked at Island	
	Studios, and that they mixed Stairway is	
	Los Angeles at Sunset Studios, and that	
	they remixed at Island.	
	Evidence:	
	Malofiy Decl, Exhibit 1 – Page Depo., a	
	p.140-143.	
84. Led Zeppelin first publicly	84. Undisputed.	
Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED	
II ' '	UNCONTROVERTED FACTS	

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 33 of 65 Page ID #:2365

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	performed Stairway in March 1971 at	Evidence:
4	Ulster Hall in Belfast, Northern Ireland.	
5	Evidence: Page Decl. at 1:16-17; Plant	
6	Decl. at 1:13-15; Jones Decl. at 1:11-13.	
7	85. The untitled album commonly	85. Undisputed.
8	referred to as Led Zeppelin IV, which	Evidence:
9	includes Stairway, was released to the	
10	public on November 8, 1971.	
11	Evidence: Page Decl. at 1:17-19; Plant	
12	Decl. at 1:15-17; Jones Decl. at 1:13-14.	
13	86. <i>Stairway</i> begins with a minor line	86. Disputed. The opening notes of
14	cliché and arpeggios, over which an	Stairway to Heaven are the most iconic
15	ascending line is played.	in rock and roll. Defendant Page
16	Evidence: Page Decl. at 1:20-21;	admitted that all parts of Stairway to
17	Ferrara Audio Exh. 2 at Track 2; Ferrara	Heaven are equally important in terms of
18	Decl. at 3-4, ¶¶ 9-13, & Exh. 1 at 4-5, ¶	songwriting credit.
19	7, at 5-6, ¶¶ 10-12, at 7-8, ¶¶ 14-17.	Evidence:
20		Stewart Decl., ¶50.
21		Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo. at
22		p.365:4-18.
23	87. Long before 1968, Jimmy Page	87. Disputed. Defendants attempt to
24	was aware of minor line clichés and	cast the opening notes to Stairway to
25	arpeggios and had included similar	Heaven, some of the most recognizable
26	music when he performed as a session	of all time, is unavailing. Furthermore,
27	guitarist.	Ferrara is incorrect. The first chord is
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

02471

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 34 of 65 Page ID #:2366

Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
<b>Evidence:</b> Page Decl. at 1-2, $\P\P$ 5-7;	not A minor but G minor. In addition,
Ferrara Audio Exh. 1 at Track 15.	the cited example that Page has long
	been aware of this was composed in
	1969 or 1968. This is after Taurus was
	created, played live, and released.
	Evidence:
	Stewart Decl., ¶47.
88. While he was with the Yardbirds	88. Disputed.
and before Led Zeppelin was formed,	Evidence:
Jimmy Page purchased a Sonic Wave, a	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 15 – Get the Led
Theremin-type devise [sic], in Los	Out by Denny Somach.
Angeles, California.	
Evidence: Page Decl. at 4:1-2.	
89. Jimmy Page purchased the Sonic	89. Disputed.
Wave after Jeff Beck told him that Brian	Evidence:
Wilson of the Beach Boys used a	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 15 – Get the Led
Theremin in the 1966 song <i>Good</i>	Out by Denny Somach.
Vibrations and on tour.	
Evidence: Page Decl. at 4:2-4.	
90. In 1991, Wolfe was interviewed in	90. Undisputed.
connection with the preparation of text –	Evidence:
referred to as liner notes – to accompany	
the upcoming release of a two-CD	
album, titled <i>Time Circle</i> , combining a	
Case No. 15-cy-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
	Evidence: Page Decl. at 1-2, ¶ 5-7; Ferrara Audio Exh. 1 at Track 15.  88. While he was with the Yardbirds and before Led Zeppelin was formed, Jimmy Page purchased a Sonic Wave, a Theremin-type devise [sic], in Los Angeles, California.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 4:1-2.  89. Jimmy Page purchased the Sonic Wave after Jeff Beck told him that Brian Wilson of the Beach Boys used a Theremin in the 1966 song Good Vibrations and on tour.  Evidence: Page Decl. at 4:2-4.  90. In 1991, Wolfe was interviewed in connection with the preparation of text — referred to as liner notes — to accompany the upcoming release of a two-CD album, titled Time Circle, combining a

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 35 of 65 Page ID #:2367

1	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	number of Spirit recordings.	
4	Evidence: Freeman Decl. at 3, ¶ 1, &	
5	Ruhlmann Depo. (Freeman Exh. 3) at	
6	9:2-16, 10:11-17, 14:1-19, 15:7-16,	
7	38:1-6; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl.	
8	Exh. 8) at 183:13-17.	
9	91. In that interview, which was	91. Disputed. Wolfe's comments
10	recorded, Wolfe stated that he was not	were made in the context of Led
11	bothered by the similarity between	Zeppelin ripping him off. Voluminous
12	Taurus and Stairway, that he considered	evidence shows that Wolfe was quite
13	the band members friends, that "if they	upset about the theft of his music but
14	wanted to use" Taurus "that's fine," and	thought that he had little options. He
15	"I'll let them have the beginning of	repeatedly investigated whether he could
16	Taurus for their song without a lawsuit"	bring suit following this interview
17	and he was "letting them off the hook."	indicating that that the comments in the
18	Evidence: Ruhlmann Depo. (Freeman	nonpublic interview were not meant
19	Exh. 3) at 8:4-6, 8:18-25, 7:16 to 8:10;	seriously or formally. Indeed, a careful
20	Freeman Decl. at 1-2, ¶¶ 4-6, & Exh. 4,	listen to the audio confirms that Randy
21	Exh. 5, Exh. 6 at 5:1 to 8:4; Freeman	was making the best of a bad situation
22	Audio Exhibit 3 at 22 minutes 49	and, if anything, attempting to capitalize
23	seconds to 27 minutes 25 seconds.	on the notoriety of having had Led
24		Zeppelin steal his music for the most
25		popular song in Rock history.
26		Evidence:
27		Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
28		
	34	

02473

RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 36 of 65 Page ID #:2368

1	Defendants' Alleged Plaintiff's Response and Evidence		
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>		
3		Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;	
4		Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶27 and	
5		2011 Email to Pates; Declaration of	
6		Bruce Pates, ¶; Declaration of Linda	
7		Mensch ¶2-6; Declaration of Mike Lee;	
8		Declaration of Robert Lee; Declaration	
9		of Barry Hanson; Freeman Audio	
10		Exhibit 3 at 22 minutes 49 seconds to 2'	
11		minutes 25 seconds.	
12	92. In the text accompanying the	92. Disputed. Wolfe never approved	
13	album <i>Time Circle</i> released to the public	the quote in question, and the quote was	
14	in 1991, Wolfe is quoted as stating with	made in the context of the fact Led	
15	respect to Stairway, that if Led Zeppelin	Zeppelin had ripped him off.	
16	wants to use it that is fine and "I'll let	Voluminous evidence indicates that	
17	them have the beginning of 'Taurus' for	Randy repeatedly attempted to bring sur	
18	their song." but did not have sufficient funds.		
19	<i>Evidence:</i> Freeman Decl. at 2, ¶ 7, &	Evidence:	
20	Exh. 7 (deposition exhibit 339) at 37.	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 21 - Deposition	
21		of William Ruhlmann, at p.	
22	93. The quotation of Wolfe appearing	93. Disputed. The quote is taken out	
23	in the text accompanying Time Circle is	of context, and ignores the voluminous	
24	an accurate quotation of what Wolfe told	evidence in the record that Randy was	
25	the interviewer.	angry about the theft and wanted to	
26	Evidence: Ruhlman Depo. (Freeman	pursue a suit if possible, but he did not	
	Exh. 3) at 9:9-16, 11: 15-25, 12:16 to	believe it was legally possible to do so a	

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 37 of 65 Page ID #:2369

the time, nor did he have the money.  Evidence:  Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;		
Evidence:		
Declaration of David Waterbury ¶4-6:		
Decidration of Bavia Waterbary, 11 0,		
Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;		
Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶27 and		
2011 Email to Pates; Declaration of		
Bruce Pates, ¶; Declaration of Linda		
Mensch ¶2-6; Declaration of Mike Lee;		
Declaration of Robert Lee; Declaration		
of Barry Hanson; Freeman Audio		
Exhibit 3 at 22 minutes 49 seconds to 27		
minutes 25 seconds.		
94. Undisputed.		
Evidence:		
95. Undisputed		
Evidence:		
96. Undisputed. Wolfe confronted		
LESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED		

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 38 of 65 Page ID #:2370

<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence	
believing its introduction is similar to	Page about the theft and Page told him	
Taurus, Wolfe did not sue.	that he would hire more lawyers than	
<i>Evidence:</i> Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 30.	Wolfe. Wolfe also had no money to	
	pursue a lawsuit.	
	Evidence:	
	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;	
	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;	
	Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶27 and	
	2011 Email to Pates; Declaration of	
	Linda Mensch ¶2-6; Declaration of Mik	
	Lee; Declaration of Robert Lee;	
	Freeman Audio Exhibit 3 at 22 minutes	
	49 seconds to 27 minutes 25 seconds.	
97. Wolfe died in 1997 and from 2002	97. Undisputed.	
until her death, his mother, Bernice	Evidence:	
Pearl, was the trustee or co-trustee of the		
Randy Craig Wolfe Trust (the "Trust")		
that claims rights in Taurus.		
<b>Evidence:</b> FAC at 12, $\P$ 62.		
98. There is no evidence that Pearl	98. Undisputed.	
sued or otherwise asserted a claim,	Evidence:	
individually or on behalf of the Trust, as		
to Stairway.		
<b>Evidence:</b> Anderson Decl. at $5, \P 6$ .		
	I.	
	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED	

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 39 of 65 Page ID #:2371

Defendants' Alleged Uncontroverted Facts  99. Plaintiff became a co-trustee of the Trust prior to Pearl's death, and did not file this action until May 31, 2014, over forty-three years after the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway.  Evidence: Complaint (Doc. 1); FAC at 12, ¶ 62.  100. In the over four decades between the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this action in 2014, multiple witnesses have	
Trust prior to Pearl's death, and did not file this action until May 31, 2014, over forty-three years after the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway.  Evidence: Complaint (Doc. 1); FAC at 12, ¶ 62.  10 In the over four decades between the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	
file this action until May 31, 2014, over forty-three years after the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway.  Evidence: Complaint (Doc. 1); FAC at 12, ¶ 62.  100. In the over four decades between the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this  Evidence:  Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	
forty-three years after the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway.  Evidence: Complaint (Doc. 1); FAC at 12, ¶ 62.  10 100. In the over four decades between the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this  Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	
of Led Zeppelin IV and Stairway.  Evidence: Complaint (Doc. 1); FAC at 12, ¶ 62.  10	
<ul> <li>Evidence: Complaint (Doc. 1); FAC at</li> <li>12, ¶ 62.</li> <li>100. In the over four decades between</li> <li>the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and</li> <li>Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this</li> </ul>	
100. In the over four decades between the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and <i>Evidence:</i> Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	
100. In the over four decades between 100. Undisputed.  11 the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and Evidence:  12 Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	
the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and  Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this  Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	
Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	
action in 2014, multiple witnesses have	
died, including John Bonham (the fourth	
member of Led Zeppelin) in 1980; Peter	
Grant (Led Zeppelin's personal manager	
and who attended many of their	
concerts) in 1995; Wolfe in 1997; John	
Locke (another member of Spirit) in	
2006; Bernice Pearl (Wolfe's mother	
and trustee of the Trust) in 2009; Ed	
Cassidy (another member of Spirit) in	
23 2012; Andy Johns (the engineer for the	
recording of recorded <i>Stairway</i> ) in 2013;	
and Danny Tucker (Spirit's road	
26 manager in 1968-79).	
27 Evidence: Page Decl. at 4, ¶ 22;	
28	

02477

RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 40 of 65 Page ID #:2372

1   2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence	
3	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8)		
1	at 73:22 to 74:4, 77:18-19, 88:20-24; 89:		
5	3-4.		
5	101. In the over four decades between	101. Disputed. There is no cited	
7	the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and	evidence that set lists for the concerts in	
	Stairway and plaintiff's filing of this	question existed. The citations support	
	action in 2014, documents have been	only the notion that some recordings of	
	lost or stolen, including recordings	Stairway were lost (but that copies were	
	reflecting the creation of Stairway, and	still produced in discovery). The Andes	
	set lists identifying the songs performed	deposition citations are particularly	
	by Spirit at concerts.	inapplicable as he only states that he	
	Evidence: Page Decl. at 4, ¶ 21; Andes	never kept any material in the first place	
	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 38:12-	not that he lost anything.	
	18, 39:13-17, 39:21-25, 64:3-17.	Evidence:	
		Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at	
		38:12-18, 39:13-17, 39:21-25, 64:3-17.	
	102. In 2012-14 and at substantial cost,	102. Undisputed that Defendants	
	Rhino Entertainment Co. arranged for	rereleased the Led Zeppelin master	
	the remastering and re-release of Led	recordings for significant pecuniary	
	Zeppelin recordings, including the <i>Led</i>	gain.	
	Zeppelin IV album and Stairway.	Evidence:	
	<i>Evidence:</i> Anderson Decl. at 6, ¶ 36.		
	103. Jimmy Page has a collection of	103. Disputed. Page admits to owning	
	several thousands of different albums of	the album and song in question, has	
	many kinds, including albums he	admitted to being a fan of Spirit, has	
		3	
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)  RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED		

## Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 41 of 65 Page ID #:2373

Defendants' Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
purchased, albums people gave him and	admitted listening to their albums, has
albums that were simply left at his home,	admitted enjoying seeing their live
and he has never listened to many of	shows (but now claim he can't
them.	remember ever seeing one), and that
Evidence: Page Decl. at 4, ¶ 19.	Spirit's songs strike him on an emotion
	level. The idea that he does not know
	how the album came into his position is
	absurdly convenient and not credible.
	Evidence:
	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 3 – New Musica
	Express Interview, Exhibit 1 - Page
	Deposition at p.434-37, and p.467,
	Exhibit 4 – ZigZag Article Reprinted in
	Guitar World, Exhibit 5 – Audio of
	ZigZag Interview (D160).
104. In connection with this litigation,	104. Disputed. See Answer to 103.
he found a copy of Spirit's first album in	Evidence:
his collection of several thousand	
records.	
Evidence: Page Decl. at 4:9-10.	
105. He had not previously seen the	105. Disputed. See Answer to 103.
album in his collection, he does not	Evidence:
know how or when it got there and it	
may have been left by a guest, it is	
unlikely it was there for long since he	
	<u>i</u>
Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) 40	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

Case 2:	15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR	Document 118-1 #:2374	Filed 03/07/16	Page 42 of 65	Page ID

2	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
1	never noticed it before.	
l E	Evidence: Page Decl. at 4:10:13.	
1	06. Plaintiff did not produce with his	106. Undisputed.
	nitial disclosures or in discovery the	Evidence:
d	leposit copy of the <i>Taurus</i> musical	
c	composition that accompanied	
F	Hollenbeck's 1967 registration of	
c	copyright in that musical composition.	
l E	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 16.	
1	07. On February 10, 2014, plaintiff	107. Undisputed.
p	provided his initial expert disclosures,	Evidence:
i	ncluding the report of his musicologist,	
A	Alexander Stewart.	
E	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 32, &	
F	Ferrara Exh. 2 (Stewart Report).	
1	08. Neither Stewart's nor any other	108. Disputed.
r	eport submitted by plaintiff, mentions	Evidence:
tl	he musical transcription of Taurus that	Stewart Decl., ¶24; Johnson Decl., ¶21,
V	would have accompanied Hollenbeck's	31-39
1	967 registration of copyright in the	
1	Taurus musical composition.	
E	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 33, &	
F	Ferrara Exh. 2.	
1	09. Stewart's report purports to	109. Undisputed, as that is the relevant
a	analyze and compare Ode Records,	composition.
		3

#### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 43 of 65 Page ID #:2375

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	
3	Inc.'s and other recordings of <i>Taurus</i> , on	Evidence:
4	the one hand, and Stairway, on the other	Stewart Decl., ¶24, 29-33
5	hand.	
6	Ferrara Exh. 2.	
7	110. Stewart's report purports to	110. Disputed. Plaintiff's experts
8	conclude there are substantial	conclude that the similarities
9	similarities, and does not claim there are	individually and/or in the aggregate
10	striking similarities.	preclude the possibility of coincidence
11	Evidence: Ferrara Exh. 2.	or independent creation.
12		Evidence:
13		Stewart Decl., at ¶24; Johnson Decl,
14		¶14-16
15	111. Stewart's report relies on claimed	111. Disputed. Stewart's report speaks
16	similarities in how Taurus and Stairway	for itself, and he relies on a great many
17	were performed in their respective	factors compositional factors.
18	recordings, including purported	Evidence:
19	similarities with Spirit's recorded	Stewart Decl., at ¶9-10; Johnson Decl,
20	"fingerpicking style," "acoustic guitar,"	¶14-42
21	tempo, "classical instruments such as	
22	flute strings and harpsichord,"	
23	"atmospheric sustained pads" and	
24	"fretboard positioning and fingering" on	
25	the guitar.	
26	Evidence: Ferrara Exh. 2; Ferrara Decl.	
27	at 2, ¶ 6.	
28		
	12	

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 44 of 65 Page ID #:2376

	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
I	112. The <i>Taurus</i> transcription that	112. Disputed.
	defendants believe may have been	Evidence:
	deposited with the Copyright Office and	Stewart Decl. at ¶50; Johnson Decl, ¶14
	a phrase in <i>Stairway</i> both have a	15, 18, 36, 41
	commonplace descending scale of	
	pitches.	
	Evidence: Ferrara Audio Exh. 2 at	
	Track 2; Ferrara Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4, &	
	Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 4-5, ¶ 7.	
30	113. The descending scale in both the	113. Disputed.
	Taurus transcription and Stairway is a	Evidence:
	fundamental musical building block	Stewart Decl. at ¶9-10, 50; Johnson
	widely used in chord progressions in	Decl, ¶14, 21, 22, 25, 30, 41
	popular music prior to "Taurus", used in	
	classical music as early as the 17 <sup>th</sup>	
	century, and so common that they are	
	sometimes referred to as a "minor line	
	cliché".	
	Evidence: Ferrara Audio Exh. 2 at	
	Track 2; Ferrara Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4, &	
	Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 4-5, ¶ 7, Exh.	
	2(Stewart Report) at 4, ¶ 8.	
	114. Similar chord progressions with	114. Disputed. There are significant
	such descending pitches appear in prior	differences and none are as similar as
	compositions such as, for example,	Stairway to Taurus.
		<u>:</u>
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 45 of 65 Page ID #:2377

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence		
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>			
3	"Dido's Lament" by Henry Purcell	Evidence:		
4	(1689), "My Funny Valentine", "A Taste	Stewart Decl. at ¶32, 41-47; Johnson		
5	of Honey", "Cry Me a River",	Decl, ¶26-28, 38, 41		
6	"Michelle", "The Meaning of the			
7	Blues", "How Insensitive", "Walkin' My			
8	Baby Back Home", "More", and "Chim			
9	Chim Cher-ee" (from Mary Poppins), as			
10	well as The Beatles' Michelle.			
11	Evidence: Ferrara Audio Exh. 2 at			
12	Track 2; Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report)			
13	at 4-5, ¶ 7, & at Attachment B at 5-22.			
14	115. Randy Wolfe, as well as the other	115. Undisputed.		
15	members of Spirit, were fans of The	Evidence:		
16	Beatles and performed songs by The			
17	Beatles.			
18	Evidence: Ferguson Depo. (Anderson			
19	Decl. Exh. 8) at 65:7-16, 66:22-23;			
20	Freeman Exh. 6 at 3:21 to 4:1.			
21	116. Before 1968, Jimmy Page was	116. Disputed. This is absurd and the		
22	aware of this musical device, having	first time Page has ever claimed he		
23	heard it as early as 1960 in a Chris	based Stairway to Heaven on Chim		
24	Farlowe recording he arranged and, in	Chim Cher-ee from Mary Poppins.		
25	1964, in <i>Chim Chim Cher-ee</i> from the	Moreover, Chim Chim Cher-ee is		
26	movie Mary Poppins.	dissimilar to Taurus.		
27	Evidence: Page Decl. at 1-2, ¶¶ 5-6;	Evidence:		
28		<u> </u>		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)			

UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 46 of 65 Page ID #:2378

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	Uncontroverted Facts	1 mmm 5 Response and Evidence
3	Ferrara Audio Exh. 1 at Track 4 (Chim	Stewart Decl. at ¶32, 41-47; Somach
4	Chim Cher-ee) & Track 8 (Spring is	Decl., ¶16
5	Near).	
6	117. Before leaving for the U.S. in	117. Disputed. Taurus had been for
7	December 1968, Jimmy Page was a	sale and released for over a year. In
8	session musician on Cartoone's	addition, Ice Cream Dreams and Taurus
9	recording of Ice Cream Dreams, which	are dissimilar in key ways.
10	includes a similar introduction.	Evidence:
11	Evidence: Page Decl. at 2, ¶ 7;	Stewart Decl. at ¶45, 47; Defense fact
12	Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 29, & Exh. 25;	#13.
13	Ferrara Audio Exhibit 1 at Track 15.	
14	118. There is no substantial similarity in	118. Disputed. The structure of Part I
15	the structures of the <i>Taurus</i> musical	of Stairway to Heaven is nearly identical
16	composition and Stairway to Heaven,	to that of "Taurus" after the
17	and their structures are markedly	introduction.
18	different.	Evidence:
19	<i>Evidence:</i> Ferrara Decl. at 2, ¶ 8, &	Stewart Decl. at ¶5.
20	Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 5, ¶ 7,	
21	& Attachment A.	
22	119. There are no substantial harmonic	119. Disputed. The harmonies of the A
23	similarities between the <i>Taurus</i> musical	section are identical until the final
24	composition and Stairway to Heaven,	measure.
25	and their harmonies are markedly	Evidence:
26	different.	Stewart Decl. at ¶11.
27	<i>Evidence:</i> Ferrara Decl. at 3, ¶¶ 9-11,	
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) 45	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 47 of 65 Page ID #:2379

1	<u>Defendants' Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence		
2	& Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 5-6,			
3	¶¶ 10-12, & Attachment B.			
4 5	120. There are no substantial rhythmic	120. Disputed. Both passages are		
	similarities between the <i>Taurus</i> musical	treated with a nearly continuous eighth-		
6 7	composition and Stairway to Heaven,	note figuration. Stewart Decl., ¶12, 36.		
8	and their rhythms are markedly different.	Stewart at 13-14 para 36. This is also		
9	Evidence: Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara	demonstrated in Mathes audio excerpt 1.		
	Report) at 7, ¶ 13, & Attachment C.	Dr. Ferrara's comparison of the		
10 11	Troporty at 7,    13, contraction on the	melodies and rhythms (Attachments C &		
12		D) of the iconic guitar passages at issue		
13		in "Taurus" and "Stairway" are so		
13		deeply flawed that they must be		
15		completely discarded. Stewart Decl., ¶34		
16		Evidence:		
17	121. There are no substantial melodic	121. Disputed. 78% or 14 of the first		
18	similarities between the <i>Taurus</i> musical	18 eighth-note slots contain the same		
19	composition and Stairway to Heaven,	pitches.		
20	and their melodies are markedly	Evidence:		
21	different.	Stewart Decl., at ¶14-15, 19-20, 50;		
22	Evidence: Ferrara Decl. at 4-5, ¶¶ 12-	Johnson Decl, ¶14, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23,		
23	15, & Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at	24, 25		
24	7-8, ¶¶ 13-17, & Attachment D.			
25	122. The <i>Taurus</i> musical composition	122. Disputed. Ferrara's report is		
26	and Stairway to Heaven are very	severely flawed in its methodology and		
27	different musical compositions.	is riddled with errors and omissions.		
28				
	46	Dranovan no Court on the court of the court		
	` ′	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS		
	02495			

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 48 of 65 Page ID #:2380

1	Defendants' Alleged	Plaintiff's Response and Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	Evidence: Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara	Evidence:
4	Report) at 8-9, ¶¶ 18-20, & Attachment	Stewart Decl., at ¶5, 24, 29; Johnson
5	E.	Decl, ¶14, 18, 34, 36
6	123. Plaintiff has not presented any	123. Disputed as irrelevant.
7	admissible evidence establishing that	Evidence:
8	John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing,	
9	Inc., or Warner Music Group Corp.	
10	performed or distributed Stairway within	
11	the three years preceding plaintiff's	
12	filing of this action.	
13	Evidence: Anderson Decl. at 6, ¶ 37.	
	4	

#### **Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts**

<u>Plaintiff's Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	<u>Plaintiff's Evidence</u>
Randy Craig Wolfe Wrote Taurus in 19	066 and it is Not A Work For Hire
1. Randy Wolfe was a musical genius	Andrea Wolfe Decl., at ¶1-4; Janet
who at the age of 15 was playing with	Wolfe Decl., ¶1-5
Jimi Hendrix in New York City. Hendrix	
offered Wolfe the chance to go to	
London as part of the Jimi Hendrix	
47	,
,	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 49 of 65 Page ID #:2381

Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence
experience, but his parents declined.	
2. When Randy went back to high	Andrea Wolfe Decl., at ¶4-5; Janet
school that fall, he met a girl named	Wolfe Decl., ¶4-5
Robin who would later become his wife.	
7 He was so enamored with her that he	
8 wrote her a song. Her astrological sign	
was Taurus, so Randy named his new	
o song Taurus.	
3. When he returned from New York	Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶5-8
2 in the fall of 1966, Randy formed a band	
3 called Spirits Rebellious with two of his	
school friends, Jay Ferguson and Mark	
Andes. In late 1966 through the summer	
of 1967, they played every week at a	
famous club in Hollywood called the	
8 Ash Grove, which was owned by	
9 Randy's uncle.	
4. The family eventually moved in	Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶5-8
1967 from Ojai to Santa Monica. Brian	
Berry, brother of singer Jan Berry of the	
famous "Jan and Dean" group, heard the	
band rehearsing and knocked on the door	
to introduce himself. This led to a fast	
friendship, and it was Berry who later	
7 introduced Spirit to Lou Adler, owner of	
18	
	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 50 of 65 Page ID #:2382

1	Plaintiff's Alleged	Plaintiff's Evidence
2	<b>Uncontroverted Facts</b>	
3	Hollenbeck and Ode Records, which	
4	signed the band to a recording contract	
5	on August 29, 1967.	
6	5. Taurus was played repeatedly	Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶5-8; Andrea Wolfe
7	before August 29, 1967 by Spirit in	Decl. at ¶5; Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 –
8	concerts at the Ash Grove.	Andes Depo., p.150-156; Declaration of
9		Barry Hansen, ¶1-2 & Emails; Skidmore
10		Decl., Exhibit 2
11		
12	6. Taurus was recorded as part of a	Declaration of Barry Hansen, ¶1-2 &
13	multi-song demo in early 1967 to	Emails; Skidmore Decl., Exhibit 2;
14	promote Spirit.	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo,
15		at p.
16	7. Spirit played many shows that	Declaration of Barry Hansen, ¶1-2 &
17	included Taurus well before August 29,	Emails; Skidmore Decl., Exhibit 2
18	1967, of which there is audio proof.	
19	8. Taurus was created before the	Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶5-8; Andrea Wolfe
20	August 29, 1967, contract Randy Wolfe	Decl. at ¶5; Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 –
21	signed with Hollenbeck Music and Lou	Andes Depo., p.150-156; Declaration of
22	Adler	Barry Hansen, ¶1-2 & Emails; Skidmore
23		Decl., Exhibit 2
24	9. Taurus is not a work made for hire	Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶5-8; Andrea Wolfe
25	as the composition was created and	Decl. at ¶5; Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 –
26	made well before the August 29, 1967	Andes Depo., p.150-156; Declaration of
27	agreement.	Barry Hansen, ¶1-2 & Emails; Skidmore
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
		UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 51 of 65 Page ID #:2383

Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence
	Decl., Exhibit 2
10. The orchestral opening to "Taurus"	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 8 – Andes Dep
on the Spirit album was never played	at p.155:15-20; Exhibit 9 – Ferguson
live.	Depo., at p.19:23-20:18.
Taurus has Never Been Registered With Work For Hire	n the Copyright Office as a
11. Defendants have produced no	Amended Complaint, Exhibit 2
evidence that Taurus was ever registered	
with the copyright office as a work made	
for hire.	
12. "Taurus" was registered with the	Anderson Decl., Exhibit 16
copyright office by Hollenbeck Music in	
December 1967 and listed Randy	
California as the "author."	
13. Randy Craig Wolfe filed a renewal	Amended Complaint, Exhibit 2
registration for Taurus in 1996 listing	
himself as the author.	
14. Between 1996 and February 15,	Amended Complaint, Exhibit 2
2016, no individual or entity ever	
attempted to amend the renewal	
registration for Taurus or contest that	
Randy Craig Wolfe was the author of	
Taurus.	
15.	
16.	Documents
50	
Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

Case 2:	15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR	Document 118-1 #:2384	Filed 03/07/16	Page 52 of 65	Page ID

	f's Alleged verted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence
17.		
<b>Defendants Were</b>	Familiar with Spirit's	s Music, Albums, and Live Shows,
including the Son	g Taurus	
18. Led Zeppelin	opened for Spirit on	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 - Page
December 26, 1968	B, in Denver, CO, Led	Deposition at p.416, 467-69
Zeppelin's first sho	ow in the United	
States.		
19. Led Zeppelin	's equipment was	Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶17-18.
breaking during the	e December 26, 1968	
show, and they had	to borrow equipment	
from Spirit.		
20. While backst	age at a concert in	Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶19-21.
1969 Page asked R	andy California how	
to play the guitar in	"Taurus," which	
Randy ran through	with him several	
times.		
21. Defendant Ja	mes Patrick Page	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 3 – New Musica
stated in an intervi	ew published on April	Express Interview; Exhibit 1 - Page
25, 1970, by New 1	Musical Express:	Deposition at p.467:4-9.
"Spirit do some rea	ally nice things on	
albums. They give	a really nice	
atmosphere when t	hey play and I always	
enjoy seeing them.	,,	
22. Defendant Ja	mes Patrick Page	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 4 – ZigZag
stated in an intervi	ew done in November	Article Reprinted in Guitar World,
		į
Case No. 15-cv-03462 F		RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 53 of 65 Page ID #:2385

1	Plaintiff's Alleged	Plaintiff's Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	1972 with ZigZag magazine that "[The	Exhibit 5 – Audio of ZigZag Interview
4	Hollies] were like that: very cut and	(D160); Exhibit 1 – Page Deposition, at
5	dried, and samey every night. They were	p.434-37
6	obviously very good, even though they	
7	didn't strike me on an emotional level,	
8	like Spirit did, for instance. I saw Spirit a	
9	couple of times and thought they were	
10	very good."	
11	23. James Patrick Page stated in 1970s	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page
12	that Spirit was a band that he really	Deposition, at p.434-37
13	liked.	
14	24. Defendant Page possesses the	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo. at
15	eponymous Spirit album which	p.396-98; Exhibit 2 – Page Interrogatory
16	contained "Taurus."	Responses, at ¶11.
17		
18	25. Led Zeppelin played portions of	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo at
19	Spirit's song Fresh Garbage at Led	p.492.
20	Zeppelin's live shows starting in 1968.	
21	26. Defendant Page forgot that he liked	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo.,
22	Spirit despite twice stating in the 1970s	at p.439:3-8, Exhibit 3 – New Musical
23	that enjoyed seeing them live, that	Express Article, Exhibit 4 – ZigZag
24	Spirit's performances struck him on an	Article Reprinted in Composition,
25	emotional level, that he liked Spirit's	Exhibit 5 – ZigZag Audio Interview,
26	albums, and even though Led Zeppelin	Exhibit 19 – Audio of Led Zeppelin
27	played Spirit's music live.	Playing Spirit
28		
	52	

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RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 54 of 65 Page ID #:2386

1 2	Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	<u>Plaintiff's Evidence</u>
3	27. Defendant Page's alleged	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo.,
4	recollection of not seeing the band Spirit	at p.439, Exhibit 3 – New Musical
5	perform live was demonstrably incorrect	Express Article, Exhibit 4 – ZigZag
6	based on Page's own interviews.	Article Reprinted in My Back Pages,
7		Exhibit 5 – ZigZag Audio.
8	28. Led Zeppelin would reserve seats	Longo Decl., at ¶13
9	at Spirit concerts and in fact attended	
10	those concerts.	
11	29. Defendant Plant attended a Spirit	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 13 – Robert Plant
12	show in February 1970 at Mother's Club	Crash Article, Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo,
13	in Birmingham, England.	at p.111 to 113, 115 to 118.
14	30. Defendant Plant played snooker	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 13 – Robert Plant
15	with Spirit bassist Mark Andes that	Crash Article, Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo,
16	night.	at p.111 to 113, 115 to 118.
17	31. Defendant Plant was in a car crash	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 13 – Robert Plant
18	the night he saw Spirit perform in	Crash Article, Exhibit 8 – Andes Depo,
19	February 1970 at Mother's Ball.	at p.111 to 113, 115 to 118.
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li></ul>	Defendant Page Claimed in the 1970s the of Stairway to Heaven Before the Rest of 32. Defendant Page teased Stairway to	
22	Heaven in a April 25, 1970, interview by	Express Article
23	stating "We want to try something new	
24	with the organ and acoustic guitar	
25	building up and building up to the	
26	electric thing."	
<ul><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	33. Defendant Page stated in an audio	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 16 – ZigZag
		RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 55 of 65 Page ID #:2387

erview with ZigZag magazine in cember 1972 that he came up with the itar introduction for Stairway to aven at the Welsh cottage of Bron-yr-tr.  Defendant Jones stated in an audio erview that "Page and Plant [came ek] from the Welsh mountains with guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in deposition that he ever said the quote	audio interview (D165), Exhibit 1 – Page Depo., at p.339.  Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 16 – ZigZag audio interview (D165); Def. Answer to Amend. Compl., ¶53;  Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 16 – ZigZag
attar introduction for Stairway to aven at the Welsh cottage of Bron-yr- ar.  Defendant Jones stated in an audio erview that "Page and Plant [came ck] from the Welsh mountains with guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 16 – ZigZag audio interview (D165); Def. Answer Amend. Compl., ¶53;
aven at the Welsh cottage of Bron-yr- ar.  Defendant Jones stated in an audio erview that "Page and Plant [came ek] from the Welsh mountains with e guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in	audio interview (D165); Def. Answer (Amend. Compl., ¶53;
Defendant Jones stated in an audio erview that "Page and Plant [came ek] from the Welsh mountains with guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in	audio interview (D165); Def. Answer Amend. Compl., ¶53;
Defendant Jones stated in an audio erview that "Page and Plant [came ck] from the Welsh mountains with guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in	audio interview (D165); Def. Answer Amend. Compl., ¶53;
erview that "Page and Plant [came ck] from the Welsh mountains with guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in	audio interview (D165); Def. Answer Amend. Compl., ¶53;
ck] from the Welsh mountains with guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in	Amend. Compl., ¶53;
guitar intro and verse."  When Jones denied under oath in	- "
When Jones denied under oath in	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 16 – ZigZag
	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 16 – ZigZag
deposition that he ever said the quote	
	audio interview (D165); Def. Answer
fact 21, and that it was completely	Amend. Compl., ¶53; Jones Depositio
accurate, he was incorrect and he did	at p.106-09.
fact make such a statement—as his	
n answer to the amended complaint	
mits.	
When Robert Plant denied that	Malofiy Decl., Exhbiit 6 - Jones
ge had ever played Stairway to	Deposition, at p.106-09, Exhibit 16 –
aven's guitar introduction to him at	ZigZag audio interview (D165); Def.
on-yr-Aur, and claimed that he came	Answer to Amend. Compl., ¶53;.
with the first verse to Stairway to	
aven at Headley Grange, he was	
correct.	
	<u>i</u>
	ge had ever played Stairway to aven's guitar introduction to him at on-yr-Aur, and claimed that he came with the first verse to Stairway to aven at Headley Grange, he was

UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 56 of 65 Page ID #:2388

1 2	Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence
3	37. The first part of Stairway to	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 6 - Jones
4	Heaven that Page created was the guitar,	Deposition, at p.106-09, Exhibit 16 –
5	which he shared with Plant at Bron-yr-	ZigZag audio interview (D165); Def.
5	Aur, where Plant came up with the first	Answer to Amend. Compl., ¶53;
,	verse.	
	38. Page and Plant used Taurus to	Stewart Decl., ¶24
,	create the first 2:14 minutes of Stairway	
	to Heaven, including the guitar and	
	vocal melody.	
,	Led Zeppelin Wrote Songs by Using Ot	her People's Music Without Credit
	39. Defendant Page gave an interview	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 - Page Depo, at
	with Guitar World in 1993.	p.456-58; Exhibit 7 - Plant Depo., at
		p.351-53
	40. Page stated in a May 1993	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 - Page Depo, at
	interview with Guitar World when asked	p.456-58; Exhibit 7 - Plant Depo., at
	"When you were borrowing from classic	p.351-53.
	blues songs on the first two albums, did	
	you ever think it would catch up to	
	you?": "You mean getting sued? Well,	
,	as far as my end of it goes, I always tried	
3	to bring something fresh to anything that	
L	I used. I always made sure to come up	
5	with some variation. In fact, I think in	
5	most cases, you would never know what	
7	the original source could be. Maybe not	
3		i .
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) 55	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 57 of 65 Page ID #:2389

1 2	Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence
3	in every case– but in most cases. So	
4	most of the comparisons rest on the	
5	lyrics. And Robert was supposed to	
6	change the lyrics, and he didn't always	
7	do that— which is what brought on most	
8	of the grief. They couldn't get us on the	
9	guitar parts of the music, but they nailed	
10	us on the lyrics. We did, however, take	
11	some liberties, I must say [laughs]. But	
12	never mind; we did try to do the right	
13	thing, it blew up in our faces"	
14	41. Robert Plant does not dispute the	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo.,
15	accuracy or validity of Page's quote	at p.351-53.
16	made to Guitar World in or around May	
17	1993.	
18	42. Led Zeppelin based many of their	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo.,
19	songs on prior artistic works.	476-90, Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo., at
20		p.317-19
21	43. Led Zeppelin wrote several of their	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo.,
22	songs by copying the artistic expression	at p.297-333
23	of other artists.	
24	44. Led Zeppelin changed the credits	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo.,
25	on their songs "Dazed and Confused,"	476-490, Exhibit 6 – Jones Depo. at
26	"Babe I'm Gonna Leave You," "Whole	176-269, Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo., at p.
27	Lotta Love," "How Many More Times,"	297-333
28		
	56	Dyanovan ma Cm , may my man da a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
	` '	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 58 of 65 Page ID #:2390

1	<u>Plaintiff's Alleged</u> Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence
2		
3	"The Lemon Song," "Bring it On	
4	Home," and "When the Levee Breaks,"	
5	to credit other artists.	
6	45. Robert Plant could not identify any	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo.,
7	other band, ever, that changed the credits	at p.351-53.
8	on their songs as much as Led Zeppelin.	
9	46. Robert Plant admitted to "lifting"	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 17 - 2004 NPR
10	vocal melodies from other songs, stated	Interview of Robert Plant with Terry
11	that the lift was his responsibility, stated	Gross (22:10 to 24:25); Exhibit 7 – Plant
12	that back in the 1960s and 1970s he	Depo, at p.325-33
13	thought lifting was "just part of the	
14	game," and stated that he knew that	
15	sounded "naïve and irresponsible."	
16	47. The following Led Zeppelin songs,	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo.,
17	not including Stairway to Heaven, were	476-490, Exhibit 6 – Jones Depo. at
18	based on prior art and were not	176-269; Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo., at
19	independently created as they share	p.297-355
20	unmistakable and not coincidental	
21	similarities to other musical works:	
22	"Dazed and Confused," "Babe I'm	
23	Gonna Leave You," "Whole Lotta	
24	Love," "How Many More Times," "The	
25	Lemon Song," "Bring it On Home," and	
26	"When the Levee Breaks," "Hats off to	
27	(Roy) Harper," "Since I've Been Loving	
28		
	57	

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 59 of 65 Page ID #:2391

1 2	Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	<u>Plaintiff's Evidence</u>
3	You," "Custard Pie," "In My Time of	
4	Dying," "Boogie with Stu," "Nobody's	
5	Fault but Mine," "The Girl I love She	
6	Got Long Black Wavy Hair," "Your	
7	Time is Gonna Come," and	
8	"Communication Breakdown."	
9	48. Led Zeppelin had two to three	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo.
)	songwriting processes: (1) a band	at p.333-36, Exhibit 6 – Jones Depo., at
	member would bring a unique	p.159-160
2	composition to the band, (2) all members	
3	of the band would groove together, and	
L	(3) and an original chord progression	
5	would be played by one member for	
5	other band members.	
7	49. The songs credited to Page and	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 6 - Jones Depo.,
3	Plant, and not Jones and Bonham, were	at p.159-160
)	not jam sessions; Jones and Bonham	
)	were given song credit for jam sessions.	
	50. Jones claims that he never knew	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 6 - Jones Depo.,
2	Page and Plant took the music and lyrics	at p.193-212, 225-234, 239-247, 253-54;
3	for the song Whole Lotta Love from	Bricklin Decl., Audio Exhibits
1	Willie Dixon's You Need Loving as	
5	played by Muddy Waters and covered by	
5	the Small Faces—even though there was	
7	a prior lawsuit over that song and he was	
3		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) 58	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 60 of 65 Page ID #:2392

1 2	<u>Plaintiff's Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	Plaintiff's Evidence
3	deposed for it. Jones claims the same for	
4	"When the Levee Breaks" for which he	
5	received writing credit, which was based	
6	on "When the Levee Breaks" by	
7	Memphis Minnie and Kansas Joe	
8	McCoy. Jones claims the same for "in	
9	My Time of Dying" for which he	
0	received writing credit, which was based	
1	on Josh White's "Jesus Make Up My	
2	Dying Bed (also known as In My Time	
.3	of Dying," and Blind Willie Johnson's	
4	"Jesus Gonna Make Up My Dying Bed."	
5	Jones claims the same for "Since I've	
6	Been Loving You" for which he	
7	received writing credit, which was taken	
8	from Moby Grape's "Never." Jones	
9	claims the same for "Lemon Song" for	
0	which he received writing credit, which	
1	was based on "Howlin' Wolf's Killing	
2	Floor." These examples are not	
3	exhaustive.	
4	51. As Page and Plant did with at least	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 1 – Page Depo.,
5	sixteen other songs, they used a prior	476-490, Exhibit 6 – Jones Depo. at
26	work to create Stairway to Heaven:	p.176-269; Exhibit 7 – Robert Plant at
27	"Taurus" by Spirit.	p.297-355; Bricklin Decl., Audio
8		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 61 of 65 Page ID #:2393

1 2	Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence	
3		Exhibits	
4	52. Page had previously asked Randy	Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶19-21	
5	California how to play the introduction		
6	to Taurus.		
7	53. Spirit was the only rock band that	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 3 – New Music	
8	Led Zeppelin ever covered, besides	Express Page Interview, Exhibit 4 –	
9	NRBQ, and Page is on record stating	Page ZigZag Interview; Exhibit 6 –	
10	that Spirit moved him on an emotional	Jones Depo. at p.59-60, 79; Exhibit 7 –	
11	level, that he enjoyed their albums, and	Plant Depo., at p.252-53.	
12	that he does possess "Taurus" on a vinyl		
13	album of <i>Spirit</i> .		
14	Randy California Confrontation with Jimmy Page and Anger Over the Theft		
15	of His Song by Led Zeppelin 54. In the early 1970s Randy	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶5-9;	
16	California was upset over what he	Declaration of Mike Lee, ¶; Declaration	
17	viewed as the misappropriation of	of Dave Waterbury, ¶3-7.	
18	Taurus in Stairway to Heaven.		
19	55. In 1970, Randy was seriously	Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶9	
20	injured when he was thrown from a		
21	horse. He was in the hospital for		
22	months, and while he was in intensive		
23	care, Ferguson and Andes decided to		
24	leave the group because they believed		
25	that Randy would never fully recover.		
26	Shortly after he was released from the		
27	hospital Jimi Hendrix died. Hendrix and		
28	60		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS	

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 62 of 65 Page ID #:2394

1 2	Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	Plaintiff's Evidence
	Randy had become very close friends	
3	over the years. The combination of his	
4	serious injuries, Ferguson and Andes	
5	leaving the group, and Hendrix dying,	
6	sent Randy into a tailspin of depression	
7	which lasted several years.	
8	56. On April 14, 1973, Spirit	Declaration of Larry "Fuzzy" Knight, at
9	performed at the Rainbow in London,	¶7;
10	England, and played around 7 encores.	
11	57. Following the show there was an	Declaration of Larry "Fuzzy" Vnight at
12	Č	Declaration of Larry "Fuzzy" Knight, at
13	after party at which Spirit's members	¶8;
14	and James Patrick Page were present.	
15	58. Page spoke with Spirit's bassist	Declaration of Larry "Fuzzy" Knight, at
16	Larry "Fuzzy" Knight, complimented	¶9-10;
17	Spirit's work, said he was a "huge fan"	
18	of the band, and complimented the show	
19	Spirit played.	
20	59. During this party, Page was taken	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
21	aside by Randy California and	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;
22	confronted about Zeppelin's use of	Declaration of Larry "Fuzzy" Knight, at
23	Taurus in Stairway to Heaven.	¶12-13;
24	60. Page acknowledged taking Taurus	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9
25	and using it in Stairway to Heaven, but	("Page admitted that he lifted Taurus for
26	told California that Led Zeppelin would	Stairway but threatened him and said
27	hire 20 to 25 lawyers for every lawyer	that he would get 20 lawyers for every
28		<u>I</u>
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED
		UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 63 of 65 Page ID #:2395

1	Plaintiff's Alleged	Plaintiff's Evidence
2	<u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	
3	California could hire and that Spirit	lawyer Randy might be able to hire");
4	would never win such a suit.	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
5	61. Randy California was angry and	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
6	depressed over the taking of Taurus in	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;
7	Stairway to Heaven in 1970s.	Declaration of Mike Lee; Declaration of
8		Robert Lee;
9	62. Randy California was angry and	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
10	depressed over the taking of Taurus in	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;
11	Stairway to Heaven in 1980s.	Declaration of Bruce Pates, ¶;
12		Declaration of Mike Lee; Declaration of
13		Robert Lee;
14	63. Randy California was angry and	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
15	depressed over the taking of Taurus in	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;
16	Stairway to Heaven in 1990s.	Declaration of Mike Lee ¶6-7;
17		Declaration of Robert Lee ¶4;
18	64. Randy California attempted to take	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
19	legal action against Led Zeppelin several	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;
20	times but believed that the statute of	Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶26-27 &
21	limitations had ran; and he also had no	2011 Email to Pates; Declaration of
22	money.	Mike Lee ¶6; Declaration of Robert Lee
23		¶4; Declaration of Linda Mensch, ¶2-6;
24		Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶10
25	65. While in Chicago, IL in the 1990s,	Declaration of Linda Mensch, ¶2-6.
26	Randy went with Spirit historian Bruce	
27	Pates to an entertainment lawyer named	
28		
	Gaza No. 15 av 02462 PCV (ACPv)	DEGRANGE TO CTATELER OF ALLEGE
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 64 of 65 Page ID #:2396

1 2	Plaintiff's Alleged Uncontroverted Facts	<u>Plaintiff's Evidence</u>
3	Linda Mensch. Mensch told Randy that	
4	any suit over Taurus against Led	
5	Zeppelin was likely barred by the statute	
6	of limitations and that it would be very	
7	expensive, a significant obstacle given	
8	that Randy had no money.	
9	66. Randy considered legal action	Declaration of David Waterbury, ¶4-6;
0	several times but never had the money	Declaration of Paul Franklin, ¶7-9;
1	and thought that he likely would not be	Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶26-27 &
2	able to sue.	2011 Email to Pates; Declaration of
3		Mike Lee ¶6; Declaration of Robert Lee
4		¶4; Declaration of Linda Mensch, ¶2-6;
5		Janet Wolfe Decl., ¶10
6	67. Before his death on January 2,	Declaration of Tracy Longo, ¶25-27 &
7	1997, Randy California told his guitar	attached 2011 Email from Longo to
8	tech and friend, Tracy Longo, that he	Pates
9	was again considering a lawsuit against	
0	Led Zeppelin.	
1	Taurus and Stairway to Heaven Are Substantially, even Strikingly, Similar	
2	68. Taurus guitar is substantially	Stewart Decl., ¶20-24; Johnson Decl,
3	similar to Stairway Guitar	¶14-16
4	69. Harpsichord in Taurus and vocal	Stewart Decl., ¶20-24.
25	melody in Stairway are substantially	
26	similar.	
7	70. Songs are strikingly similar and not	Stewart Decl., ¶20-24; Johnson Decl,
8		<u>I</u>
	` '	RESPONSE TO STATEMENT OF ALLEGED UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

	DI 1 1000 A II	DI
2	<u>Plaintiff's Alleged</u> <u>Uncontroverted Facts</u>	<u>Plaintiff's Evidence</u>
3	product of coincidence.	¶14-16
4	71. The guitar at issue in Taurus is not	Stewart Decl., ¶9-10, 50; Johnson Dec
5	a common unprotected element of a	¶22, 25-26, 30
6	song.	
7	72. The guitar introduction to Stairway	Malofiy Decl., Exhibit 7 – Plant Depo
8	to Heaven contains the most iconic notes	at p.280:16 to 281:14.
9	in rock and roll history.	
0		<u> </u>
1		
2		
3		
4	DATED: March 7 2016 ED	ANCIS ALEXANDER, LLC
5	DATED: March 7, 2016 FR	AINCIS ALEXAINDER, LLC
6	/s/	Francis Malofiy
7	Francis Malofiy, Esq.	
8	Att	orneys for Plaintiff
9		
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Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 95 of 271

e 2	:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 F #:2445	Filed 03/07/16 Page 1 of 22 Page ID
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	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
	FOR THE CENTRAL DIS	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
	MICHAEL SKIDMORE, as Trustee for	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)
	the RANDY CRAIG WOLFE TRUST,	
	Plaintiff,	Hon. R. Gary Klausner
	Fiamum,	DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER
	V.	STEWART, Ph.D IN OPPOSITION
	LED ZEPPELIN; JAMES PATRICK	TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT OR
	PAGE; ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT;	PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT
	JOHN PAUL JONES; SUPER HYPE	
	PUBLISHING, INC.; WARNER MUSIC	Date: March 28, 2016 Time: 9:00 a.m.
	GROUP CORP., Parent of WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC.;	Room: 850
	ATLANTIC RECORDING	rtoom. 656
	CORPORATION; RHINO	
	ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY,	
	Defendants.	
		_
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	02504	

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 2 of 22 Page ID #:2446

#### DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART, Ph.D

- I, Alexander Stewart, Ph.D, declare as follows:
- 1. I am Professor of Music, Director of Latin American and Caribbean Studies, and Jazz Studies Coordinator at the University of Vermont. I have contributed to numerous peer reviewed journals and other publications and I am author of a book published by University of California Press. My work encompasses extensive music transcriptions, musicological analysis, historical research, and other scholarly activities, particularly in popular music. I earned a Ph.D. in Music (Ethnomusicology Concentration) from the Graduate Center of the City University of New York (CUNY) and a Master of Music in Jazz and Commercial Music from Manhattan School of Music. During 2006-07, I was a Fulbright scholar researching traditional and popular music in Mexico. As an active professional musician I have performed with leading musicians in jazz and popular music for more than thirty years. I have provided expert opinions and analysis on music copyright matters for over twelve years. I have personal knowledge of the facts recited in this declaration and if called as a witness could testify competently to such facts.
- 2. I have been asked to compare the songs "Taurus" (T) by Randy California of the group Spirit and "Stairway To Heaven" (STH) by Jimmy Page and Robert Plant. I downloaded the recordings of T and STH from iTunes and purchased the sheet music to STH from musicnotes.com. I was also provided six live versions and a demo of "Taurus" and additional guitar sheet music to STH by attorney Francis Alexander Malofiy. These recordings, sheet music to STH, and transcriptions of the relevant parts of the recordings are attached to this report.
- 3. Both songs prominently feature a musical segment that contains substantially similar musical expression. This four-measure passage (labeled "A" in the analysis below) appears four times in T at 0:45, 0:58, 1:37, and 1:50. In STH the passage appears six times, at 0:00, 0:13, 0:53, 1:06, 1:47, and 2:00. In three of the six appearances in STH (the first, second, and sixth), it is heard instrumentally (without vocals). During the last iteration some

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 3 of 22 Page ID #:2447

arpeggiated variations are heard in the guitar. As discussed further below, live versions of Taurus also feature a similar fingerpicking style in the passage's later appearances. The third, fourth, and fifth iterations of the passage in STH contain a vocal part. While T is entirely instrumental and features no vocals, a melodic figure heard in the keyboard during this section bears a similarity to the main vocal melody heard during this passage in STH. For reasons given below, these "A" passages are clearly the most important musical expression in both works. Before discussing this musical expression further, this report will examine the general characteristics of each song.

#### **General Characteristics**

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	Key	Tempo (BPM)	Style
Taurus	A minor	~72	quasi-classical
Stairway (Part I)	A minor	~73	quasi-classical

4. As can be seen above, both songs are in the same keys (A minor) and are performed at nearly identical tempos. The tempos or beats are somewhat fluid in both songs, as the guitarist lingers slightly on the final cadence during the passages in question. While the tempo of STH eventually accelerates, Part I remains very close to the starting tempo throughout. As will be discussed further below, the instrumental textures are also quite similar, featuring most prominently acoustic guitar and "classical" instruments such as flute, recorders (a type of end-blown flute), and, in T, strings and harpsichord. In both songs the overall mood or style is suggestive of Renaissance-era classical music.

#### Structure/form

#### "Stairway to Heaven"

22 PART I 0:00 A (instrumental) 23 0:13 A (instrumental) 24 0:26 B (instrumental) 0:53 A vocal 25 1:06 A vocal 1:20 B vocal 26 1:47 A vocal 2:00 A (instrumental variation) 27

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

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Qase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 4 of 22 Page ID
                                               #:2448
 1
     PART II
 2
     2:14
            vamp 1 (two chord) interlude
     2:39
            C
     2:51
            vamp 1 (two chord) interlude
     3:06
     3:29
            C
     3:41
     3:56
            vamp 1 (two chord) interlude
 6
     4:19
            C¹ (drums enter)
     4:30
     4:45
            vamp 1 (two chord) interlude
     5:07
 8
            C^1
     5:18
     5:34
            Instrumental interlude
            vamp 2 (three chord) guitar solo
     5:55
     6:44
            vocal re-enters over vamp 2
10
   Section descriptions
                   4 measure verse with descending A minor guitar pattern
    Α
                   8 measure "bridge"
12
   В
                   2 chord progression (essentially Amin – D)
    Vamp 1
13
   C
                   4 measure verse melody from A section over descending C major
14
   C^1
                   4 measure variation of verse melody over descending C major pattern Vamp
                   3 chord progression (Amin - G - F)
15
16
    "Taurus" (studio version)
17||0:00
            Intro (studio version only)
    0:45
            Α
18|| 0:58
            A
            В
    1:12
19
   1:37
            Α
    1:50
            A
20
   2:04
            В
21
   Section descriptions
                   "atmospheric" sustained "pads" and short figurations in free time
   Intro
23
                   4 measure verse with descending A minor guitar pattern
24
                   7 measure "bridge"
   В
25
           5.
                  As can be seen in the above analysis, the structure of Part I of "Stairway to
   Heaven" is nearly identical to that of "Taurus" after the introduction. The introduction in
27
    Taurus is not set to a steady beat or meter and effectively sets the mood for the song proper
   Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)
                                                DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART IN
                                                OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR
                                                SUMMARY JUDGMENT
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### dase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 5 of 22 Page ID

that begins a 0:44. The A sections in both songs are four measures long. They are repeated (AA) and separated by a longer B section or bridge. The overall form of both songs thus can be represented as:

```
(intro) AABAAB
STH (Part I)
                  AABAABAA
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- 6. It is important to note that *every* live version and the demo of Taurus begin with the A sections. Clearly, the intro was added for the studio version and was not part of the original composition. Therefore, forms of "Taurus" and Part I of "STH" are identical. The only structural differences between them are that STH repeats the A sections at the end (still maintaining the AA structure) and the B section in T is one measure shorter, i.e., seven measures instead of eight.
- 7. After Part I, at 2:14 STH transitions to other material, much of which eventually is supported by the rhythm section (bass and drums). Most of my analysis will be concerned with the first part of STH which contains enough musical content and length to comprise song unto itself (the average popular song is about three minutes in length). Part I 16 | is important not only because it is the first music the listener hears (for over two minutes), but also because it contains the weightiest compositional material in the song. It is meant to evoke a complex polyphonic classical texture and in that respect it offers contrast with the later vamps (repeated patterns of two or three chords) and jams (improvised sections). As discussed later in this report in my qualitative analysis, the most memorable and iconic musical materials in STH are heard during Part I.

#### **Specific Musical Expression**

- 8. The "A" sections in both songs are similar on every level: melody, rhythm, harmony, texture, tempo, instrumentation, and fretboard positioning and fingering.
- 9. Harmony. The underlying harmonic structure contains a descending chromatic bass line. While a related structure has a long history in Western music (sometimes referred to as the "Lament" ground bass), many composers through the ages Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

#### Qase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 6 of 22 Page ID #:2450

have found original and creative ways to use this foundational pattern. The setting of the passage in T is exemplar of such creativity and contains original musical expression. By way of comparison I would note as one example that many thousands of songs have been set to twelve-bar blues. Substantial and original expression contained therein remains protectable despite this commonality. As will be seen in my analysis below, both "Taurus" and STH depart from the traditional sequence in similar and significant ways.

- 10. The chromatic version of the traditional sequence moves through six pitches from the tonic (do) to the important harmonic goal on the fifth degree of the scale (sol). In an unusual variation, both T and STH avoid or defer reaching this important goal on the last 10 | pitch of the sequence (the fifth degree or E). In addition to not incorporating the entire sixpitch sequence (A G# G F# F E), both T and STH use the first five pitches in exactly the same way. As the bass line descends chromatically from A to F#, each pitch is held for two 13 beats duration before lingering on F for four beats in the third measure. In both songs the 14|| movement to the final pitch of the sequence, the fifth degree of the scale E, is not arrived at directly and is only suggested near the end of the fourth measure.
  - 11. The following is a harmonic analysis of the two passages:

T(1:37) Amin Amin/G# Amin/G Amin/F# Fmai7 D5 E5/A<sup>1</sup> Amin Amin/G# STH Amin/G Amin/F# Fmaj7 G A (E)

As can be seen, the harmonies are identical until the final measure. A comparison of the cadences will be found later in this report.

- 12. Rhythm and tempo. Besides the descending chromatic line described above, both passages are treated with a nearly continuous eighth-note figuration.
- 13. Each measure of the four-measure passage contains four beats and each of these four beats is subdivided in two, for a total of 32 positions or eighth-note "slots"

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The fourth measure of these patterns contain slight variations. My analysis of Taurus will focus on the third iteration (1:37) of the A section as representative.

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 7 of 22 Page ID #:2451

(4x2x4). These eighth notes are set to almost exactly the same tempo making the passages' durations almost the same in both songs – about 13 seconds.

14. Guitar Melody. The following table graphically presents these four measures and depicts the steady eighth-note figurations heard in the acoustic guitar in these passages. Since both songs are in the same key, the actual pitches can be easily compared without transposition.

Example 1. Acoustic guitar themes in "Taurus" and "Stairway to Heaven"

	1		2		3		4		1		2		3		4	
TAURUS		С	ECB			С	ECB			С	ECB			С	ECB	
	Α			Α	G#			G#	G			G	F#			F#
HEAVEN		С	Е	Α	В	Ε	С	В	С	Е	С	С	F#	D	Α	F#
	Α				G#				G				F#			

	1		2		3		4		1		2		3		4	
TAURUS		С	ECB		AB		AB									
	F			F		F		F	D			D	Α			G
HEAVEN	Ε	С	Α	С		Ε	С	Α	G	Α	Α					
	F								В	Α	Α			Α	F	Ε

almost identical, the second measure contains only two different pitches, and the first two slots of the third measure contain the same pitches. With two slight re-orderings, swapping CE for EC, 14 of the first 18 eighth-note positions or slots (78%) contain the same pitches. Since these pitches, C and E, are both present in T (on the second and fourth beats), and they are chord tones in A minor they are virtually interchangeable (A minor = A, C, E). While there are two B's in the first measure of both songs, the two B's in STH are heard in the top part. The second B in STH moves to a C/G on the first beat of the second measure. During the first 18 notes, then the, basic melodic sequence is virtually the same.

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 8 of 22 Page ID #:2452

between T and STH is the overall texture and orchestration. Both songs feature acoustic guitars on the main theme of the passage discussed immediately above. This acoustic guitar part is the signature theme in both songs. The passages at issue also are supported by sustained chords or "pads" using string or recorder sounds. The descending chromatic line is doubled by string or recorder sounds in both songs (after the first iteration of the signature theme in STH and after the second iteration in T). Example 2 provides transcriptions of these two parts.

Example 2. String and recorder parts in "Taurus" and "Stairway to Heaven"



- 17, The presence of acoustic guitar, strings, recorder/flute sounds, and harpsichord as well as the noticeable absence of bass and drums (and other instruments characteristic of rock and roll) lend both songs a decidedly "classical" style, particularly evoking a Renaissance atmosphere.
- In both songs, the descending bass line is doubled by instruments with very similar sounds a cello in T and a bass recorder in STH. This thickening of the texture, occurring after the initial exposition of the theme, contributes to the gradual build in intensity.
- 19. Other important similarities provide additional evidence of copying. In both songs the passages are set to "pads" or sustained strings or flute sounds. In T these pads are heard in the first, second and third iterations of the passage. The pads in STH occur in the second, fourth, fifth, and sixth iterations (see measures 5, 21, 33, and 37 in the transcription

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 9 of 22 Page ID #:2453

of STH). While the pads contain some different pitches, in both songs they begin with the same sustained pitch as the highest note, E. The top note of any vertical sonority is almost always the most prominent.

20. Vocal Melody. The vocal melody in STH that is set to these guitar passages in the A sections is similar to the harpsichord melodies heard in T during the third iteration of the studio version (1:37) and in the keyboard parts at the very beginning of all the live versions. In STH, this melody, which establishes the subject matter of the song and contains the words "stairway to heaven," is arguably the most important vocal theme in STH. The melody of STH is set to three phrases that climb successively to three higher pitches: C, D, and E. The melody in T also gradually works its way upward through these same pitches. The first vocal phrase of STH begins similarly to the clavinet melody in T as can be seen below:

Taurus A B C A Heaven A B C BA C ("There's a lady who's sure...")

It is important to note that this keyboard melody in T and the vocal in STH are placed similarly over the guitar passage in the A sections of both songs.

21. The final cadences of these passages also contain important similarities. The resolution of STH comes at the beginning of the fourth measure while in T the resolution generally also comes in the fourth measure, but on the third beat. The cadence in STH (essentially G major to A minor) contains the following pitches (as can be seen in measure 24 of the STH sheet music).

Stairway

D E

23||B C

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 $\|G A\|$ 

B A

The cadence in T generally resolves to A on the third beat of the fourth measure.

Melodically, the same movement from G to A occurs at the end of the measure leading into

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 10 of 22 Page ID #:2454

the next A section.

|| Taurus

D A (GA)

D E

||A A|

A B

 $\|D - A\|$ 

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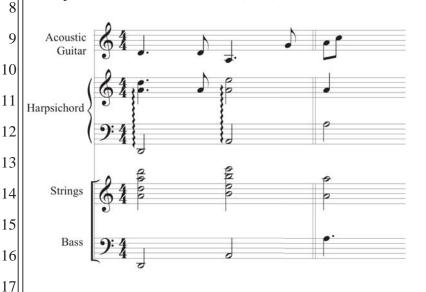
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Example 3 provides a transcription of this cadence from T at 1:47.

Example 3. "Taurus" cadence (1:47)



- 22. While there are differences between these two cadences, both A sections return to the tonic in the fourth measure. Most important, the melodic movement from flat-7 to 1 (G to A) is exactly the same in both songs, although in T it happens at the end of measure four rather than at the beginning of the measure.
- 23. Significance. The passages at issue are clearly important, easily the *most* important musical expression in both songs. In T the segments comprise the central musical themes heard in the work. Although in the studio version of T a long introduction is heard, in live versions, there was no introduction and the song began with the main theme heard in the acoustic guitar. Similarly in STH the passages open the song, and have acquired iconic status. Instantly recognizable, countless aspiring guitarists and other instrumentalists have

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

10

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 11 of 22 Page ID

learned these parts in their early programs of study.

24. In summary, important musical expression in Taurus and Part I of STH is substantially similar. These similarities should be obvious to the average listener and become explicit under musicological analysis. There is no doubt that the creators of "Stairway to Heaven" drew upon the musical expression central to "Taurus." Besides the overall general form, sound, feel, style, and tempo, these similarities include the signature themes of both songs, in particular the acoustic guitar passages I have labeled section "A." Nearly 80% of the pitches of the first eighteen notes match, along with their rhythms and metric placement. The harmonic setting of these A sections feature the same chords during the first three measures and an unusual variation on the traditional chromatic descending bass line in the fourth measure. While the cadence is delayed slightly in T, each passage ends by moving from flat-7 to 1 (G to A). Moreover, these passages are supported by similar "pads" or sustained string or recorder sounds and string and bass recorder parts that are 14 | identical. The passages are overlayered by vocal melodies in STH and prominent keyboard 15 parts in T that begin the same way. In professional opinion, these similarities, both 16 individually and in the aggregate, preclude the possibility of coincidence or independent creation.

#### 18|| Preliminary Response to Ferrara and Mathes Reports

- 25. Before addressing the specific content in the undated Ferrara and Mathes reports, I would like to reiterate the most important points in this case.
- 26. "Taurus" contains original protectable expression. A central theme in "Taurus" is the 4-measure guitar part.
- 27. "Taurus" and "Stairway" are much more similar to each other than any of the other songs mentioned by Ferrara in his report are to either of these songs. The guitar parts in "Taurus" and "Stairway" are much more similar to each other than they are to any other similar passages in any of the songs referenced in the Ferrara report.
- 28. These similarities, which are readily apparent even to casual listeners and are

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

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### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 12 of 22 Page ID

made clear in my expert analysis, are substantial and involve expression important to both compositions.

29. Ferrara's report is severely flawed in its methodology and is riddled with errors and omissions as discussed further below. Despite offerings transcriptions of the recordings of nearly all his examples of so-called prior art, he never offers a single note transcribed from "Taurus." Even more breathtaking in its inconsistency is his reliance on a painstaking transcription of the recording of "Stairway" (which must have taken many hours to complete) for his comparison of the works at issue in this case while completely avoiding a similar dissection of "Taurus." He describes using software to loop and slow down the 10 | recording in order to accomplish this (see footnote 2 on p. 72). By his own count he has identified 11,104 note heads in "Stairway." While this transcription fills 29 pages (Visual Exhibit B), he could not take the time to transcribe a single note from the recording of "Taurus" though he references both the time frame in which it was recorded (January 1968) and the album on which this work appeared (*Spirit*).

- 30. I have seen Dr. Ferrara's work in numerous other comparisons and I don't believe 16 I have ever seen him go to such lengths to avoid discussing a sound recording in which a composition is embodied. Indeed, standard musicological practice requires that the relevant 18 portions of both works be rendered in transcriptions. In the interest of fairness, the same techniques and procedures must be used in the analysis both compositions. For some unexplained reason Dr. Ferrara has chosen not to follow standard musicological procedures (that he has followed in numerous other matters).
  - 31. The deficiency of the lead sheet deposit copy of "Taurus" is noted at the very beginning of Mr. Mathes' report. In his words, "the lead sheet is strangely lacking in that the guitar figure, as played on the recording, is not there" (Mathes Report para. 4). As can be heard not only in the studio recording of "Taurus," but in every live version as well (most of which pre-date the studio version), this guitar passage forms an integral part of the composition of "Taurus" as it was conceived, created and fixed in the period before the

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

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### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 13 of 22 Page ID

recording of the album *Spirit*.

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32. If the guitar figure is not in the lead sheet, as stated by the defendant's other expert, then how can Dr. Ferrara's comparison of the guitar passages, which relies entirely upon this lead sheet, be be considered valid? Unfortunately, as a result, Dr. Ferrara has wasted considerable time in preparing a 199-page report that ignores the relevant passage found in the original work. This omission compels us to disregard almost the entirety of Dr. Ferrara's report.

- 33. Obviously he has taken an evasive approach to this case. Lead sheets are notoriously lacking in musical detail, and, quite often, contain inaccuracies in their 10 | representation of the composition. Indeed, the first sixteen measures of "Stairway" are completely missing from the deposit copy lead sheet of that composition. Would the 12 defendants be willing to concede that none of the sounds heard during this entire section are 13 part of the protectable musical expression contained in the "Stairway" composition? Besides the iconic guitar A section, these measures contain an eight-bar B section and recorder backgrounds, that, in their aggregate, comprise nearly 275 notes. Plagiarists around the 16 world will be glad to learn that this expression is free for the taking if, according to the defendants' presumed argument, since it was not included in the deposit copy of "Stairway," 18 it is not part of the composition.
  - 34. In particular, Dr. Ferrara's comparison of the melodies and rhythms (Attachments C & D) of the iconic guitar passages at issue in "Taurus" and "Stairway" are so deeply flawed that they must be completely discarded.
  - 35. The pitch sequence heard in the first three measures of the A section of "Taurus" contains at least 30 pitches (the number varies slightly among the different iterations of this section and in terms of the notes that are sustained rather than re-struck). Ferrara's analysis shows only 15 notes and leaves out approximately *half* the notes (Musical Example 10).
  - 36. Rhythmically, there is a steady stream of eighth notes in both passages during the three measures, 24 consecutive eighth-notes (as charted in my report in example 1).

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 14 of 22 Page ID

Ferrara's claim that "there are no significant rhythmic similarities" (p.42 para. 7) is patently false. In fact, the rhythms in these three-measure passages are identical.

- 37. Mr. Mathes' performance of the passages in question confirms these facts. He plays a steady stream of 24 eighth-notes during these three measures, thereby directly contradicting Ferrara's faulty comparison.
- 38. Similarly, Dr. Ferrara's comparisons with so-called prior art must also be rejected because he has not relied on an accurate representation of the compositional elements of "Taurus." In fact, he has intentionally avoided them. This is a clear case of "garbage in – garbage out."
- 39. Amazingly, Dr. Ferrara is unable to compare such basic elements as the tempos of each work because the deposit copy of "Taurus' does not include an indication of the 12 tempo" (p. 7 para 13). All he needed to do was listen briefly to the recording as Mr. Mathes 13 was clearly able to do in his recreation of the A section of "Taurus." Ferrara also attempts to 14 make much of the fact that "Stairway" has lyrics and a vocal while "Taurus" does not; in 15 other words, "Stairway" is a song and "Taurus" is an instrumental. Strictly speaking this 16 statement is correct, however, the term "song" is frequently used when referring to compositions that embody similarities to vocal works (e.g. Mendelssohn's Songs Without 18 Words). Moreover, much of the opening section of "Stairway" in which the A guitar passage occurs is an instrumental anyway.
- 40. Dr. Ferrara commits another analytical conceit when he states: "The basic rhythmic pulse in the portion of 'Taurus' with similarities to 'Stairway' is quarter notes, but 22|| the basic rhythmic pulse in the portion of 'Stairway' with similarities to 'Taurus' is eighth 23 notes. Only after halving the notes values in "Taurus" can they be properly compared with the notes in 'Stairway'" (p.40 para 4). The decision whether to represent the basic notational 25 unit as eighth notes or quarter notes is mostly arbitrary and has little effect on the sound of 26 these works when performed. Indeed, well before I saw the deposit copy I transcribed "Taurus" using eighth notes as the basic unit (as I would expect most transcribers).

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

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### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 15 of 22 Page ID

41. My original report stated that while other works use similar descending minor
harmonic patterns, both "Taurus" and "Stairway" were unusual in their avoidance of the
typical final pitch of this sequence, the fifth or E in the key of A minor. Indeed, most of the
examples provided by Ferrara, including the Purcell, the Chopin, the Ellington, (Visual
Exhibits D, E, and H); "Chim Chim Cher-ee" (Musical Example 4), "Walkin' My Baby
Back Home" (Musical Example 6), "Spring Is Near" (Musical Example 9), "Cry Me a
River" (Musical Example 13), "Michelle" (Musical Example 14-15), all arrive at the fifth
degree of the scale. Some, such as "What Are You Doing the Rest of Your Life" (Visual
Exhibit L), after a slight detour, reach a sustained fifth before returning to the beginning of
the sequence.

- 42. "A Taste of Honey" (Musical Example 12), "Music to Watch Girls By" (Musical 12 Examples 16-17) and "More" (Visual Exhibit G and Musical Example 7) never even arrive 13 at the flat 6 and only contain the first four notes of the descending sequence.
- 43. Some of his examples, such as "How Insensitive" (Musical Example 5), "Night 15 and Day," and "One Note Samba," (Visual Exhibits F, I., and K respectively) and feature 16 only a chromatic bass line and the chords or harmonies above them are different from those found in "Taurus" and "Stairway."
  - 44. Quite a few (e.g., "More" and "Summer Rain") also are in major keys and, as Ferrara points out represent temporary "tonicization' (i.e., momentary change of the 'tonic' or key tone) of a minor key" (p. 31, paragraph 26).
  - 45. Many of Ferrara's examples (e.g., Purcell, Visual Exhibit D and "Meaning of the Blues," Musical Example 3) also have very different durations and harmonic rhythms for the progression.
- 46. Dr. Ferrara provides examples of what he claims are "melodic similarities" between the guitar parts in section A of "Taurus" and "Stairway" and the guitar parts of 26 several other songs that predate "Taurus." Once again it is essential to note that, since he is not using a complete and accurate transcription of the guitar part in "Taurus" (as recognized

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

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DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 16 of 22 Page ID

by defendant's other expert Mathes), these comparisons are fundamentally flawed. Still, once again "Taurus" and "Stairway" are much more similar to each other than either is to any of these examples. Musical Example 11 (an arrangement for Johnny Mathis of "My Funny Valentine") is very different rhythmically and in durations and in the guitar part contains no pitches except arpeggiated chord tones. The Beatles version of a "Taste of Honey" (Musical Example 12) and Davey Graham's recording of "Cry Me a River" (Musical Example 13) are also different rhythmically and melodically (containing triplet arpeggios). It is also important to note that the recording of "Summer Rain" (Musical Examples 18 and 19) postdates several of the live versions of "Taurus" and more properly belongs with the songs in the next section of Dr. Ferrrara's report that discusses songs released after "Taurus."

47. Since "Summer Rain" and the next three examples postdate "Taurus," they do 13 nothing to undermine the originality of the guitar passage in "Taurus." Moreover, they are less similar to either "Taurus" or "Stairway" than these two works are to each other. "Ice 15 | Cream Dream" (Musical Example 20) does not contain the essential second tone of the 16 progression at all (#7 or G# in the key of A minor). Moreover, Ferrara's analysis and transcription are incorrect. The first chord of the song is G minor, not A minor meaning that 18|| he does not even get the correct key in his transcription. "Thoughts" (Musical Example 21) and "And She's Lonely" (Musical Example 22), like the standard progressions in paragraph 17 of this report, arrive at the fifth degree of the progression (E in the key of A minor).

48. Dr. Ferrara's Audio Exhibits are exemplar of more shoddy work. Many of the pieces are incorrectly labeled or totally absent. Tracks 6, 7, and 8 are not the songs "Walkin' 23|| My Baby Back Home," "More," or "Spring Is Near." Track 17 is not "And She's Lonely." Without having the actual recordings that he has purported to represent in his transcriptions and comparisons, it is impossible to determine their accuracy.

48. While I can easily provide more detailed analysis of these comparisons (especially if I am provided all the correct recordings), for now I can emphatically state that

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

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DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 17 of 22 Page ID

not one of the examples provided by Ferrara and Mathes as having similar harmonies, melodic and rhythmic patterns, and/or instrumentation (i.e., acoustic guitar) is as similar to "Taurus" and "Stairway" as they are to each other.

49. Mr Mathes' report at least appears to compare more of the compositional elements of "Taurus" and "Stairway." However, his report is colored by effusive praise and hyperbole regarding Led Zeppelin and its individual members. Adjectives such as "unrivaled," "inimitable," "incredible," "gorgeous," "wonderful," and "monumental," "extremely particular and very special" and "completely unique and beautifully so" do little to further objective analysis of the musical expression at issue. Given Led Zeppelin's well 10|| known history of having appropriated from other works perhaps he should adopt a more cautious and neutral tone in his appraisal of their creative accomplishments. In any event, 12 much of his report reads more like an article in a fan magazine. "John Paul Jones was not 13 only a great Bass player, but Zeppelin's secret weapon from an arrangement standpoint." 14 Robert Plant's "artistry became the model for all Rock singers" and "Jimmy's" "legendary" solo made "rock history."

50. I also find his constant use of the term "line cliché" (which he attributes to his 17 | training at Berklee College of Music) not particularly informative. Many of the other 18 elements in "Stairway," in particular the two and three-chord vamps, could also be 19 considered clichés. Still, he recognizes that the guitar passages at issue in this case are more than clichés and contain "special" elements. While he is correct in saying that the passage in "Stairway" ascends higher than the line in "Taurus," he does not directly compare the pitches note-for-note as I have in my analysis which shows that nearly 78% or 14 of the first 18 eighth-note slots contain the same pitches. Much of the higher range of "Stairway" is due to mere octave displacement (placing the same pitch class at a higher octave), not because of the introduction of new pitches to the sequence.

51. In preparing this report I was careful to disregard performance elements and focus on compositional elements in order to reach my conclusions.

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

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DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

### se 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 18 of 22 Page ID #:2462 52. Because of time constraints, I have been unable to offer further analysis of these reports at this time. Regardless, as I have tried to show in this brief response, I have found nothing persuasive in the Ferrara and Mathes reports that contradicts my finding that substantial original musical expression from "Taurus" has been copied in "Stairway." Executed this 7th day of March, 2016 at Burly, Vermont. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct. Alexander Stewart, Ph.D. Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) DECLARATION OF ALEXANDER STEWART IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Case 2:	15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 19 of 22 Page ID #:2463
1	AUDIO EXHIBITS
2	Audio Exhibit 1: Dazed and Confused by Led Zeppelin
3	Audio Exhibit 2:
4	Dazed and Confused by Jack Holmes (1967)
5	Audio Exhibit 3:
6	Whole Lotta Love by Led Zeppelin
7	Audio Exhibit 4:
8	Muddy Waters' You Need Love (1962) (10 seconds – 28 seconds)
9	Audio Exhibit 5:
10	The Small Faces' You Need Loving (1966) (25 seconds – 48 seconds)
11	Audio Exhibit 6:
12	Live performance of Led Zeppelin playing Fresh Garbage 1-10-1969
13	
14	
15	AUDIO EXHIBITS – COMPARISON AUDIO Audio Exhibit 7:
16	Stairway to Heaven (0 seconds – 25 seconds)
17	Audio Exhibit 8:
18	Taurus (45 seconds – 1 minute, 13 seconds)
19	Audio Exhibit 9:
20	8 measures of Stairway from note 1 of the acoustic guitar, repeated multiple times
21	Audio Exhibit 10: Part A:
22	8 Measures of Taurus from note 1 of the acoustic guitar, repeated multiple times
23	Audio Exhibit 11:
24	8 measures of Stairway and Taurus played together from note 1 of the acoustic guitar, repeated multiple times
25	guitar, repeated multiple times
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15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 20 of 22 Page ID Case 2: #:2464 **AUDIO EXHIBITS - RE-RECORDING OF STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN** 1 **Audio Exhibit 12: Acoustic Guitar** 2 **Audio Exhibit 13:** Bass **Audio Exhibit 14: Drums** 3 **Audio Exhibit 15: Electric 12 Strings** 4 **Audio Exhibit 16: Electric Piano Audio Exhibit 17: End Guitar** 5 **Audio Exhibit 18: Les Pauls** 6 **Audio Exhibit 19:** Recorders **Audio Exhibit 20:** Slide 7 **Audio Exhibit 21:** Solo 8 9 10 11 **AUDIO EXHIBITS - RE-RECORDING OF TAURUS** 12 **Audio Exhibit 22: Acoustic Guitar Audio Exhibit 23:** Cello 1 13 **Audio Exhibit 24:** Cello 2 14 **Audio Exhibit 25: Cymbal Audio Exhibit 26:** Flute 15 **Audio Exhibit 27:** Harpsichord **String Bass Audio Exhibit 28:** 16 **Audio Exhibit 29:** Viola 17 **Audio Exhibit 30: Violins** 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Case 2:	15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 21 of 22 Page #:2465	e ID
1 2	AUDIO EXHIBITS – ALEXANDER STEWART Audio Exhibit 31: (Previously: Audio Exhibit A) "Stairway to Heaven" (album)	
3 4	Audio Exhibit 32: (Previously: Audio Exhibit B) "Taurus" (album)	
5 6	Audio Exhibit 33: (Previously: Audio Exhibit E) Taurus Live at Ash Grove (7/10/1967)	
7 8	Audio Exhibit 34: (Previously: Audio Exhibit C) Taurus Live at Ash Grove (7/31/1967)	
9	Audio Exhibit 35: (Previously: Audio Exhibit D) Taurus Live at Ash Grove (8/8/1967)	
11 12	Audio Exhibit 36: (Previously: Audio Exhibit H) Taurus Demo Recording (8/1967)	
13	Audio Exhibit 37: (Previously: Audio Exhibit F) Taurus Live at Kaleidoscope (4/5/1968)	
14 15	Audio Exhibit 38: (Previously: Audio Exhibit G) Taurus Live at The Time Coast	
16 17	Audio Exhibit 39: (Previously: Audio Exhibit H) Taurus Live at Acoustic (1996)	
18 19 20	Audio Exhibit 40: (Previously: Audio Exhibit J) Combination – Acoustic Taurus Synced to STH SR – Part A, played over Mas SR of STH	ster
21 22	Audio Exhibit 41: (Previously: Audio Exhibit K) Acoustic Taurus Synced to Master SR of STH – Part A	
23	Audio Exhibit 42: (Previously: Audio Exhibit L) Stairway Acoustic – Part A:	
25	Audio Exhibit 43: (Previously: Audio Exhibit M) Taurus Acoustic – Part A:	
26 27 28	Audio Exhibit 44: (Previously: Audio Exhibit N) Combination – Acoustic Taurus Synced to Master SR of STH (Part A), played over Acoustic Stairway (Part A)	d

Case 2:	15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 118-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 22 of 22 Page ID #:2466
1 2 3	AUDIO EXHIBITS – REBUTTAL OF MATHES Audio Exhibit 45: Mathes Audio Exhibit Tempo Matched - Stairway Audio Exhibit 46: Mathes Audio Exhibit Tempo Matched - Taurus Audio Exhibit 47: Mathes Audio Exhibit Tempo Matched - STH & Taurus
4	
5	
6	ANDEO ENHANCE DEMONGEDA MANE CHIEA D DEDEODMANCE
7	VIDEO EXHIBITS – DEMONSTRATIVE GUITAR PERFORMANCE Video Exhibit 1: Taurus – Left Hand
8	Video Exhibit 2: Taurus – Right Hand   Video Exhibit 3: Stairway to Heaven – Left Hand
9	Video Exhibit 4: Stairway to Heaven – Right Hand
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Case 2	:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 F #:2523	Filed 03/07/16 Page 1 of 11 Page ID
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Francis Malofiy, Esq. Francis Alexander, LLC 280 N. Providence Rd.   Suite 105 Media, PA 19063 T: (215) 500-1000; F: (215) 500-1005 E: francis@francisalexander.com Attorney for Plaintiff  Glen L. Kulik, Esq. (SBN 082170) Kulik Gottesman & Siegel LLP 15303 Ventura Blvd., Suite 1400 Sherman Oaks, CA 91403 T: (310) 557-9200; F: (310) 557-0224 E: gkulik@kgslaw.com Attorney for Plaintiff	
12	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
13	FOR THE CENTRAL DIS	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
14		
15	MICHAEL SKIDMORE, as Trustee for	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)
16	the RANDY CRAIG WOLFE TRUST,	Hon. R. Gary Klausner
17	Plaintiff,	•
18	V.	DECLARATION OF BARRY HANSEN IN OPPOSITION TO
19	··	DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR
20	LED ZEPPELIN; JAMES PATRICK PAGE; ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT;	SUMMARY JUDGMENT OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, PARTIAL
21	JOHN PAUL JONES; SUPER HYPE	SUMMARY JUDGMENT
22	PUBLISHING, INC.; WARNER MUSIC GROUP CORP., Parent of	Date: March 28, 2016
23	WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC.;	Time: 9:00 a.m.
24	ATLANTIC RECORDING CORPORATION; RHINO	Room: 850
25	ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY,	
26	Defendants.	
27	Dorondanto.	
28		
	Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)	DECLARATION OF BARRY HANSEN IN OPPOSITION TO
		DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 118 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 2 of 11 Page ID #:2524

#### **DECLARATION OF BARRY HANSEN**

I, Barry Hansen, declare as follows:

1. The song Taurus was played by the band Spirit during the early years

recordings of Spirit playing the Ash Grove and other places from over the years. I

1967 and 1968. The song was also played at the Ash Grove. I had maintained tape

recently (2008) provided these tape recordings to Mick Skidmore.

2. The attached exhibit is a collection of emails between Mick Skidmore and myself which identify the tapes of Spirit that I had retained, dates, and songs

played.

3. Executed this 7th day of March, 2016 at Los Angeles County,

California. I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States

of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Sawy Hansen

Barry Hansen

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 119 of 271

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 3 of 11 Page ID #:2525

Comcast Webmail - Email Message

Page 1 of 4

From: MIKOFF@aol.com
To: bplll@comcast.net

Subject: Fwd: Spirit live tapes found

Date: Wednesday, July 02, 2008 12:45:55 PM

Bruce

See below! Tell Mark I go the Ian McLagen disc.

Cheers

Mick

From: bearyhansen@ca.rr.com

To: MIKOFF@aol.com

Sent: 7/2/2008 1:33:10 P.M. Eastern Daylight Time

Subj: Re: Spirit live tapes found

Mick - I haven't tried to play any of these tapes yet, but I'll list them for your edification. This is what it says on the boxes; no guarantee that the reels match the boxes, though I have no reason to believe they don't.

Some, but not all, of the boxes have song lists. The Magic Mushroom tapes do have them...and none of these have any of the three titles from "California Blues." If you have any questions about song lists please ask.

ASH GROVE (from the soundboard; see my note about the balance in earlier correspondence below)

6-26-67

7-24-67

7-24-67 / 7-31-67

7-31-67

7-31-67

8-7-67

8-7-67 / 8-14-67

IIRC, most of the other live tapes were made from the sound booth with a single open-air mic (usually not a very good one).

8-18-67, Magic Mushroom

8-19-67, Magic Mushroom

11-4-67, Magic Mushroom

12-24-67 (venue??)

1-13-68, Topanga Elementary School

4-5-68, Kaleidoscope

4-6-68, Kaleidoscope

11-2-68, Whisky



Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 120 of 271

#### #:2526

Lomcast Webmail - Email Message

Page 2 of 4

? '69, ? Topanga Corral (contains songs that appeared on the "Clear" album)

MISC. ITEMS

8-67 Demo (probably a copy of the Paramount Recorders session that appeared on "Chronicles") 1-68, "Spirit Tunes" (IIRC, this consists of acoustic performances recorded so I could make lead sheets) 6-20-68, Jam

6-68, KPFK Talk Show "Spirit Odds and Ends"

In addition there are two reels labelled "Red Roosters". At least one was recorded at the Ash Grove in 1965.

One thing I did not find, alas, was the original 15 IPS mixdown tape for the 8-67 Paramount session....just a 15 IPS analog copy of that, plus the probable 7.5 copy listed above. I don't think I ever got the original reel back after I lent it to the people who were assembling "Chronicles."

I would be willing to lend any or all of these, provided I can have copies of the digital transfers, and provided that shipping expenses are paid.

I'll let you know if I find any more tapes. I think this is all or nearly all of what I have.

Yours, Barry

At 03:40 PM 7/1/2008, you wrote:

Dear Barry,

Great news. I eagerly await further information.

Best Regards

Mick

In a message dated 7/1/2008 4:04:21 P.M. Eastern Daylight Time, bearyhansen@ca.rr.com writes:

> Dear Mick - I have found a stash of about 20 7" reels of Spirit live from 1967-68. Some of the boxes have been nibbled by termites but at first glance the tapes should be OK. More details soon.

-Barry Hansen

At 10:37 AM 4/30/2008, you wrote:

Barry

Thank you so much for the reply. I really appreciate anything you can do, and obviously at your leisure. It's

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 5 of 11 Page ID #:2527

Jomcast Webmail - Email Message

Page 3 of 4

quite possible that I can salvage something from the tapes, and I'd at least like to try. The three tracks that Randy used on California blues, state "Live from Magic Mushroom," I've already cleaned those up and they sound actually pretty good ("Tell Everyone," "Soundtrack for a Moth" and Shoes Back On.") I was hoping there might be more.

Anyway, great hearing from you. You can never tell when people get your emails or not. Sundaze wants to do a vinyl edition of the Demos, which I think would be great, hence the search for the reel. I'd like to do a nice package, good photos and sleeve notes etc. Perhaps nearer to the time we can chat on your recollections of the sessions and the times. I'm coming out to see Ed in a couple of weeks. We have someone interested in his Ash Grove archives.

Anyway, Barry thanks again for anything you can do. My contact information is 103 Greenleaf St, Quincy, MA 02169. Tel # 617-471-0108. I look forward to hearing from you in due course, and perhaps meeting you on one of my trips to LA.

Sincere best regards

Mick Skidmore

In a message dated 4/30/2008 1:15:31 P.M. Eastern Daylight Time, bearyhansen@ca.rr.com writes:

Dear Mick,

Ed Pearl forwarded your email. I have not received any other emails from you recently. My address changed about 15 months ago due to factors beyond my control.

In any case I'd be happy to do what I can to make Randy's music available in the best possible circumstances.

I should warn you that I have not been an ideal tape archivist. The tapes you probably want are in haphazardly sorted boxes scattered around several storage facilities. I'll be glad to do what I can to locate anything of Spirit or Randy, but I can't promise overnight service. Hopefully nothing has deteriorated too badly, but most of them haven't been looked at in many years, so I can't promise anything about that either. They were recorded on the cheapest tapes I could find, since neither I or the group had much cash to spare in those days. I'm not sure right now if I got the original 2-track

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 122 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 6 of 11 Page ID #:2528

Comcast Webmail - Email Message

Page 4 of 4

mixdown reel of the summer 1967 demo session at Paramount Recorders back from the people who assembled Chronicles, but that'll be the first thing I look for. (Unfortunately I never did get the original eight track session tape). I should have some reels of Spirit's 1967 Monday night sessions at the Ash Grove. Most of those haven't been heard by me or anyone else since the Sixties. The group would listen to them once or twice, and then move on. I never paid much attention to them as they're very badly balanced...taken right off the PA which was mainly there just so the vocals could be heard in the club; there was little or no attempt to mic the instruments properly. But you're welcome to do what you can with them.

All the best, Barry Hansen

Need a new ride? Check out the largest site for U.S. used car listings at AOL Autos.

Gas prices getting you down? Search AOL Autos for fuel-efficient used cars.

Gas prices getting you down? Search AOL Autos for fuel-efficient used cars.

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 123 of 271

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 7 of 11 Page ID #:2529

Zimbra: bpIII@comcast.net

Page 1 of 6

SmartZone Communications Center Collaboration Suite

bplll@comcast.net

Fwd: Spirit tapes - detailed inventory Monday, November 10, 2008 6:54:51 PM

From: MIKOFF@aol.com To: bplll@comcast.net

Bruce

Comments welcome.

Cheers

Mick

From: awc99@verizon.net To: MIKOFF@aol.com

Sent: 11/10/2008 7:20:57 P.M. Eastern Standard Time

Subj: Spirit tapes - detailed inventory

Hi Mick.

Here is a detailed list of the SPIRIT TAPES.

As we spoke about an offer you thought reasonable I'll ask for your input to their value. There are 28 tapes available. LMK what you want to do and how to proceed.

Arthyr

Subject: Spirit tapes - detailed inventory

(FYI - there are 10 Ash Grove reels. I may have said there were 15 at one point, but in reality there are just 10. They were made on Monday nights, when the Ash Grove was normally dark. The evenings were open to the public, but there wasn't any advertising or publicity, so the audience consisted mostly of families and friends. Ed Pearl let Spirit use the club as a favor, since Randy was his nephew. I ran the lights and sound, because I'd done that as an Ash Grove employee a couple years earlier, and knew how they worked. I don't believe anyone was paid. Certainly I wasn't paid. I honestly don't recall whether admission was charged. I seem to recall that beer and wine was available, but I'm pretty sure the kitchen was closed. These evenings were rehearsals...but the group did, most of the time



Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 124 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 8 of 11 Page ID #:2530

Zimbra: bpIII@comcast.net

Page 2 of 6

anyway, play all the numbers straight through without stopping, and played each song only once per set, so in that sense they were more like performances.)

\*\*\*\*

Here are all the Spirit tapes we are able to find. The majority feature the original group.

Also included are tapes by the Red Roosters (1965: Randy California [then known as Randy Wolfe], Jay Ferguson, Mark Andes, Mike Fondiler, Ed Cassidy - all but Fondiler would go on to be members of Spirit).

There are 28 7" reels. Ten of these were clearly recorded at the Ash Grove; in addition there is another reel that was compiled in 1967 from Ash Grove tapes, for use as a demo.

Songs are listed for all tapes where a song list appears on the box or on an enclosed sheet. Some tapes have no surviving song list. Sometimes one or two songs are listed on a tape box but not others.

I cannot guarantee that the song lists are accurate or that they match the tapes they were found with.

I have not listened recently to most of these tapes. I can listen to particular ones now if needed.

Some of the boxes have water and insect damage. In some cases there is insect residue on the tape reels. However, as far as I can tell, the tapes themselves are all still playable.

AG = These are tapes recorded at the Ash Grove. The Ash Grove is not identified on these tape boxes, but the dates are. These shows were held on Monday nights between 6-26-67 and 8-14-67. Not all shows are included (there's nothing from 7-17-67); at least one tape appears to have been recorded over an earlier one.

Red Roosters - Ash Grove, 1965 Walkin! Down the Line (fragment) / Walkin' the Dog / My Friend / I Want To Be Loved / Ya Ya / With Your Love / Girl from the North Country (fragment) / Duncan and Brady (fragment) / On The Road Again / Somebody To Love / Wild About My Lovin' / Rock Me Mama / unidentified fragment

Red Roosters 3 3 / 4 (No further info)

AG 6-26-67 1 set on same reel - "Improvised Film Soundtrack" 6-26-67

Spirit Audition 7-7-67 [location unknown] on same reel: AG 7-10-67 - 1st set (new tunes) Shotgun

http://sz0038.wc.mail.comcast.net/zimbra/mail

11/10/2008

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 9 of 11 Page ID #:2531

Zimbra: bpIII@comcast.net

Page 3 of 6

AG 7-10-67 2nd set "Neat feedback, last cut"
AG 7-10-67 3rd set "fine guitar on 'Foxy', also cf, vocal on blues jam"

AG 7-24-67 Set 1 / Set 2

AG 7-24-67 "From Audience" Elijah / Hey Joe / Darlin' If / She Came To Stay / Topanga Home

AG 7-24-67 Set 3)
AG 7-31-67 set 1 Free Spirit (beginning incomplete) /
She's looking good / Darlin' I Know / I Saw Her Today / If I
Had A Woman / Eventide

AG 7-31-67 Set 2 Ostrich Head / Topanga Home / Hey Joe / Taurus / Flear You Say / Conquistadores / Foxy Lady AG 7-31-67 Set 3 Blues (Broken Amp) / Tunji / Shotgun / She Came To Stay / Brain Train / Gramophone Man / Darlin' If / Elijah Rock Part 1 ("Lots of wow at times")

AG 7-31-67 Elijah Rock - Part 2 (no other details)

AG 8-7-67 Set 1 Free Spirit / Shutgun / Darlin' If / Boo / Topanga Home / She Came To Stay / Conquistadores AG 8-7-67 Set 2 Tunji / If I Had A Woman / Brain Train / Gramophone Man / Hear You Say / My Favorite Things / Darlin' I Know / Hey Joe

AG 8-7-67 Set 3 Ostrich Head / Blues (Monday Evenin') / I Saw Her Today / Matt's Theme / Straight Arrow / Taurus / FoxyLady AG 8-14-67 Set 1 Moonfire or Idiot's Delight (world

premiere) / Straight Arrow / Boo / Shotgun / Music Is Love

SPIRIT Demo. (Apparently a composite of Ash Grove tapes- "Partial Tunes")
Only For Love / Shotgun / Our Topanga Home / Millionaire Blues / Boo / She Came To Stay / Elijah Rock
Also on this reel - Dream Within A Dream / I Got a Line On You (March 1968, Sound Recorders Studio)

SPIRIT ON CHRISTMAS EVE 1967 (Benefit for Topanga Free School - Topanga Community Center)

Set 1 - Very Little Time To Fly / It's All The Same / Tunji / Only For Love / Girl In Your Eye / Topanga Fire / Mechanical World / Water Woman

Set 2 - My Favorite Things / Uncle Jack / Fresh Garbage / Dream/Dream / Kahuna / I Can't Stand It / Elijah Rock

SPIRIT Odds And Ends Audio Hype by B[arry] H[ansen] /

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 126 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 10 of 11 Page ID #:2532

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Page 4 of 6

Track for same / Preliminary version of Uncle Jack / She Came To Stay (preliminary) / Uncle Jack-vocal rehearsal / Uncle Jack-track + vocal rehearsal / She came to stay (as far as it ever got)

Spirit At the Whisky-a-Go-Go, 11-2-68

It's All The Same / Fresh Garbage / New Dope In Town /
Apple Orchard Blues / Water Woman / Mechanical World / I
Got A Line On You
into / Darlin' If / Trouble At The Whisky / It Shall Be / Poor
Richard / Uncle Jack / Workin' at the Whisky / Elijah

Spirit - Magic Mushroom, Fri. Aug, 18, 1967 (Set One)
Free Spirit / Hear You Say / If I Had A Woman / Darker
Than The Night / She Came To Stay / Moonfire / Foxy Lady

Spirit 8-19-67 Magic Mushroom

("Defective Tape"? I could not get it to play well in 2008. Apparently it played OK at some previous time on a different machine).

Tunji / unidentified "good" / Turn Around / Darlin' If / Brian Berry Blues / Hey Joe / Only For Love / Boo / Hear You Say / (space) / Topanga Home / Shotgun / Darker Than The Night / Foxy Lady / I Can't Stand It / She Came To Stay / Gramophone Man (F.U.) / Free Spirit (Beg., F.U.)

Spirit - Magic Mushroom 11-4-67 Set 3
Cop the Gig / Only for Love (glitch) / Fresh Garbage /
Topanga Home / Chocolate Days (inc.) / Water Woman /
Foxy Lady

Spirit - Elementary School Sat. Jan. 13, 1968 + Fresh Garbage, Free Spirits, etc. (no other details)

Spirit Tunes 1-68 [These were probably intended for making lead sheets] 1-13 Columbia (1st 9), 1-16 Topanga (track 10)

Little To Say-JF / Song No. 2 or DMF-RC and JF / He Cannot Keep Himself Together Anymore-JF / Majestic Black-RC / Kahuna Dream-RC / It's All The Same-RC / Give a Life-Take a Life-RC / Pisces-RC / Very Little Time To Fly-JL / Give Me the Time Of Day-RC sketch

KALEIDOSCOPE Fri. April 5, 1968 7.5 ips mono 1st set: Alfred Artichoke (incomplete) / Shotgun / Mechanical World / Fresh Garbage / I Got A Line On You / Elijah

2nd set: It's all the same / Uncle Jack / Straight Arrow / Varush (a / Taurus / I Saw Her Today / Tunji [drum solo missing] / It's all the same "Original tape of 1st set has fluctuating level"



Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 127 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-1 Filed 03/07/16 Page 11 of 11 Page ID #:2533

Zimbra: bpIII@comcast.net

Page 5 of 6

Spirit - Kaleidoscope - Sat. April 6, 1968 1st set: Alfred Artichoke / Mechanical World / Fresh Garbage / I Got A Line On You / Elijah 2nd set: Shotgun / Water Woman / Give A Life, Take A Life / Billy the Brush Man / Straight Arrow / Tunji

Spirit Jam June 20 1968 (no further details)

Spirit on KPFK Talk Show - June 1968

(Probably) Topanga Corral, ? 1969
All the same / Fresh Garbage / I'm Jealous / Groundhog / Dark-Eyed Woman / "Listening Thing" / You Have Only To Remind Me / Policeman's Ball / Aren't You Glad / Mechanical World / I Got A Line On You / I Saw Her Standing There / unidentified instrumental / unidentified song / Time To Fly / Shoes Back On / Tell Everyone / Soundtrack For a Moth / Poor Richard / How're You Doin' Zeda / Shotgun / Tunji

RANDY CALIFORNIA - KAPTAIN KOPTER & THE (fabulous) TWIRLYBIRDS

Downer / Devil / I don't want nobody / Day tripper / Mother and child reunion / Things yet to come / Rain / Rainbow "Recorded between April-July"

SPIRIT - FUTURE GAMES - OLD MIX (no further details)

Note: in addition to these I have a 10 1 / 2" reel which contains the demo I produced for the band at Paramount Recording Studios in Hollywood in the early summer of 1967. This is identified as a copy. IIRC, my original of this was turned over to WERC / CREW (Spirit's label in later years) for the "Chronicles" CD.

#### **Arthur Chadbourne**

The Dr. Demento Show
Talonian Productions
CELL - 562 480-9743
Fax 562 598 0034
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Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 1 of 11 Page ID 1 Francis Malofiy, Esq. Francis Alexander, LLC 280 N. Providence Rd. | Suite 105 3 Media, PA 19063 T: (215) 500-1000; F: (215) 500-1005 4 E: francis@francisalexander.com 5 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 Glen L. Kulik, Esq. (SBN 082170) 7 Kulik Gottesman & Siegel LLP 15303 Ventura Blvd., Suite 1400 Sherman Oaks, CA 91403 9 T: (310) 557-9200; F: (310) 557-0224 E: gkulik@kgslaw.com 10 Attorney for Plaintiff 11 12 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 13 14 MICHAEL SKIDMORE, as Trustee for 15 Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) the RANDY CRAIG WOLFE TRUST, 16 Hon. R. Gary Klausner 17 Plaintiff, **DECLARATION OF KEVIN** 18 HANSON IN OPPOSITION TO v. 19 **DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR** LED ZEPPELIN; JAMES PATRICK SUMMARY JUDGMENT OR IN 20 PAGE; ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT; THE ALTERNATIVE, PARTIAL 21 JOHN PAUL JONES; SUPER HYPE **SUMMARY JUDGMENT** PUBLISHING, INC.; WARNER MUSIC 22 GROUP CORP., Parent of Date: March 28, 2016 23 Time: 9:00 a.m. WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC.; ATLANTIC RECORDING Room: 24 CORPORATION; RHINO 25 ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY, 26 Defendants. 27 28 Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx) DECLARATION OF KEVIN HANSON IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 2 of 11 Page ID #:2559

#### **DECLARATION OF KEVIN HANSON**

I, Kevin Hanson, declare as follows;

- 1. I have been retained as an expert in this case to listen to *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven*, to perform both pieces as a master musician and execute the pieces as per their original recordings. I have personal knowledge of the facts recited it this declaration and if called as a witness could testify competently to such facts.
- 2. I am an accomplished musician, proficient on electric and acoustic guitars, bass, drums, keyboards and vocals. I was engaged to play the following instruments on the *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven* re-recordings:
  - Electric 6 and 12 string guitars
  - Acoustic guitars
  - Recorder parts via MIDI.

I was also asked to analyze both Taurus and Stairway to Heaven from both performance and production perspectives.

#### **QUALIFICATIONS**

3. I am a guitarist, songwriter, producer, teacher, and university professor with 35 years of playing experience and 25 years of teaching experience. I have performed and recorded extensively with both major label and independent bands, toured throughout the US and internationally, and have both studied and taught the guitar on a focused, in-depth level. I have played on hundreds of both major label and independent recordings for 20 years, in genres including rock, jazz, blues, gospel, hip hop, R+B and classical. I teach university courses on songwriting and on the form and structure of songs. This requires a profound understanding of song composition, arrangement, instrumentation, production and performance.

#### **STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN**

### Familiarity with Led Zeppelin and Stairway to Heaven

4. I have heard *Stairway to Heaven* my entire life. The song was still

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

DECLARATION OF KEVIN HANSON IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 3 of 11 Page ID #:2560

hugely popular in 1972, the year of my birth. Led Zeppelin's music, in particular Led Zeppelin IV, was a significant part of my musical upbringing. It was played on the radio, on our home stereo system and at many social functions. I began learning Led Zeppelin's guitar riffs when I began playing guitar at age 10 and still use the guitar parts from *Stairway to Heaven* as teaching tools and songwriting topics in my current teaching positions.

### Comparative Analysis of Original Stairway To Heaven to Re-Recorded Stairway To Heaven

5. The re-recorded version of Stairway to Heaven was performed and recorded to sound identical to the original. All of the guitar parts were emulated with great specificity in terms of instrumentation, sound, performance feel and energy. The main theme and all of the riffs, chords, guitar solo, and other solo lines are all played note-for-note in the re-recorded version, performed to a high level of musical accuracy.

#### **TAURUS**

### Familiarity with Spirit and Taurus

6. I first heard of the band Spirit through an article discussing the similarities of the song *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven*. When I first heard *Taurus*, I was shocked at the similarities. I am deeply acquainted with the music of Led Zeppelin and, regrettably, with the multiple accusations levied at the band for their habit of borrowing the music of others without properly crediting the original artists. These stories are common knowledge in the music scene, with the example of *Stairway to Heaven* and its remarkable similarity to *Taurus* being the most notable.

### **COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF TAURUS AND STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN**

7. Many of the components of the initial guitar figure of Taurus are virtually identical to those found in Stairway to Heaven: the key, the tempo, the feel, the chord progression, the pitches and duration of the melody and the

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

DECLARATION OF KEVIN HANSON IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 4 of 11 Page ID #:2561

- 1 instrumentation are strikingly similar and much of the two pieces are identical.
- Knowing the history of the bands' mutual encounters, it is my opinion that the similarities of the main themes, as performed on acoustic guitar, are beyond coincidental.
  - 8. Taurus was written and performed in a ballad-like tempo on a steel string acoustic guitar in the key of A minor, as was Stairway to Heaven.
  - 9. Taurus begins with an arpeggiated A minor figure in 8th notes on the notes A, C, and E, as does Stairway to Heaven. The rhythm of the figures is identical up until the last measure.
  - 10. The bass notes of the guitar figure of Taurus descend chromatically from the tonic down to the b6 degree, as does Stairway to Heaven.
  - 11. Taurus' opening figure begins on the 4th string at the 7th fret with the third finger and on the 3rd string at the 5th fret with the first finger, as does Stairway to Heaven.
  - 12. Both selections are performed at virtually the same tempo with the same feel, articulation and style.
  - 13. The chord progression is virtually identical for the first 5 chord changes.
  - 14. The phrasing of the two figures is virtually identical. Groups of four 8th notes descending over five chords that finally resolve to the tonic.
  - 15. When the audio tracks of the two figures are isolated and matched at the same tempo, they are almost indistinguishable. I incorporate by reference the audio exhibits.
  - 16. *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven* are similar both from a listening standpoint and from a performance standpoint. From a listening standpoint, the main guitar themes of both songs are strikingly similar in tempo, key, melody, melodic shape, rhythm, phrasing, instrumentation, and mood.
    - 17. From a performance standpoint, Taurus and Stairway to Heaven are

### Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 5 of 11 Page ID #:2562

performed at a nearly identical position on the guitar fretboard. Both figures begin on the same strings in the same position with the same fingerings.

- 18. For a reasonably skilled guitarist there are many ways to play one chord. For an A minor triad, there are at least 20 different inversions that are common and easily accessible. When the instrument's range beyond one octave is taken into consideration, this number is increased substantially. In comparing the video exhibits "*Taurus* left hand" and "*Stairway to Heaven* left hand", one can see that the triads in both examples begin in the same position in the same octave. I incorporate by reference the four video exhibits of *Taurus* and *Stairway to Heaven*.
- 19. The guitar parts that I replicated in the re-recordings of both songs did receive songwriting credit, as they rightfully should, as they are both melodic themes of primary importance. The verses of both songs are built around the guitar parts.
- 20. The chord progression for the main theme of STH is not uncommon. It has been used in many jazz standards, show tunes, and orchestral works. The following elements from Stairway to Heaven and Taurus are almost completely in common:
  - o Actual melodic material;
  - o Rhythmic placement of the notes of the guitar part;
  - o Nearly identical performance, in tempo, style and articulation.

This sets *Stairway to Heaven* apart from a song like "Chim Chim Cher-ee", which does feature a chromatically descending bass line, but functions simply to move the harmony beneath an entirely different melody. It is also a medium-fast waltz. *Stairway to Heaven's* similarities to *Taurus* are in the actual guitar part itself, not just a harmonic device. *Stairway to Heaven* also differs from what many mistakenly consider to be the same chromatic descending line. A song such as "*Ice Cream Dream*" by The Cartoones does not follow this chromatic bass line. The first interval is a whole step, which by definition is not chromatic. To compare the main

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 6 of 11 Page ID #:2563

guitar theme of *Stairway to Heaven* to a song like Davey Graham's version of "*Cry Me a River*" is also not a proper comparison. Though the chromatic bass movement is intact for a brief moment, Graham's usage of it is a loose interpretation of the original vocal melody. The brief section in question is also performed in a different time signature, 12/8, which gives it a completely different feel from *Taurus* or *Stairway to Heaven*.

- 21. To further illustrate, some common jazz standards, "My Funny Valentine" (Rodgers and Hart), "It Don't Mean a Thing If It Ain't Got That Swing" (Duke Ellington) and "In Walked Bud" (Thelonius Monk) all feature a chromatically descending bass line underneath a minor chord. The aforementioned songs differ greatly from Taurus and Stairway to Heaven because the melodies of Taurus and Stairway to Heaven are intimately linked to the composition and performance of the main guitar theme. It is my opinion that Taurus was the single greatest influence on the composition of Stairway to Heaven.
- 22. I have additionally provided video of me playing the acoustic guitar part of Taurus and Stairway to Heaven:

Video Exhibit 1: Taurus – Left Hand

Video Exhibit 2: Taurus – Right Hand

Video Exhibit 3: Stairway to Heaven – Left Hand

Video Exhibit 4: Stairway to Heaven – Right Hand

23. I offer these opinions to a reasonable degree of professional and musical certainty. I am being compensated at \$175 per hour for this report and \$350 for trial testimony.

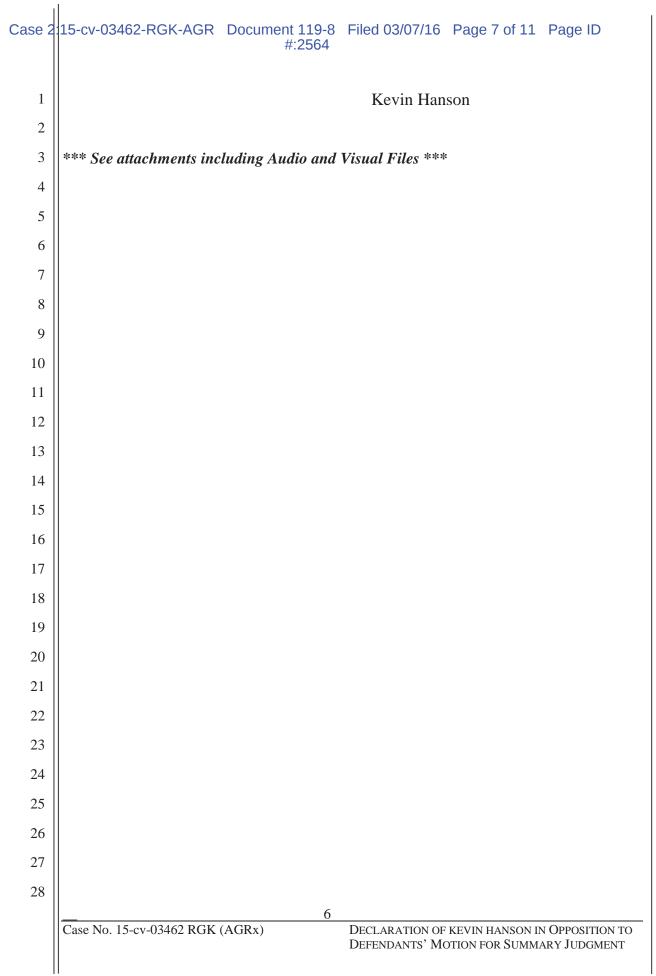
Executed this 7<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2016, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

\_\_\_\_\_\_/s/ Kevin Hanson 

Case No. 15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)

DECLARATION OF KEVIN HANSON IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT



Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 8 of 11 Page ID 1 **AUDIO EXHIBITS Audio Exhibit 1:** 2 Dazed and Confused by Led Zeppelin 3 **Audio Exhibit 2:** 4 Dazed and Confused by Jack Holmes (1967) 5 **Audio Exhibit 3:** 6 Whole Lotta Love by Led Zeppelin 7 **Audio Exhibit 4:** Muddy Waters' You Need Love (1962) (10 seconds – 28 seconds) 8 9 **Audio Exhibit 5:** The Small Faces' You Need Loving (1966) (25 seconds – 48 seconds) 10 **Audio Exhibit 6:** 11 Live performance of Led Zeppelin playing Fresh Garbage 1-10-1969 12 13 14 AUDIO EXHIBITS – COMPARISON AUDIO 15 **Audio Exhibit 7:** Stairway to Heaven (0 seconds – 25 seconds) 16 17 **Audio Exhibit 8:** Taurus (45 seconds – 1 minute, 13 seconds) 18 19 **Audio Exhibit 9:** 8 measures of Stairway from note 1 of the acoustic guitar, repeated multiple times 20 **Audio Exhibit 10:** 21 Part A: 22 8 Measures of Taurus from note 1 of the acoustic guitar, repeated multiple times 23 **Audio Exhibit 11:** 24 8 measures of Stairway and Taurus played together from note 1 of the acoustic guitar, repeated multiple times 25 26 27 28

Case 2 15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 Page 9 of 11 Page ID #:2566 **AUDIO EXHIBITS - RE-RECORDING OF STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN** 1 Acoustic Guitar **Audio Exhibit 12:** 2 Bass **Audio Exhibit 13: Audio Exhibit 14: Drums Audio Exhibit 15: Electric 12 Strings Electric Piano Audio Exhibit 16: Audio Exhibit 17: End Guitar Audio Exhibit 18: Les Pauls Audio Exhibit 19: Recorders Audio Exhibit 20:** Slide 7 **Audio Exhibit 21:** Solo 8 9 10 11 **AUDIO EXHIBITS - RE-RECORDING OF TAURUS** 12 **Audio Exhibit 22: Acoustic Guitar Audio Exhibit 23:** Cello 1 13 **Audio Exhibit 24:** Cello 2 14 **Audio Exhibit 25: Cymbal Audio Exhibit 26:** Flute 15 Harpsichord **Audio Exhibit 27: String Bass Audio Exhibit 28:** 16 **Audio Exhibit 29:** Viola 17 Audio Exhibit 30: **Violins** 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

Case 2	15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 File #:2567	ed 03/07/16 Page 10 of 11 Page ID
1	AUDIO EXHIBITS – ALEXANDER STEW	
2	Audio Exhibit 31: "Stairway to Heaven" (album)	(Previously: Audio Exhibit A)
3	Audio Exhibit 32:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit B)
4	"Taurus" (album)	(
5	Audio Exhibit 33:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit E)
6	Taurus Live at Ash Grove (7/10/1967)	
7	Audio Exhibit 34:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit C)
8	Taurus Live at Ash Grove (7/31/1967)	
9	Audio Exhibit 35: Taurus Live at Ash Grove (8/8/1967)	(Previously: Audio Exhibit D)
10 11	Audio Exhibit 36:	(Proviously, Audio Exhibit II)
12	Taurus Demo Recording (8/1967)	(Previously: Audio Exhibit H)
13	Audio Exhibit 37:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit F)
14	Taurus Live at Kaleidoscope (4/5/1968)	
15	Audio Exhibit 38: Taurus Live at The Time Coast	(Previously: Audio Exhibit G)
16 17	Audio Exhibit 39: Taurus Live at Acoustic (1996)	(Previously: Audio Exhibit H)
18	Audio Exhibit 40:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit J)
19	Combination – Acoustic Taurus Synced to S'	•
20	SR of STH	
21	Audio Exhibit 41: Acoustic Taurus Synced to Master SR of STI	(Previously: Audio Exhibit K)
22	·	
23	Audio Exhibit 42: Stairway Acoustic – Part A:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit L)
24		(Duoviously, Audio Evhibit M)
25	Audio Exhibit 43: Taurus Acoustic – Part A:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit M)
26	Audio Exhibit 44:	(Previously: Audio Exhibit N)
27	Combination – Acoustic Taurus Synced to M	•
28	over Acoustic Stairway (Part A)	

Case 2:	e 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 119-8 Filed 03/07/16 F #:2568	Page 11 of 11 Page ID
1 2 3	Audio Exhibit 45: Mathes Audio Exhibit Tempo M Audio Exhibit 46: Mathes Audio Exhibit Tempo M	<b>Iatched - Taurus</b>
4 5 6	5 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
7 8 9	8   Video Exhibit 1: Taurus – Left Hand Video Exhibit 2: Taurus – Right Hand Video Exhibit 3: Stairway to Heaven – Left Hand	ì
10 11	10	ild
12 13		
14 15		
16 17		
18 19		
20 21	21	
22 23	23	
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	25	
27 28	27	

Case 2:1	5-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 File	ed 02/25/16 Page 1 of 50 Page ID #:2082		
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6				
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8	MUSIC GROUP CORP.	ARNER		
9	Helene Freeman, Esq., admitted pro hac	vice		
10	PHILIPS NIZER LLP			
11	666 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10103-0084 Tel: (212) 977-9700 Fax: (212) 262-5152 Attorneys for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT and JOHN PAUL JONES			
12				
13				
14				
15	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT		
16	CENTRAL DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA		
17	WESTER	N DIVISION		
18	MICHAEL SKIDMORE, etc.,	) Case No. 2:15-cv-03462 RGK (AGRx)		
19	Plaintiff,	) ) AMENDED [ <i>PROPOSED</i> ]		
20	VS.	) STATEMENT OF ) UNCONTROVERTED FACTS AND		
21	LED ZEPPELIN, et al.,	) CONCLUSIONS OF LAW		
22	Defendants.	Date: March 28, 2016 Time: 9:00 a.m.		
23		Courtroom of the Honorable		
24		R. Gary Klausner United States District Judge		
25				
26				
27				
28				
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Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 2 of 50 Page ID #:2083

1		TABLE OF CONTENTS
2	STATEME	ENT OF UNCONTROVERTED FACTS
3	AND CON	ICLUSIONS OF LAW1
4	1. UNC	CONTROVERTED FACTS
5	(a)	Spirit's August 29, 1967 Recording Contract and Wolfe's
6		Employment by Hollenbeck Under the August 29, 1967 Exclusive
7		Songwriter Agreement1
8	(b)	Ode Records' January 1968 Release of a First Spirit Album, which
9		Included a Short Instrumental – <i>Taurus</i> – that Was Not Released as
10		a Single4
11	(c)	Ode Records' December 1968 Release of Spirit's Break-Out Album,
12		and Spirit's Touring in Support of its New Albums, Rarely
13		Performing <i>Taurus</i>
14	(d)	Spirit and Led Zeppelin Never Performed Together8
15	(e)	The Three Occasions when Spirit and Led Zeppelin Performed on
16		the Same Day10
17		(1) The Arena Auditorium in Denver, Colorado, on December
18		26, 196810
19		(2) The Atlanta Int'l Pop Festival in Atlanta, Georgia, Int'l
20		Raceway, on July 5, 196913
21		(3) The Seattle Pop Festival in Woodinville, Washington, on
22		July 25-27, 196815
23		(4) At the Texas Int'l Pop Festival on August 30-September 1,
24		1969, Led Zeppelin and Spirit Performed on Different Days16
25		(5) Led Zeppelin Did Not Perform at the Northern California
26		Folk-Rock Festival
27		
28		
		i

1			(6) Before Coming to the U.S. in 1968, Led Zeppelin Had
2			Already Begun Performing a Medley that Included a Bass Riff
3			Similar to Fresh Garbage, which Appeared in a U.K. Album
4			that Did Not Include <i>Taurus</i> 19
5		(f)	Plaintiff's Contention that Robert Plant Saw Spirit Perform at a
6			Club in Birmingham, England
7		(g)	The November 1971 Release of the Led Zeppelin IV Album, with
8			Stairway to Heaven
9		(h)	Jimmy Page Purchased a Theremin-Like Devise Before Led
10			Zeppelin Was Formed
11		(i)	Wolfe's 1991 Waiver of any Claim as to Stairway to Heaven25
12		(j)	The Forty-Three Years of Delay Before this Claim Was Asserted26
13		(k)	That Jimmy Page Has a Spirit Album Now Does Not Prove He
14			Had It Forty-Five Years Ago
15		(1)	Plaintiff Never Produced the Taurus Deposit Copy that
16			Accompanied Hollenbeck's 1967 Registration of Copyright in the
17			Taurus Musical Composition
18		(m)	The Absence of Substantial or Striking Similarities between What
19			May Be the <i>Taurus</i> Transcription and <i>Stairway</i> 30
20		(n)	John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing, Inc., and Warner Music
21			Group Corp. Have Not Performed or Distributed Stairway35
22	2.	CON	CLUSIONS OF LAW36
23		(a)	The Court's Jurisdiction
24		(b)	The Summary Judgment Standards
25		(c)	Summary Judgment on Plaintiff's Copyright Claims Is Appropriate
26			Because <i>Taurus</i> Is a Work for Hire Owned by Hollenbeck Music37
27		(d)	Summary Judgment on Plaintiff's Copyright Claims Is Also
28			Appropriate Because Wolfe Waived the Claim37
			ii

5-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 4 of 50 Page ID #:2085 1 In Addition, Summary Judgment Is Appropriate Because Wolfe (e) and the Trust Abandoned the Claim .......38 2 3 (f) Laches Also Bars the Claims as Beneficial Owner ......38 4 Summary Judgment Also Is Appropriate Because Plaintiffs Have (g) 5 Failed to Carry their Burden of Presenting Admissible Evidence Establishing Copying of Protected Expression......40 6 7 (1) A Copyright Infringement Claim Requires Proof of Copying Original Elements of the Registered Work ......40 8 9 (2) Plaintiff Fails to Establish Copying......40 Plaintiff Presents No Direct Evidence of Copying and 10 (i)11 *No Evidence Establishing Striking Similarities* ......40 12 Plaintiff Fails to Prove Access Plus Substantial (ii) *Similarity* .......41 13 14 a. Plaintiff Relies on Conjecture and Speculation that 15 Led Zeppelin's Members Might Have Heard *Taurus* Before Recording *Stairway* in 1971......41 16 17 b. Plaintiff Also Fails to Establish Substantial Similarity 18 Between Protectable Portions of the Copyrighted 19 Taurus Transcription and Stairway......42 20 (h) Summary Judgment Is Also Appropriate as to John Paul Jones, 21 Super Hype Publishing, Inc., and Warner Music Group Corp. ......44 22 (i) Summary Judgment Is Also Proper on Plaintiff's Remaining Claim for "Right of Attribution" .......45 23

24

25

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27

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3.

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 5 of 50 Page ID #:2086

## STATEMENT OF UNCONTROVERTED FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Court having considered the Motion of defendants James Patrick Page, Robert Anthony Plant, John Paul Jones, Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., Super Hype Publishing, Inc., Atlantic Recording Corporation, Rhino Entertainment Company and Warner Music Group Inc. for Summary Judgment or, in the alternative, Partial Summary Judgment, plaintiff Michael Skidmore's opposition, the reply papers and the oral argument at the hearing on the Motion,

#### 1. UNCONTROVERTED FACTS.

The Court determines that the following facts have been established as uncontroverted:

#### **Undisputed Fact**

#### **Evidence in Support**

# (a) Spirit's August 29, 1967 Recording Contract and Wolfe's Employment by Hollenbeck Under the August 29, 1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agreement

1. On August 29, 1967, Randy Wolfe ("Wolfe"), professionally known as Randy California, and the other members of the band Spirit entered into a recording contract with Ode Records, Inc., and Wolfe entered into an Exclusive Songwriter Agreement with Hollenbeck Music

First Am. Complaint ("FAC"; Doc. 31) at 6, ¶¶ 22, 24; Anderson Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-6; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 22:22-23, 28:5-10, 28:15-25, 45:24 to 46:4, 238:1-11, 243:17-20, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 10 (deposition exhibit 347)¹ & Exh. 11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 16:22-24, 45:10-11; 46:8-12, 47:2-6, 48:14 to

Unless otherwise specified, all references to "Exh." are to Exhibits to the Declaration of Peter J. Anderson.

<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	<b>Evidence in Support</b>
("Hollenbeck").	49:5.
2. Under the August 29, 1967	Exh. 11 at 1, ¶ 1.
Exclusive Songwriter Agreement,	
Hollenbeck "employ[ed Wolfe] to	
render his services as a songwriter	
and composer"	
3. Wolfe agreed in the August 29,	Exh. 11 at 10, ¶ 11.
1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agree-	
ment that he "is deemed to be a	
'writer for hire' hereunder with full	
rights of copyright renewal vested in	
[Hollenbeck]."	
4. California law applies to the	Exh. 11 at 15, ¶ 16.
August 29, 1967 Exclusive	DAII. 11 at 13,    10.
Songwriter Agreement.	
5. Plaintiff has produced no	Anderson Decl. at 1-2, ¶ 7.
evidence that Wolfe disaffirmed the	"
August 29, 1967 Exclusive	
Songwriter Agreement when he	
attained majority or at any time	
thereafter.	

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR	Document 105	Filed 02/25/16	Page 7 of 50	Page ID #:2088

1	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
2		
3	6. On November 30, 1967, the	Anderson Decl. at 1, ¶ 8, & Exh. 12.
4	Superior Court of the State of	
5	California entered its Order	
6	approving Hollenbeck's contract with	
7	Wolfe for his services as a	
8	songwriter.	
9		
10	7. After being twice warned that	Anderson Decl. at 2-3, ¶¶ 9-14, Exh.
11	his prior discovery responses were	13-15.
12	late, plaintiff failed to respond to	
13	defendants' December 4, 2015	
14 15	Request for Admissions, and he has	
16	not sought relief from his deemed admissions	
17	admissions	
18	8. Defendants' December 4, 2015	Exh. 15 at 2:4-15.
19	Request for Admissions included the	EAH. 13 at 2.7-13.
20	requests that plaintiff admit that "The	
21	Taurus Composition is a work for	
22	hire," "The <i>Taurus</i> Composition is a	
23	work for hire in which you contend	
24	that Randy Craig Wolfe was a	
25	beneficial owner" and "The Taurus	
26	Composition is a work for hire in	
27	which you claim beneficial	
28	ownership of the copyright as the	
		3
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<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	<b>Evidence in Support</b>	
successor to Randy Craig Wolfe."		
(b) Ode Records' January 19	 	
(b) Ode Records' January 1968 Release of a First Spirit Album, which Included a Short Instrumental – Taurus – that Was Not Released		
as a Single		
9. After the August 29, 1967	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Exh. 8	
recording contract and Exclusive	197:15 to 198:1; Andes D	
Songwriter Agreement, the members	(Anderson Decl. 9) at 150:18 to 15	
of Spirit recorded in a recording	156:7-16.	
studio their performances of various		
songs and a short instrumental called		
Taurus.		
10. Ode Records' recording of	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. 1	
Taurus was produced by Lou Adler	8) at 198:12 to 199:2, 199:3-18; A	
and was the completed <i>Taurus</i> , with	Depo. (Anderson Decl. 9) at 158:	
instruments and music that Spirit	160:14; Freeman Decl. at 1-2, ¶¶ 3-	
never performed live.	Exh. 6 at 1-4.	
11. On or about December 22,	Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 15, & Exh. 1	
1967, Hollenbeck, as owner,	I macroon Book at 3,    13, & DAII. 1	
1967, Hollenbeck, as owner, registered a copyright in the <i>Taurus</i>		
musical composition.		

1	Undisputed Fact	Evidence in Support
2	<u>endisputed 1 det</u>	Evidence in Support
3	12. Plaintiff has not produced in	Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 16.
4	this action the deposit copy that	
5	accompanied Hollenbeck's 1967	
6	registration of a copyright in the	
7	Taurus musical composition.	
8		
9	13. While defendants obtained a	Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 17, & Exh. 16-
10	copy of a Taurus transcription from	17.
11	the Library of Congress, it does not	
12	bear the Library of Congress' stamp,	
13	as does the <i>Stairway</i> deposit copy.	
14		
15	14. Ode Records, Inc., released its	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
16	first Spirit album, titled Spirit, in	8) at 46:10-19; Andes Depo. (Anderson
17	1967.	Decl. Exh. 9) at 57:16-25.
18		
19	15. Ode Records' first Spirit	Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 18, & Exh. 18;
	album had eleven different	Ferrara Audio Exhibit 1 at Track 1.
21	recordings, including the recording of	
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li></ul>	an instrumental composition titled	
24	Taurus.	
25	16 Oda Pagarda' recording of	Formara Dool at 1 MT 2 / Pr Evils 1
26	16. Ode Records' recording of <i>Taurus</i> includes a descending	Ferrara Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4, & Exh. 1
27	Taurus includes a descending chromatic line and arpeggios, which	(Ferrara Report) at 4-5, ¶ 7, Exh. 2 (Stewart Report) at 4, ¶ 8.
28	emomane fine and aspeggios, which	(Siewait Report) at 4,    6.
		5
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Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 #:2091	
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3	are commonplace.	
4		
5	17. A "single" is a song chosen	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
6 7	from an album, to be played on the	8) at 46:20 to 47:4, 47:10-14; Andes
8	radio for promotion.	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 58:9 to 59:10.
9		10 37.10.
10	18. A recording of <i>Taurus</i> was not	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
11	released as a "single."	8) at 48:2-8; Andes Depo. (Anderson
12		Decl. Exh. 9) at 59:11-15, 60:3-4.
13		
14	19. There is no evidence that	Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 19.
15	Taurus was played on the radio prior	
16	to the 1971 release of the album <i>Led</i>	
17 18	Zeppelin IV, with Stairway to Heaven	
19	("Stairway").	
20	20. There is no evidence as to the	Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 20.
21	extent of sales or other distribution of	
22	the first Spirit album prior to the	
23	1971 release of the album Led	
24	Zeppelin IV, with Stairway.	
25		
26		
27 28		
40		6
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Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 #:2092	Filed 02/25/16 Page 11 of 50 Page ID
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3	(c) Ode Records' December 1	968 Release of Spirit's Break-Out
4	Album, and Spirit's Touri	ing in Support of its New Albums, Rarely
5	Performing Taurus	
6		
7	21. Ode Records, Inc., released its	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
8	second Spirit album, titled The	8) at 49:18-21; Andes Depo. (Anderson
9	Family that Plays Together, in 1968.	Exh. 9) at 60:23 to 61:4.
10		
11	22. The Family that Plays	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
12	Together was Spirit's first break out	8) at 51:10-16; Andes Depo. (Anderson
13	album, with Spirit's hit single, I Got	Decl. Exh. 9) at 61:18-22, 62:5-23.
14	a Line on You.	
15		
16	23. When Spirit performed live, it	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
17	supported its new or upcoming	8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25, 52:1-7, 53:22
18	albums by performing songs from	to 54:21; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.
19	those albums, together with Spirit	Exh. 9) at 67:10-22, 68:7 to 69:9, 69:21
20	tent pole songs that did not include	to 70:6, 102:19 to 103:4, 103:18-24, &
21	Taurus.	Anderson Decl. Exh. 20 (deposition
22		exhibit 352).
23		
24	24. Of the 175 live Spirit	Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 22; Ferguson
25	performances from December 1968	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22
26	to December 1971 that plaintiff	to 41:20, 71:19-22, 94:4-16, 95:12-14,
27	claims occurred, Taurus was	96:5-6, 96:22 to 97:2, 97:5 to 98:1,
28	reportedly performed only at the	98:9-13, 98:20 to 99:7, 100:11-22,
		7

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR	Document 105	Filed 02/25/16	Page 12 of 50	Page ID
		#:2093			

1	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
2	Santa Monica, California, Civic	100:25 to 101:0 177:10 to 178:17 &
<i>3</i>	Auditorium on May 29, 1970, and the	100:25 to 101:9, 177:19 to 178:17, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 21 (deposition
5	Anaheim Convention Center in	exhibits, without audio CDs, 306 to
6	Anaheim, California at an unknown	312); Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.
7	date.	Exh. 9) at 78:8-21, 80:19-23, 82:24 to
8		83:2, 84:21-25, 85:1-14, 101:14, 101:25
9		to 102:4, 102:5-10, 102:19 to 103:4, &
10		Anderson Decl. Exh. 20 (deposition
11		exhibit 352).
12		
13	25. There is no evidence that Led	Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 24.
14	Zeppelin's members were present at	
15	the Santa Monica Civic Auditorium	
16	or the Anaheim Convention Center	
17	when Spirit performed.	
18		
19	(d) <u>Spirit and Led Zeppelin N</u>	Never Performed Together
20		
21	26. Spirit and Led Zeppelin never	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
22	toured together.	8) at 77:9-17.
23		D D 1 (2 510 D1 (D 1 (1 5
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	27. Spirit and Led Zeppelin never	Page Decl. at 2, ¶ 10; Plant Decl. at 1, ¶
26	performed together and were never	7; Jones Decl. at 1, ¶ 10; Ferguson
27	on the same stage at the same time.	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 330:8-12.
28		330.0-12.
,		8
Į.	02559	

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR	Document 105 #:2094	Filed 02/25/16	Page 13 of 50	Page ID

1 2	<b>Undisputed Fact</b>	Evidence in Support
3	28. The surviving members of	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
4	Spirit have no recollection of ever	8) at 87:2-18, 89:2-4, 89:8-9; Andes
5	speaking with, or seeing any other	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at
6	member of Spirit speak with, Jimmy	104:2-3, 104:13 to 105:2.
7	Page, John Paul Jones or John	
8	Bonham.	
9		
10	29. At concerts, each band on the	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 14; Ferguson Depo.
11	bill used its own guitars, amplifiers,	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 344:10 to
12	keyboards, drums and other	11; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
13	equipment, which took at least 15-20	9) at 89:4-12, 89:21-25.
14	minutes for road crews to set up or	
15	dismantle and remove between	
16	performances.	
17		
18	30. During equipment changes	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
19	between bands, band members were	8) at 329:22 to 330:12, 346:13 to 347:6;
20	not on stage.	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 15.
21		
22		
23		
24		
<ul><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>		
26		
28		
20		9
	02560	I

1 <u>Undisputed Fact</u> <u>Evidence in Support</u> 2 3 (e) <u>The Three Occasions when Spirit and Led Zeppelin Performed the Same Day</u> 5 6 (1) The Arena Auditorium in Denver, Colorado, on Decembe	
4 the Same Day 5 (1) The Arena Auditorium in Denver, Colorado, on Decembe	
5 6 (1) The Arena Auditorium in Denver, Colorado, on Decembe	•
6 (1) The Arena Auditorium in Denver, Colorado, on Decembe	•
( )	•
7 26, 1968	
8	
9 31. On December 26, 1968, Led Page Decl. at 2:22-25; Plant Decl	at
20 Zeppelin (in its first U.S. 1:24-27; Jones Decl. at 1, ¶ 8; Ar	des
performance), Spirit and Vanilla Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)	at
12 Fudge – Vanilla Fudge being the 85:15-18.	
13 headlining act that night – each	
played, separately, at the Arena	
15 Auditorium in Denver, Colorado.	
16	
17 32. There is no evidence that prior Anderson Decl. at 4, ¶ 25.	
18 to December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin 19 and Spirit ever performed at the same	
venue on the same day. 21	
22 33. When Spirit performed at the Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. I	vh
23 Arena Auditorium in Denver, 8) at 53:22 to 44:21; 49:18-21, Ar	
Colorado on December 26, 1968, it Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 60	
was touring in support of its new to 61:4.	
26 album, The Family that Plays	
27 <i>Together</i> , playing songs from that	
new record and tent pole songs that	
10	
02561	

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 #:2096	Filed 02/25/16 Page 15 of 50 Page ID
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3 4	did not include Taurus.	
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	34. The handbill for Spirit's performance on December 26, 1968, is captioned with the title of Ode Records' second Spirit album, "The Family that Plays Together," and does not mention <i>Taurus</i> .	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 92:14-17, 93:19 to 94:8, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 22 (deposition exhibit 320).
12 13 14 15 16 17	35. When Spirit was not the headlining act – as was the case in Denver on December 26, 1968 – Spirit would play for as little as half an hour.	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 43:21 to 44:9.
18 19 20 21 22 23	36. The only known published review of the December 26, 1967 concert, identifies songs performed by Spirit and does not include <i>Taurus</i> .	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 101:12 to 102:7, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 23 (deposition exhibit 313)
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	37. Other than – at his counsel's suggestion – Andes' testimony to a "faint recollection" that Spirit performed <i>Taurus</i> at the Denver Arena Auditorium, the evidence is	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 10:7-11, 94:11 to 95:5, 95:25 to 95:36, 97:9 to 99:9, 99:12 to 100:3; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
	02562	11

Case	Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 16 of 50 Page ID #:2097		
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
3	that Spirit did not perform Taurus	38:24 to 39:1, 81:23 to 83:6.	
4	there.	30.21 to 37.1, 01.23 to 03.0.	
5	1.20101		
6	38. Andes testified that his	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)	
7	testimony to a "faint recollection"	at 99:12 to 100:3.	
8	that Spirit performed Taurus at the		
9	Denver Arena Auditorium, was based		
10	on the assumption it would have been		
11	typical to play it.		
12			
13	39. Andes admitted, however, that	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)	
14	a list of songs <i>Taurus</i> performed at a	at 102:5-10 to 102:19 to 103:4, 103:18-	
15	concert slightly more than a month	24, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 20	
16	later, was the songs they typically	(deposition exhibit 352).	
17	performed, and the list does not		
18	include Taurus.		
19			
20	40. Andes testified that Toby	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)	
21	Roberts, who had helped the	at 105:11 to 106:16.	
22	members of Led Zeppelin lease their		
23	first airplane, introduced him to the		
24	members at the Denver Arena		
25	Auditorium in December 1968.		
26	41 771 1 01 177 1	D D 1 (2.4117	
<ul><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	41. The members of Led Zeppelin	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 16.	
40	did not know Toby Roberts in	12	
		12	
	02563	l	

Case	Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 17 of 50 Page ID #:2098		
1	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
2	December 1069 Deberts was not		
4	December 1968, Roberts was not involved in Lad Zappelin's first U.S.		
5	involved in Led Zeppelin's first U.S.  performances and the members of		
6	Led Zeppelin did not lease their first		
7	airplane until 1973.		
8	an plane until 1773.		
9	42. Andes does not recall anything	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)	
10	that was said when Toby Roberts	at 107:13-17.	
11	supposedly introduced him.		
12			
13	43. In any event, Spirit's surviving	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
14	members have no recollection of Led	8) at 103:1-4; Andes Depo. (Anderson	
15	Zeppelin's members being present	Decl. Exh. 9) at 108:8-16.	
16	when Spirit performed at the Arena		
17	Auditorium.		
18			
19	44. The members of Led Zeppelin	Page Decl. at 2, ¶ 8, & at 3, ¶ 12; Plant	
20	did not hear Spirit perform at the	Decl. at 1, ¶ 6, & at 2, ¶ 9; Jones Decl.	
21	Arena Auditorium.	at 1, ¶¶ 5-6, 8.	
22			
23	(2) The Atlanta Int'l Po	op Festival in Atlanta, Georgia, Int'l	
24	Raceway, on July 5,	1969	
25			
26	45. On July 5, 1969, Led Zeppelin	Page Decl. at 2:25-26, 2:27 to 3:2;	
27	and Spirit were among at least ten or	Plant Decl. at 1:27-28, 2:1-3; Jones	
28		13	
	02564	·	

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 18 of 50 Page ID #:2099		
1	<b>Undisputed Fact</b>	<b>Evidence in Support</b>	
2			
3	more bands and performers that	Decl. at 1-2, ¶ 9.	
4	performed on the second day of the		
5	Atlanta Int'l Pop Festival held on		
6	July 4 and 5, 1969.		
7			
8	46. Led Zeppelin and Spirit	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
9 10	performed separately at the Atlanta	8) at 329:8 to 330:12; Page Decl. at 3, ¶	
10	Int'l Pop Festival.	13; Plant Decl. at 2, ¶ 10; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 10.	
12		2,    10.	
13	47. Spirit's surviving members do	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
14	not recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the	8) at 37:20 to 37:1, Andes Depo.	
15	Atlanta Int'l Pop Festival.	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 129:3-5.	
16	•		
17	48. Spirit's surviving members	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
18	have no recollection of Led	8) at 106:10-13, 108:6-10; Andes Depo.	
19	Zeppelin's members being present	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 126:23 to	
20	when Spirit performed at the Atlanta	127:1, 127:10-25, 128:20-23.	
21	Int'l Pop Festival.		
22			
23	49. The members of Led Zeppelin	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 13; Plant Decl. at 2, ¶	
24	did not hear Spirit perform at the	10; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 10.	
25	Atlanta Int'l Pop Festival.		
<ul><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>			
28			
20		14	
'	02565	'	

Case	se 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 19 of 50 Page ID #:2100		
1 2	Undisputed Fact	Evidence in Support	
3	(3) The Seattle Pop Fest	ival in Woodinville, Washington, on	
4	July 25-27, 1968		
5			
6	50. On July 27, 1969, Led	Page Decl. at 2:26 to 3:2; Plant Decl. at	
7	Zeppelin and Spirit were among at	1:28 to 2:3; Jones Decl. at 1-2, ¶ 9.	
8	least ten or more bands and		
9	performers that performed on the		
	third day of the Seattle Pop Festival		
11	held on July 25, 26 and 27, 1969.		
12			
13	51. Led Zeppelin and Spirit	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 13; Plant Decl. at 2, ¶	
14	performed separately at the Seattle	10; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 10.	
15	Pop Festival.		
16 17	52 Cainit's assessining assessing de-	Faranca Dana (Andarras Daal Enh	
18	52. Spirit's surviving members do	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
19	not recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the Seattle Pop Festival.	8) at 108:11-25; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 130:20-22.	
20	Seattle Pop Pestival.	(Aliderson Deci. Exil. 9) at 130.20-22.	
21	53. Spirit's tent pole songs – the	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
22	earlier ones and new ones that they	8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25, 52:1-7; Andes	
23	would perform live – did not include	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at	
24	Taurus.	102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4, 103:18-24,	
25		& Anderson Decl. Exh. 20 (deposition	
26		exhibit 352).	
27			
28			
		15	
	02566		

Case	ase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 20 of 50 Page ID #:2101		
1	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
2 3 4 5 6	54. A published review of the Seattle Pop Festival does not mention <i>Taurus</i> .	Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 28, & Exh. 24 (deposition exhibit 317).	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	55. Spirit's surviving members have no recollection of Led Zeppelin's members being present when Spirit performed at the Seattle Pop Festival.	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 35:16-36:4, 37:10-18, 85:22 to 86:1, 108:11-25; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 129:21-24, 130:6-17, 132:1-13, 136:1-10, 137:1 to 138:3.	
14 15 16 17	56. The members of Led Zeppelin did not hear Spirit perform at the Seattle Pop Festival.	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 13; Plant Decl. at 2, ¶ 10; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 10.	
18 19 20	` ´	op Festival on August 30-September 1, and Spirit Performed on Different Days	
<ul><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	57. The Texas Int'l Pop Festival took place over three days, and Spirit performed on the last day, September 1, 1969.	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 115:4-8, 115:22-25.	
<ul><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	58. There is no evidence that Led Zeppelin performed on the same day	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
	02567	16	

Case	ase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 21 of 50 Page ID #:2102		
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
3 4 5	as Spirit at the Texas Int'l Pop Festival.	8) at 116:4 to 116:17.	
6 7 8 9	59. Led Zeppelin was not present at the Texas Int'l Pop Festival on the day that Spirit performed.	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 140:21-25.	
10 11 12 13 14	60. Spirit's surviving members do not recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the Texas Int'l Pop Festival.	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 138:9-17.	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	61. Spirit's tent pole songs – the earlier ones and new ones that they would perform live – did not include <i>Taurus</i> .	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25, 52:1-7; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4, 103:18-24, & Anderson Decl. Exh. 20 (deposition exhibit 352).	
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	62. Spirit's surviving members have no recollection of Led Zeppelin's members being present when Spirit performed at the Texas Pop Festival.	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 114:4-9; Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 140:21-25.	
28		17	

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105   #:2103	Filed 02/25/16 Page 22 of 50 Page ID
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3	63. The members of Led Zeppelin	Page Decl. at 2-3, ¶¶ 9, 11; Plant Decl.
4	were not present when Spirit	at 1-2, ¶¶ 6, 8; Jones Decl. at 1, ¶ 5.
5	performed at the Texas Pop Festival.	
6		
7	(5) Led Zeppelin Did No	t Perform at the Northern California
8	Folk-Rock Festival	
9		
10	64. Although a poster for the	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
11	Northern California Folk-Rock	8) at 89:18-25, 90:4-6; Andes Depo.
12	Festival in San Jose, California, on	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 122:3-8.
13	May 23-25, 1969, lists Led Zeppelin	
14	among 28 bands, there is no evidence	
15	that Led Zeppelin performed at that	
16	festival.	
17		
18 19	65. Spirit's surviving members do	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
20	not recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at the	8) at 89:18 to 25, 90:4-6; Andes Depo.
21	Northern California Folk-Rock Festival.	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14.
22	restival.	
23	66. Spirit's tent pole songs – the	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
24	earlier ones and new ones that they	8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25, 52:1-7; Andes
25	would perform live – did not include	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at
26	Taurus.	102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4, 103:18-24,
27		& Anderson Decl. Exh. 20 (deposition
28		` -
		18
	02569	

Case	ase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 23 of 50 Page ID #:2104		
1	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
2 3		exhibit 352).	
4			
5	(6) Before Coming to th	e U.S. in 1968, Led Zeppelin Had	
6	Already Begun Perfo	orming a Medley that Included a Bass	
7	Riff Similar to <i>Fresh</i>	Garbage, which Appeared in a U.K.	
8	Album that Did Not	Include Taurus	
9	,		
10	67. Before coming to the U.S. in	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 17; Plant Decl. at 2-3,	
11	1968, the members of Led Zeppelin	¶ 13; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	
12	had included in their live		
13	performances a medley that included		
14	a "bass riff" similar to the bass riff in		
15	a Spirit recording titled Fresh		
16	Garbage.		
17			
18	68. Fresh Garbage was played on	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 17; Plant Decl. at 2-3,	
19	radio and included in a popular U.K.	¶ 13; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	
20	album titled <i>The Rock Machine Turns</i>		
21 22	You On, that combined recordings of		
23	many different groups, and that U.K. album did not include <i>Taurus</i> .		
24	aroum ara not metade Taurus.		
25	69. Before going to the U.S. in	Page Decl. at 3, ¶ 17; Plant Decl. at 2-3,	
26	December 1968, members of Led	¶ 13; Jones Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	
27	Zeppelin were already familiar with	13, 001100 D001. at 2,    12.	
28	Fresh Garbage from the radio and		
		19	
02570			

Case	ase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 24 of 50 Page ID #:2105		
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
3	from the album, The Rock Machine		
4	Turns You On.		
5			
6	(f) Plaintiff's Contention that	Robert Plant Saw Spirit Perform at a	
7	Club in Birmingham, Eng	land	
8			
9	70. On or about January 31, 1970,	Plant Decl. at 2, ¶¶ 11-12.	
10	Robert Plant and his wife were		
11	present with friends at a local club,		
12	called Mothers, near his home in		
13	Birmingham, England, after which he		
14	and his wife were in an automobile		
15	accident while on the way home.		
16		A 1 D (A 1 D 1 E 1 O)	
17 18	71. No other member of Led	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)	
19	Zeppelin was present at Mothers	at 124:4-10.	
20	Club in January 1970.		
21	72. Spirit's surviving members	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
22	testified that they saw Mr. Plant and,	8) at 16:12-22, 17:14 to 18:1, 55:6 to	
	in a "meet-and-greet" that lasted 15	59:7, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl.	
24	to 30 seconds, introduced themselves	Exh. 9) at 111:17 to 112:3.	
25	to him before Spirit performed at the	,	
26	other end of the club.		
27			
28	,		
		20	
	02571		

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 25 of 50 Page ID #:2106

1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3	73. Ode Records, Inc., released its	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
4	third Spirit album, titled Clear Spirit,	8) at 52:9-16, 53:2-9; Andes Depo.
5	in October 1969.	(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 62:24 to
6		63:1, 63:20-23.
7		
8	74. Ode Records, Inc., released its	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
9	fourth Spirit album, titled Twelve	8) at 53:10-21; Andes Depo. (Anderson
10	Dreams of Dr. Sardonicus, in 1970.	Decl. Exh. 9) at 63:24 to 64:1.
11 12	75 Cuinit's symplying mambans do	Foreveger Dane (Anderson Deel Eyl
13	75. Spirit's surviving members do not recall performing <i>Taurus</i> at	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 21:4-9, 40:22 to 41:3; Andes
14		
15	Mothers Club in January 1970.	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14.
16		101.7-14.
17	76. Spirit's tent pole songs – the	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.
18	earlier ones and new ones that they	8) at 21:13-20, 51:19-25, 52:1-7; Andes
19	would perform live – did not include	Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at
20	Taurus.	102:5-10. 102:19 to 103:4, 103:18-24,
21		& Anderson Decl. Exh. 20 (deposition
22		exhibit 352).
23		
24	77. One of Spirit's surviving	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)
25	members contends that after Spirit's	at 110:18 to 111: 1, 112:4 to 113:5.
26	performance, he and other Spirit	
27	members went to a pub with Robert	
28	Plant, where they drank and played	
		21

Case	ase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 26 of 50 Page ID #:2107		
1 2	Undisputed Fact	Evidence in Support	
3 4	snooker.		
5 6 7	78. Spirit's other surviving member does not recall anything but briefly meeting Robert Plant at	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 59:1-7.	
9 10	Mothers Club before Spirit began playing.		
11 12 13 14 15	79. Further, at the time pubs, by law, closed at 10 p.m. and well before Spirit would have finished performing at Mothers Club.	Plant Decl. at 2, ¶ 12.	
16 17 18 19 20	80. In any event, Spirit's surviving members do not recall <i>Taurus</i> being played or discussed with Robert Plant in Birmingham, England.	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 40:22 to 41:3, Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 101:7-14, 112:25 to 113:1-5, 118:7-19.	
21 22 23 24 25 26	81. Andes also recalls speaking with Robert Plant, maybe in Atlanta, but they only exchanged pleasantries.	Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 108:23 to 110:14.	
27 28		22	
	02573	22	

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 #:2108	Filed 02/25/16 Page 27 of 50 Page ID
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3	(g) The November 1971 Relea	se of the <i>Led Zeppelin IV</i> Album, with
4	Stairway to Heaven	
5		
6	82. The musical composition	Page Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4; Plant Decl. at 1,
7	Stairway was created by Jimmy Page	¶¶ 3-4.
8	and Robert Plant in 1970,	
9	independently and without	
10	knowledge of <i>Taurus</i> .	
11		
12	83. Stairway was recorded in	Page Decl. at 1:15-16; Plant Decl. at
13	England in December 1970 to	1:15-12-13; Jones Decl. at 1:10-11.
14 15	January 1971.	
16	84. Led Zeppelin first publicly	Page Decl. at 1:16-17; Plant Decl. at
17	performed <i>Stairway</i> in March 1971 at	1:13-15; Jones Decl. at 1:11-13.
	Ulster Hall in Belfast, Northern	
19	Ireland.	
20		
21	85. The untitled album commonly	Page Decl. at 1:17-19; Plant Decl. at
22	referred to as Led Zeppelin IV, which	1:15-17; Jones Decl. at 1:13-14.
23	includes Stairway, was released to	
24	the public on November 8, 1971.	
25		
26	86. Stairway begins with a minor	Page Decl. at 1:20-21; Ferrara Audio
27	line cliché and arpeggios, over which	Exh. 2 at Track 2; Ferrara Decl. at 3-4,
28		
		23
	02574	

Case	ase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 28 of 50 Page ID #:2109			
1 2				
3 4 5	an ascending line is played.	¶¶ 9-13, & Exh. 1 at 4-5, ¶ 7, at 5-6, ¶¶ 10-12, at 7-8, ¶¶ 14-17.		
6 7 8 9 10 11	87. Long before 1968, Jimmy Page was aware of minor line clichés and arpeggios and had included similar music when he performed as a session guitarist.	Page Decl. at 1-2, ¶¶ 5-7; Ferrara Audio Exh. 1 at Track 15.		
12 13 14	(h) <u>Jimmy Page Purchased a Zeppelin Was Formed</u>	Theremin-Like Devise Before Led		
15 16 17 18 19 20	88. While he was with the Yardbirds and before Led Zeppelin was formed, Jimmy Page purchased a Sonic Wave, a Theremin-type devise, in Los Angeles, California.	Page Decl. at 4:1-2.		
21 22 23 24 25 26	89. Jimmy Page purchased the Sonic Wave after Jeff Beck told him that Brian Wilson of the Beach Boys used a Theremin in the 1966 song <i>Good Vibrations</i> and on tour.	Page Decl. at 4:2-4.		
27 28	02575	24		

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 29 of 50 Page ID #:2110

1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
3	3 (i) Wolfe's 1991 Waiver of any Claim as to Stairway to Heaven		
4			
5	90. In 1991, Wolfe was	Freeman Decl. at 3, ¶ 1, & Ruhlmann	
6	interviewed in connection with the	Depo. (Freeman Exh. 3) at 9:2-16,	
7	preparation of text – referred to as	10:11-17, 14:1-19, 15:7-16, 38:1-6;	
8	liner notes – to accompany the	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
9	upcoming release of a two-CD	8) at 183:13-17	
10	album, titled Time Circle, combining		
11	a number of Spirit recordings.		
12			
13	91. In that interview, which was	Ruhlmann Depo. (Freeman Exh. 3) at	
14	recorded, Wolfe stated that he was	8:4-6, 8:18-25, 7:16 to 8:10; Freeman	
15	not bothered by the similarity	Decl. at 1-2, ¶¶ 4-6, & Exh. 4, Exh. 5,	
16	between Taurus and Stairway, that he	Exh. 6 at 5:1 to 8:4; Freeman Audio	
17	considered the band members	Exhibit 3 at 22 minutes 49 seconds to	
18	friends, that "if they wanted to use"	27 minutes 25 seconds.	
19	Taurus "that's fine," and "I'll let		
20	them have the beginning of Taurus		
21	for their song without a lawsuit" and		
22	he was "letting them off the hook."		
23			
24	92. In the text accompanying the	Freeman Decl. at 2, ¶ 7, & Exh. 7	
25	album Time Circle released to the	(deposition exhibit 339) at 37.	
26	public in 1991, Wolfe is quoted as		
27	stating with respect to Stairway, that		
28	if Led Zeppelin wants to use it that is		
		25	

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 #:2111		led 02/25/16 Page 30 of 50 Page ID
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>		Evidence in Support
3	fine and "I'll let them have the		
4	beginning of 'Taurus' for their song."		
5			
6	93. The quotation of Wolfe		Ruhlman Depo. (Freeman Exh. 3) at
7	appearing in the text accompanying		9:9-16, 11: 15-25, 12:16 to 24:9.
8	Time Circle is an accurate quotation		
9	of what Wolfe told the interviewer.		
10			
11	(j) The Forty-Three Years of	De	elay Before this Claim Was Asserted
12			
13	94. The untitled album commonly		Page Decl. at 1:17-19.
	referred to as Led Zeppelin IV and		
15	which includes Stairway, was		
	released to the public on November		
17	8, 1971.		
18			
19	95. When Wolfe's bandmate,		Andes Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 9)
20 21	Andes, first heard <i>Stairway</i> when it		at 172:11 to 173:1, 173:17-20.
22	was released in the early 1970s, he believed there were similarities to		
23	Taurus.		
24	1 GWI WS.		
25	96. Although aware of <i>Stairway</i>		Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 30.
26	and believing its introduction is		2
27	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I .
28			
		2	6
	02577		

Case	Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 31 of 50 Page ID #:2112			
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support		
3	similar to <i>Taurus</i> , Wolfe did not sue.			
5 6 7 8 9	97. Wolfe died in 1997 and from 2002 until her death, his mother, Bernice Pearl, was the trustee or cotrustee of the Randy Craig Wolfe Trust (the "Trust") that claims rights in <i>Taurus</i> .	FAC at 12, ¶ 62.		
11 12 13	98. There is no evidence that Pearl sued or otherwise asserted a claim,	Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 6.		
14 15 16	individually or on behalf of the Trust, as to <i>Stairway</i> .			
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	99. Plaintiff became a co-trustee of the Trust prior to Pearl's death, and did not file this action until May 31, 2014, over forty-three years after the 1971 release of <i>Led Zeppelin IV</i> and <i>Stairway</i> .	Complaint (Doc. 1); FAC at 12, ¶ 62.		
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	100. In the over four decades between the 1971 release of Led Zeppelin IV and <i>Stairway</i> and plaintiff's filing of this action in 2014, multiple witnesses have died,	Page Decl. at 4, ¶ 22; Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh. 8) at 73:22 to 74:4, 77:18-19, 88:20-24; 89: 3-4.		
	02578			

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 32 of 50 Page ID #:2113

1	Undisputed Fact		Evidance in Support
2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>		Evidence in Support
3	including John Bonham (the fourth		
4	member of Led Zeppelin) in 1980;		
5	Peter Grant (Led Zeppelin's personal		
6	manager and who attended many of		
7	their concerts) in 1995; Wolfe in		
8	1997; John Locke (another member		
9	of Spirit) in 2006; Bernice Pearl		
10	(Wolfe's mother and trustee of the		
11	Trust) in 2009; Ed Cassidy (another		
12	member of Spirit) in 2012; Andy		
13	Johns (the engineer for the recording		
14	of recorded Stairway) in 2013; and		
15	Danny Tucker (Spirit's road manager		
16	in 1968-79).		
17			
18	101. In the over four decades	-	Page Decl. at 4, ¶ 21; Andes Depo.
19	between the 1971 release of Led		(Anderson Decl. Exh. 9) at 38:12-18,
20	Zeppelin IV and Stairway and		39:13-17, 39:21-25, 64:3-17.
21	plaintiff's filing of this action in		
22	2014, documents have been lost or		
23	stolen, including recordings		
24	reflecting the creation of Stairway,		
25	and set lists identifying the songs		
26	performed by Spirit at concerts.		
27			
28			
		28	
	02579		

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 33 of 50 Page ID #:2114			
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u> <u>Evidence in Support</u>			
3	102. In 2012-14 and at substantial		Anderson Decl. at 6, ¶ 36.	
4	cost, Rhino Entertainment Co.		"	
5	arranged for the remastering and re-			
6	release of Led Zeppelin recordings,			
7	including the <i>Led Zeppelin IV</i> album			
8	and Stairway.			
9				
10	(k) That Jimmy Page Has a S	pir	rit Album Now Does Not Prove He	
11	Had It Forty-Five Years A	Ago		
12		1		
13	103. Jimmy Page has a collection of		Page Decl. at 4, ¶ 19.	
14	several thousands of different albums			
15	of many kinds, including albums he			
16	purchased, albums people gave him			
17	and albums that were simply left at			
18	his home, and he has never listened			
19	to many of them,			
20				
21	104. In connection with this		Page Decl. at 4:9-10.	
22	litigation, he found a copy of Spirit's			
23	first album in his collection of several			
24	thousand records.			
25				
26	105. He had not previously seen the		Page Decl. at 4:10:13.	
27	album in his collection, he does not			
28	know how or when it got there and it			
		2	9	
	02580			

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 #:2115	
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3	may have been left by a guest, it is	
4	unlikely it was there for long since he	
5	never noticed it before.	
6		
7	(l) <u>Plaintiff Never Produced</u>	the Taurus Deposit Copy that
8	Accompanied Hollenbeck	's 1967 Registration of Copyright in the
9	<u>Taurus Musical Composit</u>	<u>cion</u>
10		
11	106. Plaintiff did not produce with	Anderson Decl. at 3, ¶ 16.
12	his initial disclosures or in discovery	
13	the deposit copy of the Taurus	
14	musical composition that	
15	accompanied Hollenbeck's 1967	
	registration of copyright in that	
17	musical composition.	
18		
19	(m) The Absence of Substant	ial or Striking Similarities between What
20	May Be the Taurus Trans	<u>cription and Stairway</u>
21		
22	107. On February 10, 2014, plaintiff	Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 32, & Ferrara
23	provided his initial expert	Exh. 2 (Stewart Report).
24	disclosures, including the report of	
25	his musicologist, Alexander Stewart.	
26		
27 28		
20		20
		30
	02581	

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 173 of 271				
Case	Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 35 of 50 Page ID #:2116			
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support		
3	108. Neither Stewart's nor any	Anderson Decl. at 5, ¶ 33, & Ferrara		
4	other report submitted by plaintiff,	Exh. 2.		
5	mentions the musical transcription of			
6	Taurus that would have accompanied			
7	Hollenbeck's 1967 registration of			
8	copyright in the Taurus musical			
9	composition.			
10				
11	109. Stewart's report purports to	Ferrara Exh. 2.		
12	analyze and compare Ode Records,			
13	Inc.'s and other recordings of <i>Taurus</i> ,			
14	on the one hand, and Stairway, on the			
15	other hand.			
16				
17	110. Stewart's report purports to	Ferrara Exh. 2.		
18	conclude there are substantial			
19	similarities, and does not claim there			
20	are striking similarities.			
21				
22	111. Stewart's report relies on	Ferrara Exh. 2; Ferrara Decl. at 2, ¶ 6.		
23	claimed similarities in how Taurus			

111. Stewart's report relies on	Ferrara Exh. 2; Ferrara Decl. at 2, ¶ 6.
claimed similarities in how Taurus	
and Stairway were performed in their	
respective recordings, including	
purported similarities with Spirit's	
recorded "fingerpicking style,"	
"acoustic guitar," tempo, "classical	
	31

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 36 of 50 Page ID #:2117

1	Undisputed Fact	Evidence in Support
2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support
3	instruments such as flute strings	
4	and harpsichord," "atmospheric	
5	sustained pads" and "fretboard	
6	positioning and fingering" on the	
7	guitar.	
8		
9	112. The <i>Taurus</i> transcription that	Ferrara Audio Exh. 2 at Track 2;
10	defendants believe may have been	Ferrara Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4, & Exh. 1
11	deposited with the Copyright Office	(Ferrara Report) at 4-5, ¶ 7.
12	and a phrase in Stairway both have a	
13	commonplace descending scale of	
14	pitches.	
15		
16	113. The descending scale in both	Ferrara Audio Exh. 2 at Track 2;
17	the Taurus transcription and Stairway	Ferrara Decl. at 1, ¶¶ 3-4, & Exh. 1
18	is a fundamental musical building	(Ferrara Report) at 4-5, ¶ 7, Exh.
19	block widely used in chord	2(Stewart Report) at 4, ¶ 8.
20	progressions in popular music prior	
21	to "Taurus", used in classical music	
22	as early as the 17 <sup>th</sup> century, and so	
23	common that they are sometimes	
24	referred to as a "minor line cliché".	
25		
26	114. Similar chord progressions	Ferrara Audio Exh. 2 at Track 2;
27	with such descending pitches appear	Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 4-5, ¶
28	in prior compositions such as, for	
		32
	02583	

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR	Document 105	Filed 02/25/16	Page 37 of 50	Page ID
		#:2118			

1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>		Evidence in Support	
3	example, "Dido's Lament" by Henry	,	7, & at Attachment B at 5-22.	
4	Purcell (1689), "My Funny			
5	Valentine", "A Taste of Honey",			
6	"Cry Me a River", "Michelle", "The			
7	Meaning of the Blues", "How			
8	Insensitive", "Walkin' My Baby			
9	Back Home", "More", and "Chim			
10	Chim Cher-ee" (from Mary Poppins),			
11	as well as The Beatles' Michelle.			
12				
13	115. Randy Wolfe, as well as the	-	Ferguson Depo. (Anderson Decl. Exh.	
14	other members of Spirit, were fans of	:	8) at 65:7-16, 66:22-23; Freeman Exh.	
15	The Beatles and performed songs by		6 at 3:21 to 4:1.	
16	The Beatles.			
17				
18	116. Before 1968, Jimmy Page was	]	Page Decl. at 1-2, ¶¶ 5-6; Ferrara Audio	
19	aware of this musical device, having	-	Exh. 1 at Track 4 (Chim Chim Cher-ee)	
20	heard it as early as 1960 in a Chris		& Track 8 (Spring is Near).	
21	Farlowe recording he arranged and,			
22	in 1964, in Chim Chim Cher-ee from			
23	the movie Mary Poppins.			
24				
25	117. Before leaving for the U.S. in		Page Decl. at 2, ¶ 7; Anderson Decl. at	
26	December 1968, Jimmy Page was a		5, ¶ 29, & Exh. 25; Ferrara Audio	
27	session musician on Cartoone's		Exhibit 1 at Track 15.	
28	recording of Ice Cream Dreams,			
	33			

Case	Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 38 of 50 Page ID #:2119		
1 2	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support	
3	which includes a similar introduction.		
5 6 7 8 9	118. There is no substantial similarity in the structures of the <i>Taurus</i> musical composition and <i>Stairway to Heaven</i> , and their structures are markedly different.	Ferrara Decl. at 2, ¶ 8, & Ferrara Exh. 1  (Ferrara Report) at 5, ¶ 7, &  Attachment A.	
11 12 13 14 15	119. There are no substantial harmonic similarities between the <i>Taurus</i> musical composition and <i>Stairway to Heaven</i> , and their harmonies are markedly different.	Ferrara Decl. at 3, ¶¶ 9-11, & Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 5-6, ¶¶ 10-12, & Attachment B.	
18	120. There are no substantial rhythmic similarities between the <i>Taurus</i> musical composition and <i>Stairway to Heaven</i> , and their rhythms are markedly different.	Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 7, ¶ 13, & Attachment C.	
23 24 25 26 27 28	121. There are no substantial melodic similarities between the <i>Taurus</i> musical composition and <i>Stairway to Heaven</i> , and their melodies are markedly different.	Ferrara Decl. at 4-5, ¶¶ 12-15, & Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 7-8, ¶¶ 13-17, & Attachment D.	
	02585	34	

Case	Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 39 of 50 Page ID #:2120			
1	<u>Undisputed Fact</u>	Evidence in Support		
2				
3	122. The <i>Taurus</i> musical	Ferrara Exh. 1 (Ferrara Report) at 8-9,		
4	composition and Stairway to Heaven	¶¶ 18-20, & Attachment E.		
5	are very different musical			
6	compositions.			
7				
8	(n) <u>John Paul Jones, Super H</u>	Hype Publishing, Inc., and Warner Music		
9	Group Corp. Have Not Po	erformed or Distributed Stairway		
10				
11	123. Plaintiff has not presented any	Anderson Decl. at 6, ¶ 37.		
12	admissible evidence establishing that			
13	John Paul Jones, Super Hype			
14	Publishing, Inc., or Warner Music			
15	Group Corp. performed or distributed			
16	Stairway within the three years			
17	preceding plaintiff's filing of this			
18	action.			
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
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26				
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		35		
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Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 40 of 50 Page ID #:2121

#### 2. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Court makes the following conclusions of law:

### (a) The Court's Jurisdiction.

1. The Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Sections 1331 and 1338(a).

#### (b) The Summary Judgment Standards

- 2. "Summary judgment procedure is properly regarded not as a disfavored procedural shortcut, but rather as an integral part of the Federal Rules as a whole, which are designed 'to secure the just, speedy and inexpensive determination of every action." *Celotex Corp. v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317, 327, 106 S.Ct. 2548, 91 L.Ed.2d 265 (1986), *quoting* Fed. R. Civ. P. 1.
- 3. Summary judgment is appropriate if "there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and . . . the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c).
- 4. Once the moving party shows it is entitled to summary judgment, the burden shifts to the non-moving party to establish genuine issues exist as to material facts. *Celotex*, 477 U.S. at 324. The non-moving party cannot carry that burden by conclusory allegations, *Berg v. Kincheloe*, 794 F.2d 457, 459 (9th Cir. 1986), by speculation or conjecture, *Scotto v. Almenas*, 143 F.3d 105, 114 (2d Cir. 1998) or by the "mere existence of a scintilla of evidence." *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 252, 106 S.Ct. 2505, 91 L.Ed. 2d 202 (1983). The non-moving party "must set forth specific facts showing that there is a genuine issue for trial." *Berg*, 794 F.2d at 459.
- 5. The non-moving party is entitled only to "justifiable inferences," *id.* at 255, and "[w]here the record taken as a whole could not lead a rational trier of fact to find for the nonmoving party, there is no genuine issue for trial." *Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co., Ltd. v. Zenith Radio Corp.*, 475 U.S. 574, 587, 106 S.Ct. 1348, 89 L.Ed.2d 538 (1986).

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 41 of 50 Page ID #:2122

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# (c) <u>Summary Judgment on Plaintiff's Copyright Claims Is</u> <u>Appropriate Because *Taurus* Is a Work for Hire Owned by Hollenbeck Music</u>

- 6. Plaintiff's first three claims are for direct, contributory and vicarious infringement of the copyright in the musical composition *Taurus*. FAC (Document 31) at 24-28.
- 7. "To be entitled to sue for copyright infringement, the plaintiff must be the 'legal or beneficial owner of an exclusive right under a copyright." *Silvers v. Sony Pictures Entm't, Inc.*, 402 F.3d 881, 884 (9th Cir. 2005) (*quoting* 17 U.S.C. § 501(b)), *cert. denied* 546 U.S. 827 (2005).
- 8. "Beneficial owners include, 'for example, an author who had parted with legal title to the copyright in exchange for percentage royalties based on sales or license fees." Warren v. Fox Family Worldwide, Inc., 328 F.3d 1136, 1144 (9th Cir.2003), quoting H.R. Rep. No. 94–1476, at 159. But, "[a] creator of a work made for hire does not qualify as a beneficial owner even if he or she is entitled to royalties." Ray Charles Found. v. Robinson, 795 F.3d 1109, 1116 n. 7 (9th Cir. 2015). Because the evidence, and plaintiff's admission under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 36, is that Taurus is a work for hire, summary judgment is appropriate.

# (d) Summary Judgment on Plaintiff's Copyright Claims Is Also Appropriate Because Wolfe Waived the Claim

- 9. The defenses that defendants raised in their Answers include waiver. Answer (Doc. 68) at 29, ¶ 213; Answer (Doc. 69) at 33, ¶ 214.
- 10. "Waiver is the intentional relinquishment of a known right with knowledge of its existence and the intent to relinquish it." A&M Records, Inc. v. Napster, Inc., 239 F.3d 1004, 1026 (9th Cir. 2001), quoting United States v. King Features Entm't, Inc., 843 F.2d 394, 399 (9th Cir.1988). "In copyright, waiver . . . 'occurs only if there is an intent by the copyright proprietor to surrender rights in his work." A&M Records 239 F.3d at 1026, quoting 4 Nimmer on Copyright ¶ 13.06.

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 42 of 50 Page ID #:2123

Because the evidence is that Wolfe waived the claim that *Stairway* copies *Taurus*, summary judgment is appropriate.

## (e) <u>In Addition, Summary Judgment Is Appropriate Because Wolfe</u> and the Trust Abandoned the Claim

- at 29, ¶ 212; Answer (Doc. 69) at 33, ¶ 213. "Abandonment occurs when the copyright proprietor intends to surrender a copyright interest in his work." *Hadady Corp. v. Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc.*, 739 F. Supp. 1392, 1398-99 (C.D. Cal. 1990). "To find abandonment, 'the copyright owner must have clearly manifested that intention through some affirmative act." *Id., quoting* Goldstein, *Goldstein on Copyright* 160 (1989). A copyright holder may abandon some rights without abandoning others. *Micro Star v. Formgen, Inc.*, 154 F.3d 1107, 1114 (9th Cir.1998). It is sufficient that the plaintiff intended the act that constitutes abandonment, even if he did not realize he was abandoning his copyright. *Lopez v. Electrical Rebuilders, Inc.*, 416 F. Supp. 1133, 1135 (C.D. Cal. 1976).
- 12. A public statement that a right will not be pursued, may constitute the overt act establishing abandonment. *Hadady*, 739 F. Supp. at 1399; *Wyatt Tech. Corp. v. Malvern Instruments Inc.*, No. CV 07-08298-DDP-MANx, 2009 WL 2365647, at \*13-14 (C.D. Cal. July 29, 2009), *aff'd*, 526 F. App'x 761 (9th Cir. 2013); *Rouse v. Walter & Associates, L.L.C.*, 513 F. Supp. 2d 1041, 1070 (S.D. Iowa 2007) (claimed owners' failure to assert rights and statement work could be used, constituted abandonment).
- 13. Although Wolfe was not an owner, beneficially or otherwise, of the *Taurus* copyright, he abandoned any right to claim that *Stairway* copies *Taurus*.

### (f) Laches Also Bars the Claims as Beneficial Owner

14. The Supreme Court has ruled that laches does not bar a legal claim for copyright infringement, and confirmed that laches continues to apply to equitable claims. *Petrella v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc.*, 134 S.Ct. 1962, 1973-75, 1977-79,

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 43 of 50 Page ID #:2124

188 L. Ed. 2d 979 (2014). Because *Petrella*'s ruling is limited to actions at law and preserves laches as a defense in equity, this Circuit's law as to laches remains intact when applied to equitable claims.

- 15. A claim as beneficial ownership of a copyright is an equitable claim. Warren, 328 F.3d at 1144 (beneficial ownership of copyright is "an equitable trust relationship"), quoting Cortner v. Israel, 732 F.2d 267, 271 (2d Cir. 1984); see, also Black's Law Dictionary (10th ed. 2014) ("beneficial owner . . . 1. One recognized in equity . . . even though legal title may belong to someone else").
- 16. The forty-three years of delay in asserting these claims triggers a "strong presumption" that laches bars them. *Miller v. Glenn Miller Prods., Inc.*, 454 F.3d 975, 997 (9th Cir. 2006).
- 17. Further, the evidence establishes laches. Laches applies if there has been unreasonable delay to the defendant's prejudice. *Danjaq LLC v. Sony Corp.*, 263 F.3d 942, 951 (9th Cir. 2001). As to delay, "the relevant delay is the period from when the plaintiff knew (or should have known) of the allegedly infringing conduct, until the initiation of the lawsuit . . . ." *Id.* at 952. Forty-three years of delay is unreasonable as a matter of law. As to prejudice, "Courts have recognized two chief forms of prejudice in the laches context—evidentiary and expectations-based. Evidentiary prejudice includes such things as lost, stale, or degraded evidence, or witnesses whose memories have faded or who have died . . . . A defendant may also demonstrate prejudice by showing that it took actions or suffered consequences that it would not have, had the plaintiff brought suit promptly." *Danjaq*, 263 F.3d at 955. The evidence establishes both types of prejudice and plaintiff cannot overcome the strong presumption that laches applies. Accordingly, for this additional reason summary judgment is appropriate.

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 44 of 50 Page ID #:2125

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- (g) Summary Judgment Also Is Appropriate Because Plaintiffs Have
  Failed to Carry their Burden of Presenting Admissible Evidence
  Establishing Copying of Protected Expression
  - (1) A Copyright Infringement Claim Requires Proof of Copying
    Original Elements of the Registered Work
- 18. A plaintiff asserting a copyright infringement claim has the burden of proving "(1) ownership of a valid copyright, and (2) copying of constituent elements of the work that are original." *Rice v. Fox Broadcasting Co.*, 330 F.3d 1170, 1174 (9th Cir. 2003), *quoting Feist Publ'ns, Inc. v. Rural Tel. Serv. Co.*, 499 U.S. 340, 361, 111 S.Ct. 1282, 113 L.Ed.2d 358 (1991).
- 19. Copying is therefore an essential element and, "absent copying, there can be no infringement of copyright, . . . ." 2 M. & D. Nimmer, *Nimmer on Copyright* § 8.01[A].

#### (2) Plaintiff Fails to Establish Copying

- (i) Plaintiff Presents No Direct Evidence of Copying and No Evidence Establishing Striking Similarities
- 20. To prove the required element of copying, a plaintiff must (1) present direct evidence of copying or (2) prove copying circumstantially by showing (a) there are striking similarities between the works or (b) the alleged copier had "access" to the plaintiff's work and the works are substantially similar. *Smith v. Jackson*, 84 F.3d 1213, 1218 (9th Cir. 1996); *Stewart*, 574 F. Supp. 2d at 1084.
- 21. Plaintiff presents no direct evidence of copying and failed to present admissible expert testimony of striking similarity. 4 *Nimmer on Copyright* § 13.02[B] (the requirement of expert testimony to establish striking similarities is especially applicable "in 'technical' areas, such as music . . . .").

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Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 45 of 50 Page ID #:2126

(ii) Plaintiff Fails to Prove Access Plus Substantial
Similarity

- a. Plaintiff Relies on Conjecture and Speculation that Led Zeppelin's Members Might Have Heard *Taurus* Before Recording *Stairway* in 1971
- 22. To prove access, the plaintiff in a copyright case must present evidence that the creator of the defendant's work had a "reasonable possibility, not merely a bare possibility," to copy the plaintiff's work. *Art Attacks Ink, LLC v. MGA Entm't Inc.*, 581 F.3d 1138, 1143 (9th Cir. 2009). Access is proven "either by (1) establishing a chain of events linking the plaintiff's work and the defendant's access, or (2) showing that the plaintiff's work has been widely disseminated." *Id.*.
- 23. Plaintiff has presented no evidence of widespread dissemination of *Taurus* prior to 1972 and, to the contrary, the evidence is that it was not released as a single, was not played on radio and was only rarely played by Spirit in concerts.
- 24. As to access by a chain of events linking the plaintiff's work to the alleged copier, "[r]easonable access requires more than a 'bare possibility,' and 'may not be inferred through mere speculation or conjecture." *Gable v. Nat'l Broad. Co.*, 727 F. Supp. 2d 815, 824 (C.D. Cal. 2010), *quoting Three Boys Music Corp. v. Bolton*, 212 F.3d 477, 482 (9th Cir. 2000), *cert. denied* 531 U.S. 1126, 121 S,Ct. 881, 148 L.Ed.2d 790, *in turn quoting 4 Nimmer on Copyright*, § 13.02[A] at 13-19.
- 25. There is no evidence that *Taurus* was performed at any concert where Led Zeppelin was present and no evidence that any member of Led Zeppelin heard *Taurus* before *Stairway* was created. That some of Spirit's other songs became popular does not prove that members of Led Zeppelin heard *Taurus*, which was on their first album and was not popular. Also, the mere fact that in 2015 a copy of Spirit's album was in Page's record collection, is not "significant, affirmative and probative evidence" that he heard *Taurus* forty-five years ago. *Intersong-USA v. CBS, Inc.*, 757 F. Supp. 274, 281 (S.D.N.Y. 1991).

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 46 of 50 Page ID #:2127

26. Accordingly, plaintiff's copyright claims fail for the additional reason that he fails to establish access.

# b. Plaintiff Also Fails to Establish Substantial Similarity Between Protectable Portions of the Copyrighted *Taurus* Transcription and *Stairway*

- 27. Plaintiff sues on the copyright in the *Taurus* transcription deposited with the Copyright Office in 1967 and, accordingly, bears the burden of presenting expert testimony establishing substantial similarity between that transcription and *Stairway*. Plaintiff, however, failed to do so and cannot present that affirmative testimony by rebuttal. Accordingly, for that reason alone plaintiff fails to carry his burden as to substantial similarity and summary judgment is appropriate.
- 28. Further, there is no genuine dispute that the *Taurus* transcription and *Stairway* are not substantially similar. "To determine whether two works are substantially similar, a two-part analysis an extrinsic test and an intrinsic test is applied." *Rice*, 330 F.3d at at 1174. "For summary judgment, only the extrinsic test is important." *Id.*, *quoting Kouf v. Walt Disney Pictures & Television*, 16 F.3d 1042, 1045 (9th Cir. 1994). "[A] plaintiff who cannot satisfy the extrinsic test necessarily loses on summary judgment, . . . ." *Id.*
- 29. "The extrinsic test considers whether two works share a similarity of ideas and expression as measured by external, objective criteria." *Swirsky v. Carey*, 376 F.3d 841, 845 (9th Cir. 2004). "The extrinsic test requires 'analytical dissection of a work and expert testimony." *Id.*, *quoting Three Boys Music*, 212 F.3d at 485. "Analytical dissection' requires breaking the works 'down into their constituent elements, and comparing those elements for proof of copying as measured by 'substantial similarity." *Swirsky*, 376 F.3d at 845, *quoting Rice v. Fox Broadcasting Co.*, 148 F. Supp. 2d 1029, 1051 (C.D. Cal. 2001), *rev'd on other grounds*, *Rice*, 330 F.3d 1170.

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 47 of 50 Page ID #:2128

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- 30. "Because the requirement is one of substantial similarity to *protected* elements of the copyrighted work, it is essential to distinguish between the protected and unprotected material in a plaintiff's work." *Swirsky*, 376 F.3d at 845 (emphasis in original). Further, "ideas" and "expressions that are standard, stock, or common to a particular subject matter or medium are not protectable under copyright law." *Satava v. Lowry*, 323 F.3d 805, 811 (9th Cir. 2003) (emphasis in original), *cert. denied*, 540 U.S. 983 (2003); *Smith v. Jackson*, 84 F.3d 1213, 1216, n. 3 (9th Cir. 1996) (unprotected scenes a faire includes musical elements that are "common or trite").
- 31. In performing this analytic dissection of the works, "[i]t is the copyright plaintiff's burden to identify the elements for this comparison." *Rice*, 148 F.Supp.2d at 1051.
- 32. Plaintiff's musicologist never mentioned the *Taurus* transcription, let alone identify its elements for comparison. Instead, plaintiff's musicologist reviewed recordings of performances of Taurus. But, those recordings are irrelevant. In determining the scope of the *Taurus* copyright, "the Copyright Act of 1909 is the applicable law in this case because the copyright was secured . . . prior to the adoption of the 1976 Act." Magnuson v. Video Yesteryear, 85 F.3d 1424, 1427 (9th Cir. 1996). Under the 1909 Act "[a] phonograph record is not a copy of the musical composition itself." Rosette v. Rainbo Record Mfg. Corp., 354 F. Supp. 1183, 1192 n. 8 (S.D.N.Y. 1973), aff'd, 546 F.2d 461 (2d Cir. 1976). Further, copyright was secured by depositing the *Taurus* transcription with the Copyright Office as a "complete copy of" the composition protected by the copyright. 17 U.S.C. § 12 (repealed). Accordingly, the copyright in the *Taurus* composition is the copyrighted transcription, while the performance features of recordings that are cited by plaintiff's musicologist, must by law be disregarded. Newton v. Diamond, 388 F.3d 1189, 1193 (9th Cir. 2004) (because claim is for alleged use of musical composition, "we may consider only . . . appropriation of the song's compositional

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 48 of 50 Page ID #:2129

elements and must remove from consideration all the elements unique to [plaintiff's] performance"), *cert. denied* 545 U.S. 1114 (2005).

- 33. Focusing, as required by binding case law, only on the *Taurus* composition as transcribed, the evidence is that any similarity with *Stairway* is limited to a descending chromatic scale of pitches resulting from "broken" chords or "arpeggios" and which is so common in music it is sometimes called a minor line cliché. Both sides' experts have identified multiple similar compositions that predate *Taurus* and *Stairway* by years, decades and centuries, and agree that the descending line and arpeggios are public domain. *See, also* Copyright Office Compendium § 802.5(A) (chromatic scales and arpeggios are "common property musical material" in the public domain and not subject to copyright). The descending chromatic scale and arpeggios must be disregarded. *Apple Computer, Inc. v. Microsoft Corp.*, 35 F.3d 1435, 1443 (9th Cir. 1994) ("only those elements of a work that are protectable and used without the author's permission can be compared when it comes to the ultimate question of illicit copying"), *cert. denied* 513 U.S. 1184 (1995).
- 34. Accordingly, defendants are entitled to summary judgment in their favor on plaintiff's copyright infringement claims.

# (h) Summary Judgment Is Also Appropriate as to John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing, Inc., and Warner Music Group Corp.

35. Neither has plaintiff presented admissible evidence establishing a claim against defendants John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing, Inc., and Warner Music Group Corp. None of them have been involved in the performance or distribution of *Stairway* within the three years preceding plaintiff's filing of this action, if at all. *Petrella*, 134 S. Ct. at 1969 ("Under the Act's three-year provision, [the alleged] infringer is insulated from liability for earlier infringements of the same work"). Accordingly, and irrespective of the Court's conclusions above, plaintiff's claims fail as to these defendants.

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 49 of 50 Page ID #:2130

# (i) Summary Judgment Is Also Proper on Plaintiff's Remaining Claim for "Right of Attribution"

- 36. Plaintiff's fourth and final claim is labeled "Right of Attribution— Equitable Relief Falsification of Rock n' Roll History" and claims an entitlement to have Wolfe credited as a *Stairway* songwriter. FAC at 29-30. The evidence, however, is that Wolfe did not write any portion of *Stairway*. For that reason alone, the claim fails.
- 37. Further, the Copyright Act does not confer a right to credit as co-writer of a musical work. 17 U.S.C. §§ 106 & 106A (limiting right to attribution to works of visual art); *UMG Recordings, Inc. v. Disco Azteca Distrib., Inc.*, 446 F. Supp. 2d 1164, 1178 (E.D. Cal. 2006) ("it is well established that the right to attribution is not a protected right under the Copyright Act").
- 38. A right to attribution is also precluded by *Dastar Corp. v. Twentieth Century Fox Film Corp.*, 539 U.S. 23, 123 S.Ct. 2041, 156 L.Ed.2d 18 (2003); *Sybersound Records, Inc. v. UAV Corp.*, 517 F.3d 1137, 1144 (9th Cir. 2008) (under *Dastar*, misstating credit not actionable); *Baden Sports, Inc. v. Molten USA, Inc.*, 556 F.3d 1300, 1306 (Fed. Cir. (Wash.) 2009) (authorship claim "foreclosed by *Dastar*"), *cert. denied* 558 U.S. 822 (2009).
- 39. Accordingly, summary judgment on plaintiff's fourth claim is also proper.

#### 3. CONCLUSION

40. There is no triable issue as to plaintiff's claims and defendants are entitled to summary judgment. Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 56(a).

Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 105 Filed 02/25/16 Page 50 of 50 Page ID #:2131
1 2 3	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that judgment on plaintiff's claims be entered against plaintiff and in favor of defendants, and each of them.
4 5 6 7	Dated:  The Honorable R. Gary Klausner United States District Judge
8 9	
10 11 12	Peter J. Anderson, Esq., Cal. Bar No. 088891 E-Mail: pja@pjanderson.com LAW OFFICES OF PETER J. ANDERSON
13 14 15 16	A Professional Corporation Attorney for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT, JOHN PAUL JONES, WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC., SUPER HYPE PUBLISHING, INC., ATLANTIC RECORDING CORP., RHINO ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY and WARNER MUSIC GROUP CORP.
17 18 19 20	Helene Freeman, Esq., admitted <i>pro hac vice</i> E-Mail: hfreeman@phillipsnizer.com PHILIPS NIZER LLP Attorneys for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT and JOHN PAUL JONES
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Case 2	:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 9	7 Filed 02/2	5/16 Page 1 of 5	Page ID #:1039
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Peter J. Anderson, Esq., Cal. Bar N E-Mail: pja@pjanderson.com LAW OFFICES OF PETER J. AN A Professional Corporation 100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 2016 Santa Monica, CA 90401 Tel: (310) 260-6030 Fax: (310) 260-6040 Attorneys for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBER PLANT, JOHN PAUL JONES, W. MUSIC, INC., SUPER HYPE PUE ATLANTIC RECORDING CORP ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY MUSIC GROUP CORP.  Helene Freeman, Esq., admitted pr. E-Mail: hfreeman@phillipsnizer.c PHILIPS NIZER LLP 666 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10103-0084 Tel: (212) 977-9700 Fax: (212) 262-5152 Attorneys for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBER PLANT and JOHN PAUL JONES	DERSON  OF THE ANTHON ARNER/CHAPTER SHING, IT, RHING and WARNER WARNER OF the Activity of the Communication of the Activity of	APPELL NC., R	
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17	WES	TERN DIV	ISION	
18	MICHAEL SKIDMORE, etc.,	) Ca	se No. 2:15-cv-0	3462 RGK (AGRx)
19	Plaintiff,	)		
20	VS.	$\dot{M}$	EFENDANTS' N OTION AND MO	OTION FOR
21	LED ZEPPELIN, et al.,	) SU ) TH	JMMARY JUDG IE ALTERNATI JMMARY JUDG	VE, PARTIAL
22	Defendants.	)		
23			te: March 28, 20 ne: 9:00 a.m.	<i>7</i> 10
24				the Honorable
25			United States	Klausner District Judge
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Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97 Filed 02/25/16 Page 2 of 5 Page ID #:1040

#### TO PLAINTIFF AND HIS ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on March 28, 2016, at 9:00 a.m. or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard in Courtroom 850 of the above-entitled District Court, located at 255 East Temple Street, Los Angeles, California, defendants James Patrick Page, Robert Anthony Plant, John Paul Jones, Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., Super Hype Publishing, Inc., Atlantic Recording Corporation, Rhino Entertainment Company and Warner Music Group Inc., will move the above-entitled Court, the Honorable R. Gary Klausner, United States District Judge presiding, for summary judgment in their favor on plaintiff's First Amended Complaint and the claims therein, and, if for any reason summary judgment is not granted, for partial summary judgment.

The Motion for Summary Judgment is brought on the grounds that, as stated more fully in the accompanying Memorandum of Points and Authorities, there is no genuine issue of material fact that:

- 1. Defendants are entitled to judgment in their favor on plaintiff's first through third claims for direct, contributory and vicarious copyright infringement of a copyright in the 1967 musical composition titled *Taurus*, because:
  - (a) The musical composition *Taurus* is a work for hire and plaintiff is neither an owner nor beneficial owner of the copyright in that work and, as a result, cannot maintain the infringement claims;
  - (b) The creator of the musical composition *Taurus* expressly waived the alleged claims;

Plaintiff's complaint purports to refer to "Led Zeppelin" as a defendant, but that is the name of a musical group and not a juridical entity capable of suing or being sued.

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- (c) The allegedly-infringed copyright rights in the *Taurus* musical composition were abandoned;
- (d) Laches applies to plaintiff's claims as supposed beneficial owner of the allegedly-infringed copyright and bars those claims; and
- (e) Copying of protectable expression in a work in which a copyright was registered with the Copyright Office are essential elements of the claims and are absent because:
  - (1) plaintiff has not produced admissible evidence of the *Taurus* musical composition in which the allegedly-infringed copyright was registered; and
  - (2) plaintiff has not produced admissible evidence of striking similarities between the *Taurus* musical composition and *Stairway to Heaven*, has not produced admissible, non-speculative evidence of access and has not produced admissible evidence of substantial similarities in protectable expression between the *Taurus* musical composition and *Stairway to Heaven*.
- 2. Defendants John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing, Inc., and Warner Music Group Corp. are entitled to judgment in their favor on plaintiff's first through third claims for direct, contributory and vicarious copyright infringement, because plaintiff has produced no admissible evidence that they performed, reproduced or distributed *Stairway to Heaven* within three years of plaintiff's filing of this action.
- 3. Defendants are entitled to judgment in their favor on plaintiff's fourth and remaining claim for "Right of Attribution" because:
  - (a) The *Taurus* work was not used in *Stairway to Heaven*; and

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97 Filed 02/25/16 Page 4 of 5 Page ID #:1042

1 (b) In any event, there is no right of attribution under 2 the applicable law.

The alternative Motion for partial summary judgment is brought on the grounds that if for any reason summary judgment is not granted dismissing plaintiff's action and claims, the Court can and should grant partial summary judgment that:

- There are no striking similarities between the *Taurus* musical composition and Stairway to Heaven.
- 2. Laches bars plaintiff from recovering profits or, in the alternative, any profit recovery by plaintiff must exclude profits from the exploitation of Stairway to Heaven outside the U.S. and be reduced by 50% to reflect plaintiff's claimed beneficial interest.

These Motions are based upon this Notice of Motion and Motion, the Memorandum of Points and Authorities, Declarations and Exhibits filed with this Notice of Motion and Motion, the proposed Statement of Uncontroverted Facts and Conclusions of Law and proposed Order Granting Partial Summary Judgment lodged with this Notice of Motion and Motion, the pleadings, and papers on file in this action, the matters of which this Court may take judicial notice, and such additional matters and oral argument as may be offered in support of the Motions.

The Motions are made following the conference with plaintiff's counsel pursuant to Local Rule 7-3, which took place on February 18, 2016.

Dated: February 25, 2016	/s/ Peter J. Anderson
	Peter J. Anderson, Esq.
	LAW OFFICES OF PETER J. ANDERSON
	A Professional Corporation
	Attorney for Defendants
	JAMES PATŘÍCK PAGE, ROBERT
	ANTHONY PLANT TOHN PALITIONES

WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC., SUPER HYPE DIDD ISSUED STORY SUPER HYPE PUBLISHING, INC ATLANTIC RECORDING CORP.. RHÍNO ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY and

WARNER MUSIC GROUP CORP.

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Case 2:	15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR	Document 97	Filed 02/25/16	Page 5 of 5	Page ID #:1043		
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Case	2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 #:1044	Filed 02/25/16	Page 1 of 27	Page ID					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Peter J. Anderson, Esq., Cal. Bar No. 888 E-Mail: pja@pjanderson.com LAW OFFICES OF PETER J. ANDERS A Professional Corporation 100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 2010 Santa Monica, CA 90401 Tel: (310) 260-6030 Fax: (310) 260-6040 Attorneys for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBERT AN PLANT, JOHN PAUL JONES, WARNE MUSIC, INC., SUPER HYPE PUBLISH ATLANTIC RECORDING CORP., RHI ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY and WMUSIC GROUP CORP.  Helene Freeman, Esq., admitted pro hac E-Mail: hfreeman@phillipsnizer.com PHILIPS NIZER LLP 666 Fifth Avenue	ON THONY R/CHAPPELL ING, INC., NO ARNER							
11	New York, NY 10103-0084 Tel: (212) 977-9700								
12	Fax: (212) 262-5152 Attorneys for Defendants								
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Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 2 of 27 Page ID #:1045

1			TABLE OF CONTENTS			
2	MEM	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES				
3	1.	INTRODUCTION				
4	2.	SUM	IMARY OF UNCONTROVERTED FACTS2			
5		(a)	Spirit's 1967 Recording Contract and Hollenbeck Music's 1967			
6			Employment of Randy Wolfe as a Songwriter2			
7		(b)	In January 1968, Ode Records Released its First Spirit Album,			
8			which Included Taurus – a Short Instrumental with a Minor Line			
9			Cliché – Which Was Not Released as a Single or on Radio			
10		(c)	Spirit's 1968-1971 Live Performances Promoting the Band's			
11			Subsequent Albums, without Performing <i>Taurus</i>			
12		(d)	On the Three Occasions When Led Zeppelin and Spirit Played the			
13			Same Venue, the Evidence Is Spirit Did Not Play Taurus and, in			
14			any Event, Led Zeppelin Did Not Hear Spirit Perform3			
15		(e)	Spirit's January 1970 Appearance at Mothers Club in England3			
16		(f)	In Late 1971, the Album Led Zeppelin IV Is Released and Includes			
17			Stairway, which Begins with a Variation on a Minor Line Cliché4			
18		(g)	Wolfe Believed Stairway Copied Taurus' Introduction, and in			
19			1991 Approved the Supposed Use of <i>Taurus</i> 4			
20		(h)	The Forty-Three Years of Delay Before this Claim Was Asserted4			
21	3.	SUM	IMARY JUDGMENT ON THE COPYRIGHT CLAIMS5			
22		(a)	Plaintiff Cannot Sue for Copyright Infringement Because Taurus			
23			Is a Work for Hire Owned by Hollenbeck Music5			
24			(1) The Creator of a Work for Hire Cannot Sue for Infringement5			
25			(2) Wolfe Agreed, and Plaintiff Admitted under Federal Rule of			
26			Civil Procedure 36, that <i>Taurus</i> Is a Work for Hire5			
27			(3) Even if Plaintiff Were Not Bound by His Rule 36 Admissions,			
28			there Is No Merit to His Claim Taurus Is Not a Work for Hire6			
			i			

#### 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 3 of 27 Page ID Wolfe Waived the Alleged Infringement......8 1 (b) 2 Wolfe and the Trust Abandoned the Claim ...... (c) Laches Bars Plaintiff's Suit as Claimed Beneficial Owner of Taurus ....9 3 (d) As to Equitable Claims, *Petrella* Leaves Laches Intact .................9 (1) 4 Laches Bars Plaintiff's Claim as Beneficial Owner of *Taurus* ...10 5 (2) (e) Even if Plaintiff Avoids these Hurdles, the Copyright Claims Fail .....11 6 7 (1)Plaintiff Has Failed to Produce the Copyright Office Deposit 8 Copy of *Taurus*, a Required Element of His Claim ......11 9 (2) Copying of Protected Original Expression Is a Required Element of the Copyright Claims ......11 10 11 (3) Plaintiff Concedes the Songs Are Not Strikingly Similar..........11 12 Neither Is there Admissible Evidence of Access Plus (4) 13 14 i. Plaintiff Was Unable to Prove His Allegations of 15 16 a. 17 Neither Is there a "Chain of Events" Establishing b. 18 ii. 19 Even if Plaintiff Could Establish Access – Which He 20 Cannot Do – there Are No Substantial Similarities......14 21 Plaintiff's Expert Ignores that the *Taurus* Deposit a. 22 23 The "Extrinsic Test": Analytical Dissection, b. 24 Discarding Unprotected Ideas and Stock Elements ... 16 The Minor Line Cliché Must Be Disregarded, 25 c. 26 27 (d) The Claims Also Fail as to John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing 28 and Warner Music Group Corp......18 ii

Case	2:15-c	v-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 4 of 27 Page ID #:1047					
1	4.	SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON THE "RIGHT OF ATTRIBUTION"					
2		CLAIM					
3	5.	IF, FOR ANY REASON, SUMMARY JUDGMENT IS NOT					
4		GRANTED, PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT IS APPROPRIATE19					
5		(a) There Are No Striking Similarities Between <i>Taurus</i> and <i>Stairway</i> 19					
6		(b) Plaintiff's Claim for Profits from <i>Stairway</i>					
7		(1) Laches Bars Plaintiff's Request for Profits					
8		(2) If Profits Are Not Barred, they Are Limited19					
9		i. Extraterritorial Profits Are Not Recoverable19					
10		ii. Plaintiff Can Only Recover as a Beneficial Owner20					
11	6.	CONCLUSION					
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
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21							
22							
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		iii					

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 5 of 27 Page ID #:1048

1	TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	
2	Cases	
3	A&M Records, Inc. v. Napster, Inc., 239 F.3d 1004 (9th Cir. 2001)	8
4	ABKCO Music, Inc. v. LaVere, 217 F.3d 684 (9th Cir. 2000), cert. denied	
5	531 U.S. 1051 (2000)	7
6	Am. Vitagraph, Inc. v. Levy, 659 F.2d 1023 (9th Cir. 1981)	7
7	Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 477 U.S. 242 (1983)	3
8	Apple Computer, Inc. v. Microsoft Corp., 35 F.3d 1435 (9th Cir. 1994),	
9	cert. denied 513 U.S. 1184 (1995)	17
10	Art Attacks Ink, LLC v. MGA Entm't Inc., 581 F.3d 1138 (9th Cir. 2009)	12
11	Baden Sports, Inc. v. Molten USA, Inc., 556 F.3d 1300 (Fed. Cir. (Wash.) 2009),	
12	cert. denied 558 U.S. 822 (2009)	19
13	Cortner v. Israel, 732 F.2d 267 (2d Cir. 1984)	10
14	Danjaq LLC v. Sony Corp., 263 F.3d 942 (9th Cir. 2001)	10
15	Dastar Corp. v. Twentieth Century Fox Film Corp., 539 U.S. 23 (2003)	18
16	Dowling v. United States, 473 U.S. 207 (1985)	15
17	Estate of Burne Hogarth v. Edgar Rice Burroughs, Inc., 342 F.3d 149	
18	(2d Cir. 2003), cert. denied 541 U.S. 937 (2004)	8
19	Feist Publ'ns, Inc. v. Rural Tel. Serv. Co., 499 U.S. 340 (1991)	11
20	Gable v. Nat'l Broad. Co., 727 F. Supp. 2d 815 (C.D. Cal. 2010)	13
21	Hadady Corp. v. Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc., 739 F. Supp. 1392	
22	(C.D. Cal. 1990)	8
23	Intersong-USA v. CBS, Inc., 757 F. Supp. 274 (S.D.N.Y. 1991)	14
24	Jules Jordan Video, Inc. v. 144942 Canada Inc., 617 F.3d 1146	
25	(9th Cir. 2010), cert. denied 133 S. Ct. 133 (2012)	7
26	Kouf v. Walt Disney Pictures & Television, 16 F.3d 1042 (9th Cir. 1994)	16
27	Los Angeles News Serv. v. Reuters Television Int'l, Ltd., 149 F.3d 987	
28	(9th Cir. 1998), cert. denied, 525 U.S. 1141 (1999)	20
	iv	

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 6 of 27 Page ID Newton v. Diamond, 204 F. Supp. 2d 1244 (C.D. Cal. 2002), aff'd Newton v. Diamond, 388 F.3d 1189 (9th Cir. 2004), cert. denied Petrella v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc., 134 S.Ct. 1962 (2014) ......... 9, 10, 11, 18, 19 Ray Charles Found. v. Robinson, 795 F.3d 1109 (9th Cir. 2015).................. 5, 6 Rice v. Fox Broadcasting Co., 148 F. Supp. 2d 1029 (C.D. Cal. 2001), Richlin v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Pictures, Inc., 531 F.3d 962 (9th Cir. 2008), Rosette v. Rainbo Record Mfg. Corp., 354 F. Supp. 1183 (S.D.N.Y. 1973), Sanga Music, Inc. v. EMI Blackwood Music, Inc., 55 F.3d 756 (2d Cir. 1995) ............ 9 Satava v. Lowry, 323 F.3d 805 (9th Cir. 2003), cert. denied, 540 U.S. 983 Silvers v. Sony Pictures Entm't, Inc., 402 F.3d 881 (9th Cir. 2005),

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 7 of 27 Page ID Subafilms, Ltd. v. MGM-Pathe Commc'ns Co., 24 F.3d 1088 (9th Cir. 1994), Three Boys Music Corp. v. Bolton, 212 F.3d 477 (9th Cir. 2000), UMG Recordings, Inc. v. Disco Azteca Distrib., Inc., 446 F. Supp. 2d 1164 Wyatt Tech. Corp. v. Malvern Instruments Inc., No. CV 07-08298-DDP-MANX, 2009 WL 2365647 (C.D. Cal. July 29, 2009), aff'd, 526 F. App'x 761 **Statutes Other Authorities Rules Treatises** vi

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 8 of 27 Page ID #:1051

#### **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

#### 1. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

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Forty-three years after the 1971 release of *Stairway to Heaven* ("*Stairway*"), plaintiff filed this action claiming that *Stairway*'s introduction copies a descending chromatic line in a 1967 musical composition titled *Taurus*. His pleading relies on gossip, hearsay and hyperbole, and discovery has confirmed his allegations are not as advertised. That has left him with speculation that, *e.g.*, since Jimmy Page now has a Spirit album, he might have had it forty-five years ago when *Stairway* was created. For multiple independent reasons, plaintiff's claims fail.

First, since *Taurus* is a work for hire owned by a non-party, plaintiff cannot sue for infringement. Second, even if there were a claim – and there is not – it was expressly waived in 1991. Third, the allegedly-infringed rights were abandoned. Fourth, laches bars plaintiff's equitable claim as beneficial owner of the *Taurus* Fifth, plaintiff has failed to produce the required Copyright Office copyright. deposit copy of *Taurus* and, for that reason alone, cannot prove the alleged copying. Finally, he also has presented no evidence of copying: he conceded there are no striking similarities; he failed to present admissible, non-speculative evidence of access before Stairway was created; and he failed to present evidence of substantial similarity between the copyrighted *Taurus* composition and *Stairway* and cannot do so because (1) his initial expert disclosures did not even mention the relevant copyrighted work and (2) both side's experts agree the compositions share a centuries-old descending chromatic line. Accordingly, summary judgment for defendants on the copyright infringement claims is appropriate, including as to John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing, Inc., and Warner Music Group Corp., who have not performed or distributed *Stairway* within the statutory limitations period.

Plaintiff's remaining "Right of Attribution" claim also fails, including because there is no such claim under the law. And, if summary judgment is not granted, partial summary judgment is proper as to matters that are beyond genuine dispute. Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 9 of 27 Page ID #:1052

#### 2. SUMMARY OF UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

# (a) Spirit's 1967 Recording Contract and Hollenbeck Music's 1967 Employment of Randy Wolfe as a Songwriter

On August 29, 1967, Randy Wolfe ("Wolfe"), professionally known as Randy California, and the other members of the band Spirit entered into a recording contract with Ode Records, Inc., and Wolfe entered into an Exclusive Songwriter Agreement with its affiliate Hollenbeck Music ("Hollenbeck"). Under the 1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agreement, Hollenbeck "employ[ed Wolfe] to render his services as a songwriter and composer . . . ," and Wolfe agreed he was a "writer for hire" . . . with full rights of copyright renewal vested in [Hollenbeck]." Fact 1-3.1

# (b) <u>In January 1968, Ode Records Released its First Spirit Album,</u> which Included *Taurus* – a Short Instrumental with a Minor Line Cliché – Which Was Not Released as a Single or on Radio

After the August 29, 1967 contracts, Ode Records recorded Spirit's performances of various songs and a short instrumental called *Taurus*. On or about December 22, 1967, Hollenbeck, as owner, registered a copyright in the *Taurus* musical composition with the Copyright Office. Fact 9-11.

In 1967, Ode Records released its first Spirit album, titled *Spirit*, with twelve songs, including *Taurus*. *Taurus*, which includes a commonplace minor line cliché, namely a descending chromatic line with arpeggios, was not released as a "single" and was not played on radio. Fact 14-19.

# (c) Spirit's 1968-1971 Live Performances Promoting the Band's Subsequent Albums, without Performing *Taurus*

After its 1967 album, Ode Records released Spirit's 1968 break-out album, *The Family that Plays Together*, and then additional Spirit albums in 1969 and 1970. Spirit performed in concerts to "support" its newest albums, meaning that they performed songs from those albums, along with earlier hits or "tent pole songs" that

<sup>&</sup>quot;Fact" refers to facts in the proposed Statement of Uncontroverted Facts.

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 10 of 27 Page ID #:1053

did not include *Taurus*. Also, the 1967 album's recording of *Taurus* has orchestral instruments, so Spirit could not perform it live as it is heard on the album. Fact 10, 21-23. Out of 175 live concert performances by Spirit from December 1968 to December 1970, plaintiff established only that two included *Taurus*. Fact 24.

# (d) On the Three Occasions When Led Zeppelin and Spirit Played the Same Venue, the Evidence Is Spirit Did Not Play *Taurus* and, in any Event, Led Zeppelin Did Not Hear Spirit Perform

Plaintiff alleges Led Zeppelin and Spirit toured together (FAC at 2,  $\P$  6, at 10,  $\P$  51), but that is not true. Out of hundreds of public performances from 1968 to the completion of *Stairway*'s recording in January 1971, Led Zeppelin and Spirit performed at the same venue on the same day only three times. Even then, they never performed together and were never on stage at the same time. Fact 26-30.

Further, Spirit, in support of its newest albums, played songs from those new albums and "tent pole" songs, none of which included *Taurus*. Other than – at his counsel's aggressive coaching – one witness' testimony to a "faint recollection" that *Taurus* was performed at one of the three venues,<sup>2</sup> the evidence is that Spirit did not perform *Taurus* at any of them. Also, the evidence, including the testimony of that same witness, is Led Zeppelin's members did not hear Spirit perform. Fact 31-66.

### (e) Spirit's January 1970 Appearance at Mothers Club in England

In January 1970, Robert Plant and his wife were at a local club near their home in Birmingham, England. Spirit's two surviving members saw him there and, in a short "meet-and-greet," introduced themselves before Spirit performed at the other end of the club. There is no evidence that Spirit played *Taurus*, which was not one of their new or tent pole songs. Fact 70-76. One of Spirit's surviving members contends that later that night he and other members went to a pub with Plant, but

That "faint recollection," properly disregarded as speculation and the result of counsel's coaching (Fact 37-39), also is less than the "scintilla of evidence" that fails to create a triable issue. *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 252 (1983).

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 11 of 27 Page ID #:1054

Spirit's other surviving member does not recall that, and at the time pubs closed at 10 p.m. In any event, there is no evidence *Taurus* was discussed. Fact 77-80.

# (f) <u>In Late 1971, the Album Led Zeppelin IV Is Released and Includes</u> Stairway, which Begins with a Variation on a Minor Line Cliché

Stairway was recorded by January 1971 and included in the album Led Zeppelin IV released in November 1971. Stairway begins with a minor line cliché and arpeggios and, unlike Taurus, also has an ascending line. Audio Exh. 2 at Track 2. Long before 1968, Jimmy Page was aware of minor line clichés and arpeggios and included similar music when he performed as a session guitarist. Fact 82-87.

# (g) Wolfe Believed Stairway Copied Taurus' Introduction, and in 1991 Approved the Supposed Use of Taurus

In 1991, Wolfe was interviewed in connection with a new album, titled *Time Circle*, of Spirit recordings. In that recorded interview, he described a claim he was pursuing that Cheap Trick's Robin Zander had copied Wolfe's *Nature's Way*. When asked about *Stairway*, Wolfe stated he was not bothered by it, that he considered Led Zeppelin's members friends, that "if they wanted to use" *Taurus* "that's fine," "I'll let them have the beginning of Taurus for their song without a lawsuit" and "I'm letting them off the hook." Fact 90-91. His statements were repeated in a booklet in the *Time Circle* album released to the public in 1991. Fact 92-93.

### (h) The Forty-Three Years of Delay Before this Claim Was Asserted

Wolfe also never sued over *Stairway*. He died in 1997 and from 2002 until her death, his mother was the trustee or co-trustee of the Randy Craig Wolfe Trust (the "Trust") that claims rights in *Taurus*. She also never sued. And, plaintiff, who became a co-trustee of the Trust in 2006, did not file this action until May 31, 2014, over forty-three years after the 1971 release of *Stairway*. Fact 94-99.

Plaintiff's First Amended Complaint – decorated with print mimicking a Led Zeppelin album and peppered with specious allegations and gratuitous references to non-parties' supposed claims as to other songs – alleges four claims: direct,

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 12 of 27 Page ID #:1055

contributory and vicarious infringement of the *Taurus* musical composition copyright that Hollenbeck registered in 1967, and a fourth claim labeled "Right of Attribution"/"Falsification of Rock n' Roll History." FAC (Doc. 31) at 24-30.

#### 3. SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON THE COPYRIGHT CLAIMS

# (a) Plaintiff Cannot Sue for Copyright Infringement Because *Taurus* Is a Work for Hire Owned by Hollenbeck Music

A fatal defect in plaintiff's copyright claims is that because *Taurus* is a work for hire owned by Hollenbeck, plaintiff cannot sue for alleged infringement.

#### (1) The Creator of a Work for Hire Cannot Sue for Infringement

"To be entitled to sue for copyright infringement, the plaintiff must be the 'legal or beneficial owner of an exclusive right under a copyright." *Silvers v. Sony Pictures Entm't, Inc.*, 402 F.3d 881, 884 (9th Cir. 2005) (quoting 17 U.S.C. § 501(b)), cert. denied 546 U.S. 827 (2005). "Beneficial owners include, 'for example, an author who had parted with legal title to the copyright in exchange for percentage royalties based on sales or license fees." *Warren v. Fox Family Worldwide, Inc.*, 328 F.3d 1136, 1144 (9th Cir.2003), quoting H.R. Rep. No. 94–1476, at 159. But, "[a] creator of a work made for hire does not qualify as a beneficial owner even if he or she is entitled to royalties." *Ray Charles Found. v. Robinson*, 795 F.3d 1109, 1116 n. 7 (9th Cir. 2015). Here, plaintiff's copyright claims fail because *Taurus* is a work for hire.

# (2) Wolfe Agreed, and Plaintiff Admitted under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 36, that *Taurus* Is a Work for Hire

Under the August 29, 1967 Songwriter Agreement, Hollenbeck "employ[ed Wolfe] to render his services as a songwriter and composer . . . ," and Wolfe agreed he was a "writer for hire" for Hollenbeck. Fact 1-3. Hollenbeck also copyrighted the *Taurus* composition in its name on December 22, 1967. Fact 11. In short, *Taurus* is a work for hire whose copyright is owned by Hollenbeck.

Neither can plaintiff debate the issue. After being twice-warned to timely

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 13 of 27 Page ID #:1056

respond to discovery, he failed to respond to Rule 36 requests that, *inter alia*, "[t]he *Taurus* Composition is a work for hire." Although, <u>six days before the discovery cut-off</u> he provided a response purporting to deny these and other requests, he never sought relief from his automatic, deemed admissions. Fact 7-8.

Both the evidence and plaintiff's admissions establish *Taurus* is a work for hire and the law is clear that the creator of a work for hire cannot sue for copyright infringement. *Ray Charles*, 795 F.3d at 1116 n. 7. Summary judgment is proper.

# (3) Even if Plaintiff Were Not Bound by His Rule 36 Admissions, there is No Merit to His Claim *Taurus* Is Not a Work for Hire

While plaintiff's Rule 36 admission precludes him from disputing *Taurus* is a work for hire, there also is no merit to his two arguments that it is not.

Plaintiff alleges that the Songwriter Agreement is "void" because Wolfe was a minor when he signed and it was not approved by the Court. FAC at 6, ¶¶ 22, 24-26. However, the Superior Court approved it on November 30, 1967. Fact 6.

Plaintiff also has argued that in the months leading up to the 1967 Songwriter Agreement, Spirit performed versions of *Taurus* live. But, he relies on bootleg recordings and hearsay as to when the performances occurred. In any event, 1960s live performances and recordings of *Taurus* are irrelevant: no copyright arose from them and plaintiff instead sues on the copyright in the *Taurus* composition completed and registered during the August 29, 1967 Songwriter Agreement's term.

"[T]o analyze questions arising from events that occurred before January 1, 1978, such as who is the author of the [work], the 1909 Act applies; . . . ." *Richlin v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Pictures, Inc.*, 531 F.3d 962, 971 (9th Cir. 2008)), *cert. denied* 555 U.S. 1137 (2009); *Magnuson v. Video Yesteryear*, 85 F.3d 1424, 1427 (9th Cir. 1996). Under the 1909 Act, there were only two ways to obtain a copyright.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Copyright Act of 1976 changed the basis of copyright protection . . . to creation of a work . . . [but t]hat change applies to works 'created on or after January 1, 1978." *Societe Civile Succession Guino v. Renoir*, 549 F.3d 1182, 1186 (9th Cir. 2008), *quoting* 17 U.S.C. § 302.

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 14 of 27 Page ID #:1057

First, publishing copies with the required copyright notice created a copyright. *Twin Books Corp. v. Walt Disney Co.*, 83 F.3d 1162, 1165 (9th Cir. 1996). But, publication requires the distribution of "tangible copies of a work . . . ." *Am. Vitagraph, Inc. v. Levy*, 659 F.2d 1023, 1027 (9th Cir. 1981). A live performance is not a tangible copy, and under the 1909 Act "[a] phonograph record is not a copy of the musical composition itself." *Rosette v. Rainbo Record Mfg. Corp.*, 354 F. Supp. 1183, 1192 n. 8 (S.D.N.Y. 1973), *aff'd*, 546 F.2d 461 (2d Cir. 1976); *ABKCO Music, Inc. v. LaVere*, 217 F.3d 684, 688-89 (9th Cir. 2000), *cert. denied* 531 U.S. 1051 (2000); 17 U.S.C § 303(b). Accordingly, 1960s live performances and recordings of *Taurus* did not result in a copyrighted composition.

Second, copyright could also be secured under the 1909 Act by registration with the Copyright Office, which required "the deposit, with claim of copyright, of one complete copy of such work if it be a . . . musical, or dramatico-musical composition; . . . ." 17 U.S.C. §§ 11-12 (repealed). "Because, under the 1909 Act, copyright protection required . . . the deposit of *copies* . . . , to claim copyright in a musical work under the 1909 Act, the work had to be reduced to sheet music or other manuscript form." 2 M. Nimmer & D. Nimmer, *Nimmer on Copyright* § 2.05[A] (emphasis in original). When Hollenbeck registered its copyright in the musical composition *Taurus* on December 22, 1967 (Fact 11), it presumably deposited with the Copyright Office a transcription of the composition. Until then, as far as the 1909 Act was concerned, there was no *Taurus* copyright and it came into existence only when – four months after the August 29, 1967 Songwriter Agreement – a transcription of *Taurus* was prepared and deposited with the Copyright Office. As a result, live performances and recordings are irrelevant.

Although not raised by plaintiff, it makes no difference that Hollenbeck's registration of its *Taurus* copyright did not specify it was a work for hire. *Jules Jordan Video, Inc. v. 144942 Canada Inc.*, 617 F.3d 1146, 1156 (9th Cir. 2010) (absent intent to defraud, mistake in identifying author of work for hire irrelevant),

cert. denied 133 S. Ct. 133 (2012). Further, the Songwriter Agreement's specific

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 15 of 27 Page ID #:1058

Since *Taurus* is a work for hire owned by Hollenbeck, plaintiff cannot sue for infringement and summary judgment is proper.

#### (b) Wolfe Waived the Alleged Infringement

Even if plaintiff could avoid that *Taurus* is a work for hire, Wolfe expressly waived the alleged infringement decades ago.

Defendants pleaded waiver as a defense. Answer (Doc. 68) at 29, ¶ 213; Answer (Doc. 69) at 33, ¶ 214. "Waiver is the intentional relinquishment of a known right with knowledge of its existence and the intent to relinquish it." *A&M Records, Inc. v. Napster, Inc.*, 239 F.3d 1004, 1026 (9th Cir. 2001), *quoting United States v. King Features Entm't, Inc.*, 843 F.2d 394, 399 (9th Cir. 1988). "In copyright, waiver . . . 'occurs only if there is an intent by the copyright proprietor to surrender rights in his work." *A&M Records*, 239 F.3d at 1026, *quoting 4 Nimmer on Copyright* ¶ 13.06.

It could not be clearer that Wolfe "intended to surrender" any claim that *Stairway* copied *Taurus*: he specifically stated in 1991 for public release that, *e.g.*, he's "fine" with the alleged use and "I'll let them have the beginning of Taurus for their song without a lawsuit." Fact 91. Since the Trust has no greater rights than Wolfe, it cannot pursue a claim that Wolfe waived during his lifetime.

Accordingly, for this additional reason summary judgment is proper.

#### (c) Wolfe and the Trust Abandoned the Claim

Defendants also pleaded the defense of abandonment. Answer (Doc. 68) at 29, ¶ 212; Answer (Doc. 69) at 33, ¶ 213. "Abandonment occurs when the copyright proprietor intends to surrender a copyright interest in his work." *Hadady Corp. v. Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc.*, 739 F. Supp. 1392, 1398-99 (C.D. Cal. 1990). "To find

provisions that Wolfe was an employee and the compositions are works for hire, trump the registration. *Estate of Burne Hogarth v. Edgar Rice Burroughs, Inc.*, 342 F.3d 149, 167 n. 24 (2d Cir. 2003) (correction of registration decades later approved; "author" may have been used colloquially in identifying employee as author of work for hire), *cert. denied* 541 U.S. 937 (2004).

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 16 of 27 Page ID #:1059

abandonment, 'the copyright owner must have clearly manifested that intention through some affirmative act.'" *Id.*, *quoting* Goldstein, *Goldstein on Copyright* 160 (1989). A copyright holder may abandon some rights without abandoning others. *Micro Star v. Formgen, Inc.*, 154 F.3d 1107, 1114 (9th Cir.1998).

Here, Wolfe was not an owner, beneficially or otherwise, of the *Taurus* copyright. But, even if he had an interest in that copyright, he, the Trust and even Hollenbeck allowed the alleged use of *Taurus* for over forty-three years. *Sanga Music, Inc. v. EMI Blackwood Music, Inc.*, 55 F.3d 756, 761 (2d Cir. 1995) (songwriter abandoned rights by allowing other singer to use song without credit or payment). And, while *Stairway* does not in fact copy *Taurus*, in 1991 Wolfe stated for release to the public that he waived any claim. Fact 90-93. *Hadady*, 739 F. Supp. at 1399 (public statement that use allowed, even if defendant unaware of statement, "abandoned copyright protection" in material allegedly used); *Wyatt Tech. Corp. v. Malvern Instruments Inc.*, No. CV 07-08298-DDP-MANx, 2009 WL 2365647, at \*13-14 (C.D. Cal. July 29, 2009) (same), *aff'd*, 526 F. App'x 761 (9th Cir. 2013); *Rouse v. Walter & Assoc., L.L.C.*, 513 F. Supp. 2d 1041, 1070 (S.D. Iowa 2007) (claimed owners' failure to assert rights and statement that work could be used, constituted abandonment).

As a result, the copyright claims also fail because of abandonment.

### (d) <u>Laches Bars Plaintiff's Suit as Claimed Beneficial Owner of Taurus</u>

If plaintiff somehow avoids summary judgment on the basis Taurus is a work for hire, then his claims still fail because Wolfe also assigned any copyright rights to Hollenbeck in 1967. Exh. 11 at 1-5, ¶ 1. Acknowledging Hollenbeck's ownership of the Taurus copyright, and ignoring that Taurus is a work for hire, plaintiff has claimed that Wolfe, and now the Trust, are beneficial owners of the Taurus copyright. Exh. 26. But, the claim as beneficial owner is barred by laches.

### (1) As to Equitable Claims, *Petrella* Leaves Laches Intact

This and other Circuits have long recognized that laches may bar a copyright

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 17 of 27 Page ID #:1060

claim. *See, e.g., Miller v. Glenn Miller Prods., Inc.*, 454 F.3d 975, 996-97 (9th Cir. 2006). Plaintiff, asserting a claim that is over four decades old, hopes to avoid laches by relying on *Petrella v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc.*, 134 S.Ct. 1962 (2014).

Petrella, however, expressly states that laches remains a viable defense to equitable relief. 134 S.Ct. at 1973-74, 1974-75 ("laches cannot be invoked to bar legal relief") & at 1977-79 (laches available as to equitable relief). And, plaintiff's claim as purported beneficial owner of the *Taurus* copyright is an equitable claim. Warren, 328 F.3d at 1144 (beneficial ownership of copyright is "an equitable trust relationship"), quoting Cortner v. Israel, 732 F.2d 267, 271 (2d Cir. 1984).

#### (2) Laches Bars Plaintiff's Claim as Beneficial Owner of *Taurus*

*Petrella* leaves intact this Circuit's law as to laches when applied to equitable claims, and this Circuit's law confirms laches bars plaintiff's beneficial ownership claim. Indeed, the four decades of delay triggers a "strong presumption" the claim is barred (*Miller*, 454 F.3d at 997), and plaintiff cannot rebut that presumption.

Laches is established by the plaintiff's unreasonable delay and the defendant's resulting prejudice. *Danjaq LLC v. Sony Corp.*, 263 F.3d 942, 951 (9th Cir. 2001). Measured from 1971, when *Stairway* was released, to the filing of this lawsuit in 2014 (*id.* at 952), those forty-three years of delay is unreasonable as a matter of law.

And, defendant's prejudice is undeniable. Prejudice may be "evidentiary" or "expectations-based." *Id.* at 955. "Evidentiary prejudice includes such things as lost, stale, or degraded evidence, or witnesses whose memories have faded or who have died." *Id.* Since 1971, Wolfe and many other important witnesses have died, and set lists, recordings and other documents have been lost or stolen. Fact 100-01. While that alone establishes the required prejudice, "[a] defendant may also demonstrate prejudice by showing that it took actions or suffered consequences that it would not have, had the plaintiff brought suit promptly." *Danjaq*, 263 F.3d at 955. Substantial expense was incurred in 2012-14 in the remastering and re-release of Led Zeppelin recordings, including *Stairway*. Fact 102.

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 18 of 27 Page ID #:1061

Plaintiff cannot overcome the "strong presumption" that his equitable claim as beneficial owner of the *Taurus* copyright is barred by laches.

#### (e) Even if Plaintiff Avoids these Hurdles, the Copyright Claims Fail

Even if plaintiff could overcome all these hurdles, his claims still fail because there is no admissible evidence that *Stairway* copies protected material in *Taurus*.

### (1) Plaintiff Has Failed to Produce the Copyright Office Deposit Copy of *Taurus*, a Required Element of His Claim

"[B]oth the certificate [of copyright] and the original work must be on file with the Copyright Office before a copyright owner can sue for infringement." *Petrella*, 134 S. Ct. at 1977. Plaintiff, however, has never produced the transcription of *Taurus* that Hollenbeck presumably deposited with the Copyright Office in 1967. While defendants obtained an uncertified transcription, it does not bear a Copyright Office stamp. Fact 12-13. Since plaintiff has never proven the "original work . . . on file with the Copyright Office," his copyright claims necessarily fail.

### (2) Copying of Protected Original Expression Is a Required Element of the Copyright Claims

Plaintiff also bears the burden of proving "copying of constituent elements of the work that are original." *Rice v. Fox Broad. Co.*, 330 F.3d 1170, 1174 (9th Cir. 2003), *quoting Feist Publ'ns, Inc. v. Rural Tel. Serv. Co.*, 499 U.S. 340, 361 (1991). Plaintiff claims no direct evidence of copying, so he must present admissible evidence of either "striking similarities" or "access" plus substantial similarities between *Stairway* and the copyrighted *Taurus* composition. *Stewart v. Wachowski*, 574 F. Supp. 2d 1074, 1084 (C.D. Cal. 2005). Plaintiff presents neither.

#### (3) Plaintiff Concedes the Songs Are Not Strikingly Similar

"To prove copyright infringement without evidence of access, a plaintiff must show the works are strikingly similar in both ideas and expression." *Olson v. Tenney*, 466 F. Supp. 2d 1230, 1236 (D. Or. 2006). Because elements that are "commonplace, or at least sometimes found in other works," cannot be striking

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 19 of 27 Page ID #:1062

similarities, "evidence of striking similarity must include 'some testimony or other evidence of the relative complexity or uniqueness of the two compositions' . . . ." *Id.* (expert testimony required in music cases), *quoting Selle v. Gibb*, 741 F.2d 896, 905 (7th Cir. 1984). Here, plaintiff's musicologist did not claim striking similarities. Fact 110. Accordingly, it is undisputed there are no striking similarities.

### (4) Neither Is there Admissible Evidence of Access Plus Substantial Similarities

Since the works are not strikingly similar, plaintiff must present admissible evidence of access and substantial similarity, and he has done neither.

#### i. Plaintiff Was Unable to Prove His Allegations of Access

To prove access, plaintiff must present evidence proving that the creator of the defendant's work had more than a "bare possibility" to copy the plaintiff's work. *Art Attacks Ink, LLC v. MGA Entm't Inc.*, 581 F.3d 1138, 1143 (9th Cir. 2009). Access is proven "either by (1) establishing a chain of events linking the plaintiff's work and the defendant's access, or (2) showing that the plaintiff's work has been widely disseminated." *Id.* 

### a. "Taurus" Was Not "Widely Disseminated"

*Taurus* was not released as a single and was not played on the radio. It was included in Spirit's first album, but plaintiff failed to produce any evidence as to sales of that album prior to the 1971 creation of *Stairway*. Fact 17-20. Accordingly, plaintiff cannot prove access by widespread dissemination.

# b. Neither Is there a "Chain of Events" Establishing that Led Zeppelin's Members Heard *Taurus*

Plaintiff also has not presented evidence "establishing a chain of events linking the plaintiff's work and the defendant's access." *Art Attacks*, 581 F.3d at 1143. He does not contend that anyone provided *Taurus* to any member of Led Zeppelin. Rather, he relies on speculation that perhaps they heard *Taurus* prior to the January 1971 recording of *Stairway*. But, the evidence is to the contrary.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 20 of 27 Page ID #:1063

The evidence is undisputed that Led Zeppelin and Spirit appeared at the same venue on the same day only three times; that at live shows Spirit performed its most recent songs and "tent pole" songs that did not include *Taurus*; and that no member of Led Zeppelin heard Spirit perform. Fact 26-66. There also is no evidence that *Taurus* was played at Mothers Club in January 1970. Fact 73-78, 80.

Plaintiff relies on interviews after Ode Records released its later and "break out" Spirit albums, purporting to quote Jimmy Page as liking Spirit's albums and performances. In addition to being hearsay, that is not evidence he heard their first album years earlier, rather than their subsequent and "break-out" albums that did not include *Taurus*. Further, out of at least 175 Spirit live performances from December 1968 through 1971, the evidence is that Spirit played *Taurus* only two times, and Led Zeppelin was not there. Fact 23-25. "Reasonable access requires more than a 'bare possibility,' and 'may not be inferred through mere speculation or conjecture." *Gable v. Nat'l Broad. Co.*, 727 F. Supp. 2d 815, 824 (C.D. Cal. 2010), *quoting Three Boys Music Corp. v. Bolton*, 212 F.3d 477, 482 (9th Cir. 2000), *cert. denied* 531 U.S. 1126 (2001).

Plaintiff also relies on the fact that forty-five years later, Page now has the Spirit album in his collection of thousands of records. There is no evidence that he had it before the January 1971 recording of *Stairway*. Instead, plaintiff speculates that he might have had the album forty-five years ago; that if he did have the album forty-five years ago, he might have played it; that if he did play it forty-five years ago he might also have played *Taurus*; and that he might have then copied it. That is "mere speculation or conjecture," multiplied. *Three Boys Music*, 212 F.3d at 482.

Plaintiff has argued that since Led Zeppelin performed a live medley of non-Spirit songs with a "bass riff" from Spirit's *Fresh Garbage*, they might have heard *Taurus*. But, *Fresh Garbage*, unlike *Taurus*, was played on the radio, and was on a

Live performance of all or parts of others' songs is not infringing, and Spirit performed songs by The Beatles, whose songs also use minor line clichés. Fact 115.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 21 of 27 Page ID #:1064

popular album released in England that did not include *Taurus*. And, Led Zeppelin began playing the medley in their European tour before coming to the U.S. in late December 1968. Fact 67-69. Playing a bass riff from *Fresh Garbage* is not evidence they heard *Taurus*, let alone heard it before recording *Stairway*.

Finally, plaintiff has argued that Jimmy Page must have seen Wolfe perform because Page, like Wolfe, used a musical device referred to as a Theremin. That, of course, does not mean that he heard Wolfe play *Taurus*, on which there is no Theremin. Moreover, the 1966 Beach Boys hit, *Good Vibrations*, used a Theremin and Page obtained a similar device after Jeff Beck, with whom Page performed before Led Zeppelin, told him about the device. Fact 88-89.

The burden is on plaintiff to "offer significant, affirmative and probative evidence to support a claim of access." *Intersong-USA v. CBS, Inc.*, 757 F. Supp. 274, 281 (S.D.N.Y. 1991). Instead, plaintiff offers only "speculation, conjecture, and inference" that is contrary to the evidence. *Rice*, 330 F.3d at 1178. The absence of access is another independent basis for summary judgment.

# ii. Even if Plaintiff Could Establish Access – Which HeCannot Do – there Are No Substantial Similarities

The requirement of substantial similarities may be relaxed "when a high degree of access is shown." *Rice*, 330 F.3d at 1178, *quoting Three Boys Music*, 212 F.3d at 485. However, plaintiff's access theory is "based on speculation, conjecture, and inference which [is] far less than the 'high degree of access' required for application of the inverse ratio rule." *Rice*, 330 F.3d at 1178. Accordingly, plaintiff must meet the full requirement of proving substantial similarity, which he fails to do.

### a. Plaintiff's Expert Ignores that the *Taurus* Deposit Copy and *Stairway* Are the Relevant Works

Remarkably, although plaintiff sues on a copyright in a *Taurus* transcription deposited with the Copyright Office in 1967, he has not produced that transcription and his musicologist does not compare it with *Stairway*. Instead, his expert purports

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 22 of 27 Page ID #:1065

to compare Stairway to uncopyrighted Taurus recordings.

However, the 1967 *Taurus* transcription is, by definition, the "complete copy of" the composition protected by the copyright that plaintiff purports to sue upon. 17 U.S.C. § 12 (repealed). Recordings of *Taurus* are not copies of the composition and are not even copyrighted because only recordings created after February 15, 1972 are protected by the Copyright Act. *Dowling v. United States*, 473 U.S. 207, 211 n. 4 (1985). The only relevant copyrighted work is the *Taurus* transcription, but plaintiff's initial expert disclosures make no mention of it. Since plaintiff cannot rely on rebuttal reports to prove a point he has the burden of proving, he cannot establish substantial similarity as between the works at issue and his claims fail.

Further, plaintiff's proffered expert relies on <u>the performances</u> in recordings of *Taurus*, which is another fatal defect because the *Taurus* composition copyright that plaintiff sues upon does not extend to performance elements.

"Sound recordings and their underlying musical compositions are separate works with their own distinct copyrights." *Newton v. Diamond*, 204 F. Supp. 2d 1244, 1249 (C.D. Cal. 2002), *aff'd* 388 F.3d 1189, *cert. denied* 545 U.S. 1114 (2005). "A musical composition consists of rhythm, harmony, and melody, and . . . [a] musical composition's copyright protects the generic sound that would necessarily result from any performance of the piece." *Id.* In contrast, "the sound recording is the sound produced by the performer's rendition of the musical work." *Id.* at 1249-50. Unless they appear in the musical composition's transcription, performance elements are not protected by the composition copyright. *Id.* at 1250-51. So, in assessing the alleged copying of a musical composition, the Court "may consider only . . . appropriation of the song's compositional elements and must remove from consideration all the elements unique to [the] performance." *Newton v. Diamond*, 388 F.3d 1189, 1193 (9th Cir. 2004), *cert. denied* 545 U.S. 1114 (2005).

Flouting these established principles, plaintiff's expert altogether ignores the *Taurus* deposit copy and relies on claimed similarities in how *Taurus* and *Stairway* 

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 23 of 27 Page ID #:1066

have been performed. Thus, he opines that *Stairway* is substantially similar to Spirit's recorded "fingerpicking style," "acoustic guitar," tempo, "classical instruments such as flute . . . strings and harpsichord," "atmospheric sustained pads" and "fretboard positioning and fingering" on the guitar. Fact 111. Those and other alleged elements of Spirit's recorded performances are irrelevant to plaintiff's claim that the *Taurus* composition copyright was infringed. *Newton*, 388 F.3d at 1194 ("A crucial problem with the testimony of [plaintiff's] experts is that they continually refer to the 'sound' produced by [plaintiff's'] technique," while his "copyright extends only to the elements . . . that he wrote on the score").

Plaintiff bears the burden of proving substantial similarity between the *Taurus* transcription and *Stairway*, and since he failed to provide an expert report as to those works, he cannot carry his burden and summary judgment is proper.

# b. The "Extrinsic Test": Analytical Dissection,Discarding Unprotected Ideas and Stock Elements

Because defendants are only required to show that plaintiff has not presented evidence establishing substantial similarity, they could rest on plaintiff's failure to provide the required expert report comparing the relevant works. Defendants, however, will do more, and establish there is in fact no substantial similarity.

"To determine whether two works are substantially similar, a two-part analysis – an extrinsic test and an intrinsic test – is applied." *Rice*, 330 F.3d at 1174. "For summary judgment, only the extrinsic test is important." *Id.*, *quoting Kouf v. Walt Disney Pictures & Television*, 16 F.3d 1042, 1045 (9th Cir. 1994) ("a plaintiff who cannot satisfy the extrinsic test necessarily loses on summary judgment").

"The extrinsic test requires 'analytical dissection of a work and expert testimony." *Swirsky v. Carey*, 376 F.3d 841, 845 (9th Cir. 2004), *quoting Three Boys Music*, 212 F.3d at 485. "'Analytical dissection' requires breaking the works 'down into their constituent elements, and comparing those elements for proof of copying as measured by 'substantial similarity." *Swirsky*, 376 F.3d at 845, *quoting* 

### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 24 of 27 Page ID #:1067

Rice v. Fox Broad. Co., 148 F. Supp. 2d 1029, 1051 (C.D. Cal. 2001), rev'd on other grounds, Rice, 330 F.3d 1170. "Because the requirement is one of substantial similarity to protected elements of the copyrighted work, it is essential to distinguish between the protected and unprotected material in a plaintiff's work." Swirsky, 376 F.3d at 845 (emphasis in original). "[E]xpressions that are standard, stock, or common to a particular subject matter or medium are not protectable under copyright law." Satava v. Lowry, 323 F.3d 805, 811 (9th Cir. 2003), cert. denied 540 U.S. 983 (2003).

#### c. The Minor Line Cliché Must Be Disregarded, Leaving No Significant Similarities

The similarity between *Taurus* and *Stairway* is limited to a descending chromatic scale of pitches resulting from "broken" chords or arpeggios and which is so common in music it is called a minor line cliché. Fact 113-14. Both sides' experts have identified multiple similar compositions that predate *Taurus* by years, decades and centuries, and agree that the descending line and arpeggios are public domain. Fact 114; Copyright Office Compendium § 802.5(A) (chromatic scales and arpeggios are "common property musical material" in the public domain); *Smith v. Jackson*, 84 F.3d 1213, 1216, n. 3 (9th Cir. 1996) ("common or trite" musical elements not protected). The descending chromatic scale and arpeggios, as well as the recordings' performance elements that are not protected by the composition copyright, must be disregarded. *Apple Computer, Inc. v. Microsoft Corp.*, 35 F.3d 1435, 1443 (9th Cir. 1994) ("only those elements of a work that are protectable . . . can be compared when it comes to the ultimate question of illicit copying"), *cert. denied* 513 U.S. 1184 (1995); *Newton*, 388 F.3d at 1194.

Disregarding what is not protected by the *Taurus* composition copyright, there is simply nothing left that is similar, let alone substantially similar. There is no substantial similarity in the works' structures, which are markedly different. Fact 118. Neither is there any harmonic or melodic similarity beyond the unprotected

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 25 of 27 Page ID #:1068

descending line. Rather, straining to find something, plaintiff's expert argues that *Stairway* and recordings of *Taurus* have only five of the six chords in a centuries-old work – part of public domain material is still public domain material – and that both have the unprotected sequence of notes in a minor scale, A, B and C. Fact 119-20.

Disregarding what plaintiff concedes is an unprotected descending line and arpeggios and common chords, and disregarding performance elements that are not within the *Taurus* composition copyright, there are no substantial similarities and, for that additional reason, summary judgment is proper on the copyright claims.

# (d) The Claims Also Fail as to John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing and Warner Music Group Corp.

In addition to the foregoing, summary judgment is proper as to John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing, Inc. and Warner Music Group Corp., on the additional ground that none of them performed or distributed *Stairway* within the three years preceding plaintiff's filing of this action. Fact 123. "Under the Act's three-year provision, [the alleged] infringer is insulated from liability for earlier infringements of the same work." *Petrella*, 134 S. Ct. at 1969; 17 U.S.C. § 507(b). Plaintiff concedes the three year statute "precludes relief as to any alleged infringements prior to May 31, 2011." Jt. Rule 26(f) Report (Doc. 4) at 4:12-1.

# 4. SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON THE "RIGHT OF ATTRIBUTION" CLAIM

Plaintiff's fourth claim is labeled "Right of Attribution—Equitable Relief – Falsification of Rock n' Roll History" and seeks to have Wolfe credited as a *Stairway* songwriter. FAC at 29-30. Wolfe, however, did not write any portion of *Stairway*. The claim also fails because, with the sole exception of works of visual art, "it is well established that the right to attribution is not a protected right under the Copyright Act." *UMG Recordings, Inc. v. Disco Azteca Distrib., Inc.*, 446 F. Supp. 2d 1164, 1178 (E.D. Cal. 2006). A right to attribution is also precluded by *Dastar Corp. v. Twentieth Century Fox Film Corp.*, 539 U.S. 23 (2003). *Sybersound* 

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 26 of 27 Page ID #:1069

Records, Inc. v. UAV Corp., 517 F.3d 1137, 1144 (9th Cir. 2008) (under Dastar, misstating credit not actionable); Baden Sports, Inc. v. Molten USA, Inc., 556 F.3d 1300, 1306 (Fed. Cir. (Wash.) 2009) (same), cert. denied 558 U.S. 822 (2009).

Accordingly, summary judgment on plaintiff's fourth claim is also proper.

# 5. <u>IF, FOR ANY REASON, SUMMARY JUDGMENT IS NOT GRANTED,</u> PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT IS APPROPRIATE

If, for any reason, summary judgment is not granted as to plaintiff's action in its entirety, the Court can and should enter partial summary judgment as to the following matters for which there is no genuine dispute.

#### (a) There Are No Striking Similarities Between Taurus and Stairway

Plaintiff failed to present admissible expert testimony as to striking similarities (*see, above* at 11-12), so the absence of striking similarities is undisputed.

#### (b) Plaintiff's Claim for Profits from Stairway

#### (1) Laches Bars Plaintiff's Request for Profits

Laches is a defense to an award of profits under the Copyright Act. *Petrella*, 134 S.Ct. at 1978-79. Plaintiff does not deny four decades of delay, and the resulting prejudice is severe. Fact 94-102. Also, defendants did not know of the purported claim until shortly before it was filed in 2014 and, as a result, could not have filed an action for declaratory relief. *Petrella*, 134 S.Ct. at 1978-79. These facts confirm that plaintiff's profit claim is properly barred by laches.

#### (2) If Profits Are Not Barred, they Are Limited

#### i. Extraterritorial Profits Are Not Recoverable

If plaintiff's profit claim is not barred in its entirety, it does not extend to profits from the exploitation of *Stairway* outside the U.S. because the Copyright Act has no extra-territorial reach. *Subafilms, Ltd. v. MGM-Pathe Commc'ns Co.*, 24 F.3d 1088, 1089 (9th Cir. 1994), *cert. denied* 513 U.S. 1001 (1994). As a narrow exception to that rule, the export of an allegedly-infringing U.S.-created work may

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-1 Filed 02/25/16 Page 27 of 27 Page ID #:1070

create a lien on a defendant's profits from that work outside the U.S. *Los Angeles News Serv. v. Reuters Television Int'l, Ltd.*, 149 F.3d 987, 992 (9th Cir. 1998), *cert. denied*, 525 U.S. 1141 (1999). But, it is undisputed that *Stairway* was created in England, not the U.S. Fact 83. Accordingly, that exception does not apply.

#### ii. Plaintiff Can Only Recover as a Beneficial Owner

Plaintiff seeks actual damages and profits, but any potential monetary recovery is properly reduced by 50% because plaintiff, relying on a right to royalties under the 1967 Songwriter Agreement, claims as the beneficial owner of the *Taurus* copyright. Since that Songwriter Agreement limited Wolfe to 50% of any recovery on a claim (Exh. 11 at 13, ¶ 13), he had – and therefore the Trust has – no right to more than 50% of any potential recovery. *See, e.g., Nimmer on Copyright* § 12.03 (a joint owner can sue only "for his particular share of damages or profits"); *Manno v. Tennessee Prod. Ctr.*, 657 F. Supp. 2d 425, 432-33 (S.D.N.Y. 2009).

#### 6. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For multiple reasons, any one of which is fatal to plaintiff's forty-five-yearold claims, summary judgment should be entered in defendants' favor.

17	Dated: February 25, 2016 /s/ Peter J. Anderson	
18	Peter J. Anderson, Esq. LAW OFFICES OF PETER J. ANDER	SON
19	A Professional Corporation Attorney for Defendants	
20	JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBER ANTHONY PLANT, JOHN PAUL JO	NES.
21	WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, IN SUPER HYPE PUBLISHING, INC	C.,
22	ATLANTIC RECORDING CORP., REENTERTAINMENT COMPANY at	HÍNO
23	WARNER MUSIC GROUP CORE	
24	Helene M. Freeman, Esq. PHILLIPS NIZER LLP	
25	Attorney for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE,	
26	ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT and JOHN PAUL JONES	d
27		

Case	ase 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-10 Filed 02/25/16 Page #:1347	e 1 of 7 F	Page ID				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	E-Mail: pja@pjanderson.com LAW OFFICES OF PETER J. ANDERSON A Professional Corporation 100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 2010 Santa Monica, CA 90401 Tel: (310) 260-6030 Fax: (310) 260-6040 Attorneys for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT, JOHN PAUL JONES, WARNER/CHAPPELL MUSIC, INC., SUPER HYPE PUBLISHING, INC., ATLANTIC RECORDING CORP., RHINO ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY and WARNER MUSIC GROUP CORP.  Helene Freeman, Esq., admitted pro hac vice E-Mail: hfreeman@phillipsnizer.com PHILIPS NIZER LLP 666 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10103-0084 Tel: (212) 977-9700 Fax: (212) 262-5152 Attorneys for Defendants JAMES PATRICK PAGE, ROBERT ANTHONY PLANT and JOHN PAUL JONES						
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16		CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
17	WESTERN DIVISION						
18	8 MICHAEL SKIDMORE, etc., Case No. 2:15-cv	-03462 R	GK (AGRx)				
19		OF PET	FR I				
20	0   vs. ANDERSON IN	<ul><li>DECLARATION OF PETER J.</li><li>ANDERSON IN SUPPORT OF</li><li>MOTION FOR SUMMARY</li></ul>					
21	LED ZEPPELIN, et al.,  JUDGMENT OR ALTERNATIVE	, IN THE , PARTIA	L				
22	Defendants. ) SUMMARY JUD	SUMMARY JUDGMENT					
23	Time: 9:00 a.m.	2016					
24	Courtroom	of the Ho	norable				
25 26	United State	ry Klausno es Distric	t Judge				
27							
28							

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-10 Filed 02/25/16 Page 2 of 7 Page ID #:1348

#### **DECLARATION OF PETER J. ANDERSON**

I, Peter J. Anderson, declare and state:

- 1. I am an attorney admitted to practice before this Court and all Courts of the State of California. I have personal knowledge of the following facts and could competently testify to these facts if called upon to do so.
- 2. I represent defendants Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., Syperhype Publishing, Inc., Atlantic Recording Corp., Rhino Entertainment Company, James Patrick Page, Robert Plant and John Paul Jones in this action. This Declaration is submitted in support of their Motion for Summary Judgment or, in the alternative, Partial Summary Judgment.
- 3. I took the deposition of Jay A. Ferguson on January 13, 2016, in this action. Mr. Ferguson provided corrections to the transcript of his deposition. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 8 are true and correct copies of pages from the transcript of Mr. Ferguson's deposition and which contain the testimony cited in support of defendants' Motion.
- 4. I took the deposition of Mark Christopher Andes on January 15, 2016, in this action. Mr. Andes has not provided corrections to the transcript of his deposition. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 9 are true and correct copies of pages from the transcript of Mr. Andes' deposition and which contain the testimony cited in support of defendants' Motion.
- 5. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 10 is a true and correct copy of deposition exhibit 347 in this action.
- 6. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 11 is a true and correct copy of the August 29, 1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agreement produced by plaintiff in this action.
- 7. I am familiar with the documents produced by plaintiff in this action and the deposition testimony in this action, and plaintiff has not produced any

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-10 Filed 02/25/16 Page 3 of 7 Page ID #:1349

documents or other testimony evidencing Randy Wolfe's disaffirmance of the August 29, 1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agreement.

- 8. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 12 is a true and correct certified copy of the November 30, 1967 Order of the California Superior Court, County of Los Angeles, in Case No. 921051, approving the August 29, 1967 Exclusive Songwriter Agreement.
- 9. On August 14, 2015, I caused written discovery requests as to plaintiff's claimed standing to be served by hand on plaintiff's local counsel, with a copy mailed to plaintiff's Pennsylvania counsel. Plaintiff's responses to that discovery were due on September 14, 2015, and plaintiff's counsel never asked me for an extension of the time to respond to that discovery. Plaintiff's counsel did not provide responses until September 16, 2015, and then by e-mail only. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 13 is a true and correct copy of my September 18, 2015 e-mail to plaintiff's counsel, raising that plaintiff's responses were late.
- 10. On August 28, 2015, I caused a second set of written discovery requests to be served by hand on plaintiff's local counsel, with a copy mailed to plaintiff's Pennsylvania counsel. Plaintiff's responses to that discovery were due on September 28, 2015, and plaintiff's counsel never asked me for an extension of time to respond to that discovery. Plaintiff's counsel did not provide responses until September 29, 2015, and then by e-mail only.
- 11. On October 5, 2015, I wrote plaintiff's counsel pursuant to Local Rule 37-1, regarding deficiencies in plaintiff's responses to defendants' discovery. In that letter, I also raised that plaintiff had again failed to timely respond to defendants' written discovery. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 14 are the first and last pages of my October 5, 2015 letter to plaintiff's counsel.
- 12. On December 4, 2015, I caused a third set of written discovery requests, including defendants' second Request for Admissions, to be served by hand on plaintiff's local counsel, with a copy mailed to plaintiff's Pennsylvania counsel.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-10 Filed 02/25/16 Page 4 of 7 Page ID #:1350

Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 15 is a true and correct copy of the December 4, 2015 Request for Admissions, omitting exhibits 1-3.

- 13. Plaintiff's responses to defendants' December 4, 2015 written discovery were due on January 4, 2016. Plaintiff's never asked me for an extension of time to respond to that discovery. Plaintiff did not timely respond to that discovery, including the Request for Admissions. Instead, on February 5, 2016 and at the deposition of plaintiff, plaintiff's counsel handed me purported responses to the December 4, 2015 written discovery, acknowledging that they were late.
- 14. Plaintiff's counsel has not asked me to stipulate to, and plaintiff has not sought from the Court, an order relieving plaintiff of his deemed admissions of the December 4, 2015 Request for Admissions.
- 15. Plaintiff has not produced in this case a copy of the 1967 Certificate of Registration of copyright in the musical composition *Taurus*, but defendants obtained a copy, which is attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 16.
- 16. Plaintiff has not produced in this case a copy of the transcription of the musical composition *Taurus* that was deposited with the Copyright Office in connection with the 1967 application to register that copyright.
- 17. Defendants obtained through the Library of Congress a transcription titled *Taurus* and stamped "Dec 22, 1967" and "Eu 35222," and a copy of that transcription is attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 17. I note, however, that it does not bear the Copyright Office's "Deposit" stamp that appears on, for example, the *Stairway to Heaven* deposit copy, a copy of the first page of which is attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 18.
- 18. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 19 is a document produced in this action by plaintiff, and which purports to be the back cover of the album titled Spirit.

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## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-10 Filed 02/25/16 Page 5 of 7 Page ID #:1351

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- 19. No evidence has been produced in this action that *Taurus* was played on the radio, let alone that it was played on the radio prior to the 1971 release of the album *Led Zeppelin IV*, which includes *Stairway to Heaven*.
- 20. No evidence has been produced in this action as to the extent of sales or other distribution of the first Spirit album prior to the 1971 release of the album *Led Zeppelin IV*.
- 21. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 20 is a true and correct copy of deposition exhibit 352 in this action.
- 22. Plaintiff produced in this action a multiple-page listing of dates and venues where plaintiff contends Spirit performed live from February 5, 1967 to December 31, 1971, and plaintiff claims to have designated that listing as "CONFIDENTIAL" under the Stipulated Protective Order in this action. I have reviewed it carefully and count at least 175 listed Spirit performances that plaintiff contends occurred from December 1968 through December 1971.
- 23. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 21 is a true and correct copy of deposition exhibits 306 to 312 in this action, without the CDs that are photocopied in the exhibits.
- 24. No evidence has been produced in this action that Led Zeppelin's members were present at the Santa Monica, California, Civic Auditorium or the Anaheim, California, Convention Center when Spirit performed.
- 25. No evidence has been produced in this action that prior to December 26, 1968, Led Zeppelin and Spirit ever performed at the same venue on the same day.
- 26. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 22 is a true and correct copy of deposition exhibit 320 in this action.
- 27. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 23 is a true and correct copy of deposition exhibit 313 in this action.

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-10 Filed 02/25/16 Page 6 of 7 Page ID #:1352

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- 28. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 24 is a true and correct copy of deposition exhibit 317 in this action.
- 29. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 25 is a true and correct copy of excerpts from volume 2 of the book, *Atlantic Records, A Discography*, and which, by reference to the dated recording sessions preceding and following it, indicates that the recording of the album *Cartoone* occurred in early December 1968.
- 30. No evidence has been produced in this action that Randy Wolfe, professionally known as Randy California, ever sued over the alleged copying of *Taurus* in *Stairway to Heaven*.
- 31. No evidence has been produced in this action that Bernice Pearl, individually or on behalf of The Randy Craig Wolfe Trust, ever sued over the alleged copying of *Taurus* in *Stairway to Heaven*.
- 32. At three minutes to midnight, Pacific Time, on February 10, 2014, plaintiff's counsel e-mailed to me and other counsel plaintiff's initial expert disclosures, including the report of his musicologist, Alexander Stewart. A true and correct copy of that Report, without its exhibits and attachments, is attached as Exhibit 2 to the accompanying Declaration of Dr. Lawrence Ferrara.
- 33. Neither Alexander Stewart's nor any other expert report submitted by plaintiff, mentions the musical transcription of *Taurus* that would have accompanied Hollenbeck Music's 1967 application to register a copyright in the *Taurus* musical composition.
- 34. Neither Alexander Stewart's report nor any other expert report submitted by plaintiff, is based upon the musical transcription of *Taurus* that would have accompanied Hollenbeck Music's 1967 application to register a copyright in the *Taurus* musical composition.
- 35. I attended the February 4, 2015 hearing in this action on defendants' motion to dismiss or transfer, before this action was transferred to this Court. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 26 are true and correct copies of pages from

## Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-10 Filed 02/25/16 Page 7 of 7 Page ID #:1353

the Reporter's Transcript of that hearing and which are cited in support of defendants' Motion.

- 36. In the course of this action, I have produced to plaintiff's counsel documents, designated as confidential under the Protective Order in this case, establishing that in 2012-14 and at substantial cost, Rhino Entertainment Co., with the assistance of other defendants, arranged for the remastering and re-release of Led Zeppelin recordings, including the *Led Zeppelin IV* album and *Stairway to Heaven*, and plaintiff's counsel has not disputed the foregoing.
- 37. No evidence has been produced in this action that John Paul Jones, Super Hype Publishing, Inc., or Warner Music Group Corp. performed or distributed *Stairway to Heaven* within the three years preceding plaintiff's filing of this action, if at all.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on February 25, 2016.

/s/ Peter J. Anderson PETER J. ANDERSON

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 228 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-11 Filed 02/25/16 Page 223 of 262 Page ID #:1576

# EXHIBIT 16

Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 229 of 271

# Additional Certificate of Registration of a Claim to Copyright

This is to certify that the statements set forth in the attached have been made a part of the records of the Copyright Office with claim of copyright registered under number

In testimony whereof, the seal of this office is affixed hereto on

EU 35222

July 15, 2014

Register of Copyrights and Associate Librarian for Copyright Services

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**EXHIBIT 16** 

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EXAMINER -



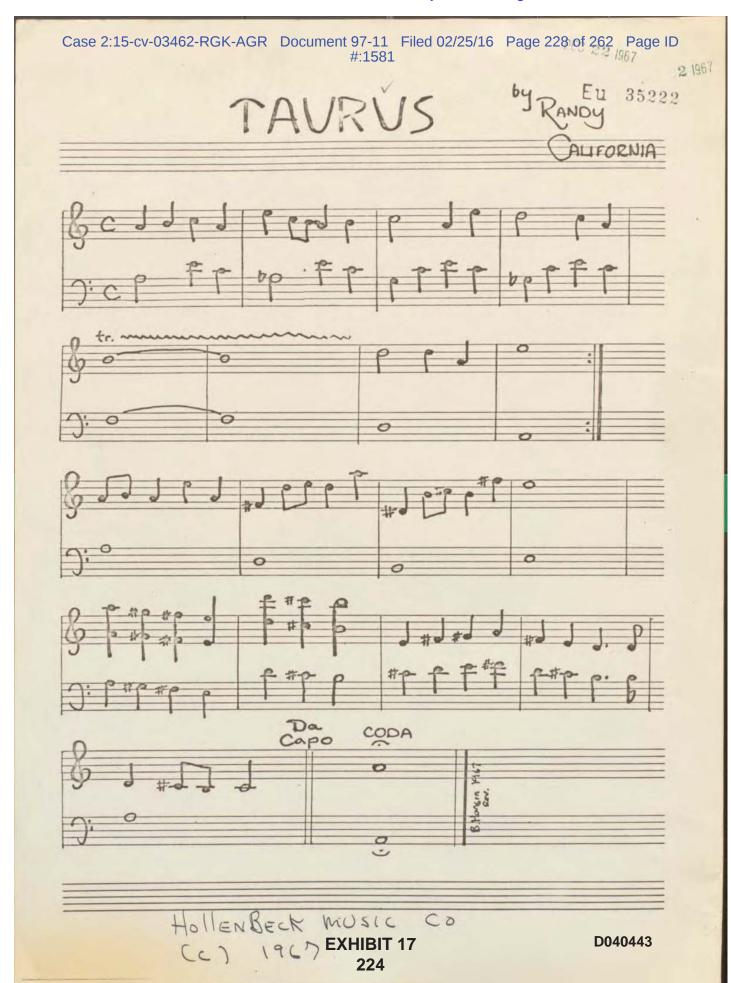
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Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 232 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-11 Filed 02/25/16 Page 227 of 262 Page ID #:1580

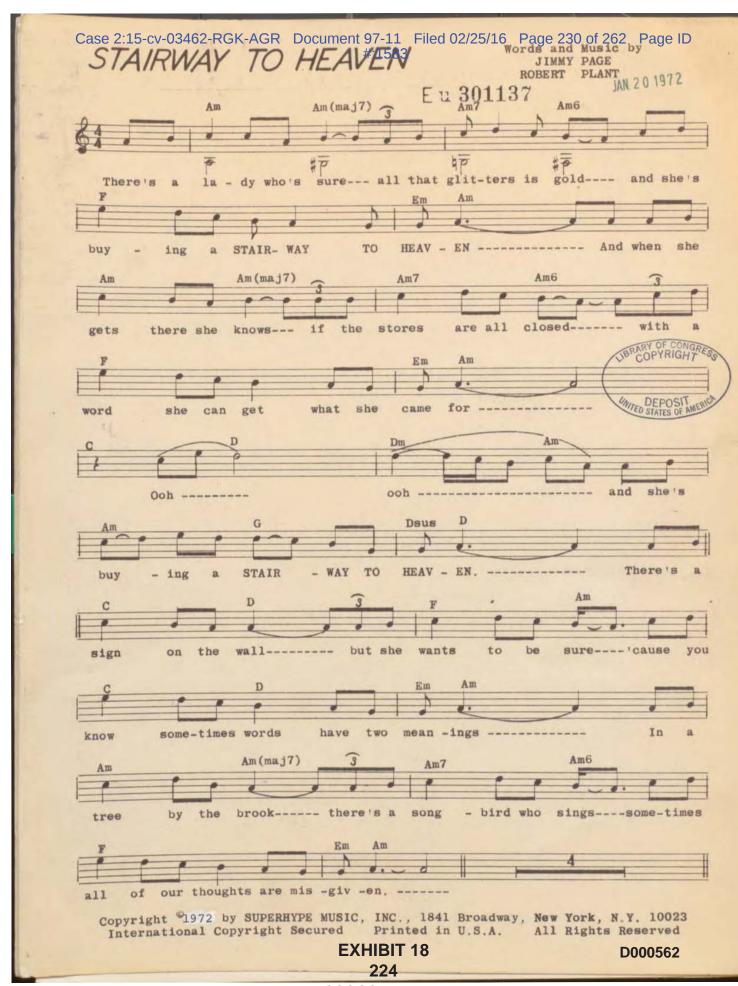
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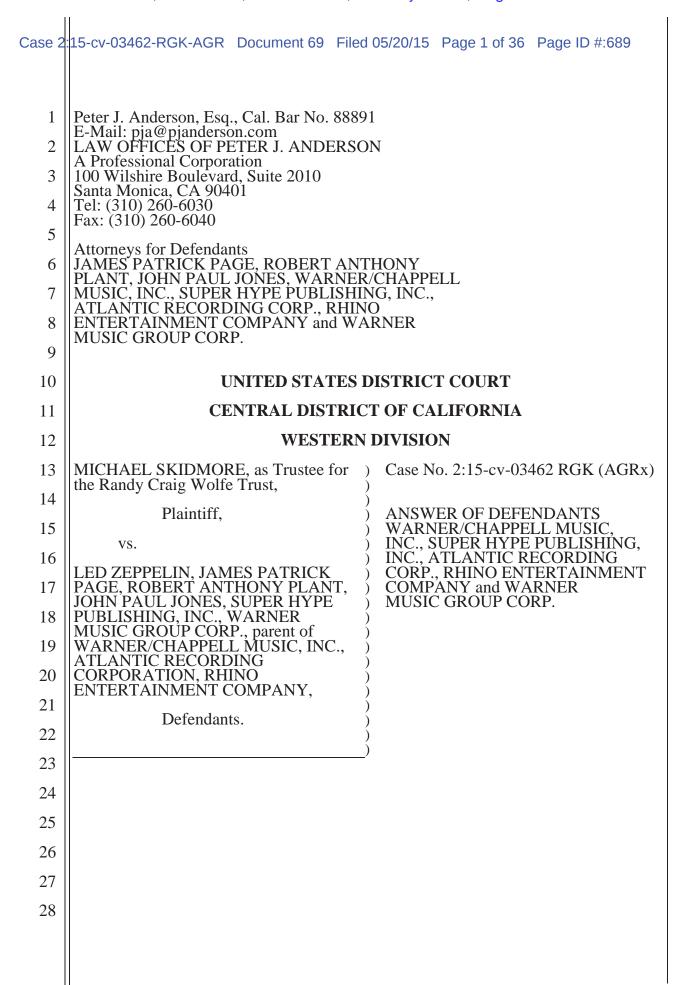


Case: 16-56287, 03/15/2017, ID: 10362366, DktEntry: 15-10, Page 234 of 271

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 97-11 Filed 02/25/16 Page 229 of 262 Page ID #:1582

# EXHIBIT 18





#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 2 of 36 Page ID #:690

Defendants Super Hype Publishing, Inc., Warner Music Group Corp., Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., Atlantic Recording Corporation and Rhino Entertainment Company ("Defendants") respond to plaintiff Michael Skidmore's First Amended Complaint as follows:

#### "PREAMBLE"

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- 1. Answering paragraph 1 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 2. Answering paragraph 2 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 3. Answering paragraph 3 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 4. Answering paragraph 4 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 5. Answering paragraph 5 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 6. Answering paragraph 6 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the recordings containing the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven* were released to the public in 1971, and Defendants are without knowledge or

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 3 of 36 Page ID #:691

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- information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 7. Answering paragraph 7 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 8. Answering paragraph 8 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 9. Answering paragraph 9 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 10. Answering paragraph 10 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Anne Bredon, Willie Dixon, Chester Burnett, professionally known as Howlin' Wolf, and Mrs. Valens are each credited on some musical compositions recorded by the musical group Led Zeppelin, and that on occasion errors in songwriter credits or disputed claims have been resolved, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 11. Answering paragraph 11 of the First Amended Complaint, including the First Amended Complaint's footnote 1, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 4 of 36 Page ID #:692

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#### "FACTS"

#### "Randy California is Discovered by Jimi Hendrix"

- 12. Answering paragraph 12 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 13. Answering paragraph 13 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 14. Answering paragraph 14 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 15. Answering paragraph 15 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Formation of Spirit"

- 16. Answering paragraph 16 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 17. Answering paragraph 17 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

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- 18. Answering paragraph 18 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 19. Answering paragraph 19 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Creation of the Song 'Taurus"

- 20. Answering paragraph 20 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 21. Answering paragraph 21 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Spirit and Randy Sign Songwriting & Recording Contracts"

- 22. Answering paragraph 22 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 23. Answering paragraph 23 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 24. Answering paragraph 24 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 6 of 36 Page ID #:694

allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

- 25. Answering paragraph 25 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 26. Answering paragraph 26 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 27. Answering paragraph 27 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 28. Answering paragraph 28 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 29. Answering paragraph 29 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 30. Answering paragraph 30 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 31. Answering paragraph 31 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 7 of 36 Page ID #:695

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allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

- 32. Answering paragraph 32 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 33. Answering paragraph 33 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 34. Answering paragraph 34 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Led Zeppelin was Opening Act for Spirit in 1968"

- 35. Answering paragraph 35 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 36. Answering paragraph 36 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 37. Answering paragraph 37 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

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- 38. Answering paragraph 38 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 39. Answering paragraph 39 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Spirit Influenced Led Zeppelin and Jimmy Page"

- 40. Answering paragraph 40 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 41. Answering paragraph 41 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 42. Answering paragraph 42 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 43. Answering paragraph 43 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 44. Answering paragraph 44 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 9 of 36 Page ID #:697

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allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

- 45. Answering paragraph 45 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 46. Answering paragraph 46 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 47. Answering paragraph 47 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the album titled Led Zeppelin was recorded in or about October 1968 and admit that the members of the musical group Led Zeppelin had no knowledge of Spirit or Randy California at the time of the recording of that album, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 48. Answering paragraph 48 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 49. Answering paragraph 49 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 50. Answering paragraph 50 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 10 of 36 Page ID #:698

allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Jimmy Page & Robert Plant write 'Stairway to Heaven"

- 51. Answering paragraph 51 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 52. Answering paragraph 52 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Jimmy Page gave an interview to a reporter which was broadcast on National Public Radio on or about June 2, 2003 in which he discussed, among other things, the creation of *Stairway to Heaven* and that parts of what he said are contained in an edited manner in paragraph 52 and that other parts are omitted, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 53. Answering paragraph 53 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 54. Answering paragraph 54 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that recording of *Stairway to Heaven* began at Island Records' studio in London, England, in December 1970 and was completed in 1971, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 55. Answering paragraph 55 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that *Stairway to Heaven* was released on an untitled album, commonly referred to as Led Zeppelin IV, and Defendants are without knowledge or

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 11 of 36 Page ID #:699

information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

- 56. Answering paragraph 56 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that *Stairway to Heaven* is a famous song, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 57. Answering paragraph 57 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 58. Answering paragraph 58 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 59. Answering paragraph 59 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that copyright in the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven* was registered on or about January 20, 1972, as Registration No. Eu 301137, and renewed on or about January 5, 2000, Registration No. RE 819-939, and Defendants deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

#### "THE PARTIES"

#### "Michael Skidmore"

- 60. Answering paragraph 60 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 61. Answering paragraph 61 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

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#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 12 of 36 Page ID #:700

- 62. Answering paragraph 62 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 63. Answering paragraph 63 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 64. Answering paragraph 64 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 65. Answering paragraph 65 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 66. Answering paragraph 66 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Led Zeppelin"

67. Answering paragraph 67 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the English rock band known as Led Zeppelin was formed in or about 1968 and its members were Jimmy Page, guitar, Robert Plant, lead singer, John Paul Jones, bass and keyboards, and John Bonham, drums, and are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 13 of 36 Page ID #:701

- 68. Answering paragraph 68 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the members of the rock band known as Led Zeppelin signed a recording contract with Atlantic Recording Corporation in or about 1968, that the Led Zeppelin albums released to the public include the albums titled or known as Led Zeppelin, Led Zeppelin II, Led Zeppelin III, Led Zeppelin IV, Houses of the Holy and Physical Graffiti, first released to the public in or about, respectively, 1969, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1973 and 1975, and that the albums achieved significant commercial success, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 69. Answering paragraph 69 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 70. Answering paragraph 70 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that nine studio albums released by Led Zeppelin reached the Billboard Top 10 in the United States, that six reached a number one ranking in the United States, that Led Zeppelin was inducted into the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame in 1995 and that a fragment from the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame biography is quoted in the paragraph, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 71. Answering paragraph 71 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 72. Answering paragraph 72 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Randy Wolfe has not been credited or paid as a writer of the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, and deny the remaining allegations contained therein, including denying that Randy Wolfe was entitled to credit or payment.

#### .5-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 14 of 36 Page ID #:702

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deny the allegations contained therein.

- 73. Answering paragraph 73 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 74. Answering paragraph 74 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the rock band known as Led Zeppelin publicly performed the musical composition Stairway to Heaven, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 75. Answering paragraph 75 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 76. Answering paragraph 76 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "James Patrick Page"

- 77. Answering paragraph 77 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Jimmy Page is, among other things, a guitarist, and was a founding member of the rock band known as Led Zeppelin, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 78. Answering paragraph 78 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Jimmy Page is credited as a writer of the musical composition Stairway to Heaven, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- Answering paragraph 80 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Randy Wolfe has not been credited or paid as a writer of the musical

Answering paragraph 79 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants

#### .5-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 15 of 36 Page ID #:703

1 2 composition Stairway to Heaven, and deny the remaining allegations contained therein, including denying that Randy Wolfe was entitled to credit or payment.

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81. Answering paragraph 81 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

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- 82. Answering paragraph 82 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Jimmy Page, as a member of the rock band known as Led Zeppelin, publicly performed the musical composition Stairway to Heaven, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the
- remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 83. Answering paragraph 83 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 84. Answering paragraph 84 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- Answering paragraph 85 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants 85. deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Robert Anthony Plant"

- 86. Answering paragraph 86 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Robert Plant is, among other things, a singer, and was a founding member of the rock band known as Led Zeppelin, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 87. Answering paragraph 87 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Robert Plant is credited as a writer of the musical composition Stairway to Heaven, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 16 of 36 Page ID #:704

belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

- 88. Answering paragraph 88 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 89. Answering paragraph 89 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 90. Answering paragraph 90 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 91. Answering paragraph 91 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Robert Plant, as a member of the rock band known as Led Zeppelin, publicly performed the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 92. Answering paragraph 92 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 93. Answering paragraph 93 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 94. Answering paragraph 94 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "John Paul Jones"

95. Answering paragraph 95 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that John Paul Jones was a member and bass player in the rock band known as Led Zeppelin, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

#### Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 17 of 36 Page ID #:705

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- 96. Answering paragraph 96 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein, including denying that *Stairway to Heaven* infringes *Taurus*.
- 97. Answering paragraph 97 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 98. Answering paragraph 98 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 99. Answering paragraph 99 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that John Paul Jones, as a member of the rock band known as Led Zeppelin, publicly performed the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 100. Answering paragraph 100 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 101. Answering paragraph 101 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 102. Answering paragraph 102 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Super Hype Publishing, Inc."

103. Answering paragraph 103 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Super Hype Publishing, Inc., is a music publishing company, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 18 of 36 Page ID #:706

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- 104. Answering paragraph 104 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 105. Answering paragraph 105 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 106. Answering paragraph 106 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 107. Answering paragraph 107 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that in the past Super Hype Publishing, Inc., acted as a music publisher of the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, Defendants deny that Super Hype Publishing, Inc., currently, or at any time within the applicable statute of limitations, exploited the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 108. Answering paragraph 108 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 109. Answering paragraph 109 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 110. Answering paragraph 110 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 111. Answering paragraph 111 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

## "Warner Music Group Corp."

112. Answering paragraph 112 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner Music Group Corp. owns, directly or indirectly, record companies and music publishing companies, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 19 of 36 Page ID #:707

contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

- 113. Answering paragraph 113 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that defendant Warner Music Group Corp. indirectly owns Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., Atlantic Recording Corporation and Rhino Entertainment Company, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 114. Answering paragraph 114 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 115. Answering paragraph 115 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 116. Answering paragraph 116 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 117. Answering paragraph 117 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 118. Answering paragraph 118 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 119. Answering paragraph 119 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Recording Corporation is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 120. Answering paragraph 120 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Rhino Entertainment Company is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 20 of 36 Page ID #:708

Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

121. Answering paragraph 121 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Warner/Chappell Music, Inc."

- 122. Answering paragraph 122 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., is a music publishing company, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 123. Answering paragraph 123 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that music publishing includes, but is not limited to, the acquisition of rights to, and licensing of, musical compositions (as opposed to sound recordings) from songwriters, composers or other rights holders, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 124. Answering paragraph 124 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner/Chappell Music Publishing, Inc., is a prominent music publisher, denies that it has offices in more than 40 countries, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 125. Answering paragraph 125 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., currently publishes or administers musical compositions from many composers or others, including Barry Gibb, Beyoncé, Bruno Mars, Eric Clapton, Jay Z, Katy Perry, Madonna, Stephen Sondheim, T.I.,

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 21 of 36 Page ID #:709

Timbaland and Wayne Hector, past or current members of fun., Gamble & Huff, Green Day, Muse, Radiohead, Red Hot Chili Peppers, R.E.M. and Led Zeppelin, and Lionsgate Films, Miramax Films and Roc Nation, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

- 126. Answering paragraph 126 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 127. Answering paragraph 127 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., administers the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 128. Answering paragraph 128 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 129. Answering paragraph 129 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 130. Answering paragraph 130 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 131. Answering paragraph 131 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

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# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 22 of 36 Page ID #:710

- 132. Answering paragraph 132 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 133. Answering paragraph 133 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Atlantic Recording Corporation"

- 134. Answering paragraph 134 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Recording Corporation is a record company engaged in the business of creating and manufacturing sound recordings, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 135. Answering paragraph 135 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that decades ago the members of the rock band known as Led Zeppelin delivered to Atlantic Recording Corporation sound recordings of their performances and that Atlantic Recording Corporation has caused albums including those sound recordings to be released to the public, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 136. Answering paragraph 136 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that over 40 years ago Atlantic Recording Corporation caused the album known as Led Zeppelin IV to be released to the public, admit that the recordings on that album included the performance of the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, Defendants deny that the *Stairway to Heaven* musical composition and sound recording, or either of them, infringe a copyright in *Taurus*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 23 of 36 Page ID #:711

- 137. Answering paragraph 137 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 138. Answering paragraph 138 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Recording Corporation owns master recordings of *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 139. Answering paragraph 139 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Records was a record company founded in 1947 by Ahmet Ertegun and Herb Abramson, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 140. Answering paragraph 140 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Recording Corporation is a prominent record company whose recording artists have included Ray Charles, Aretha Franklin, John Coltrane and the members of Led Zeppelin, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 141. Answering paragraph 141 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Recording Corporation is a prominent record company with artists including Bruno Mars, Flo Rida, Wiz Khalifa, B.o.B., Trey Songz, Portugal. The Man, Halestorm, James Blunt, Jason Mraz and Lupe Fiasco, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 142. Answering paragraph 142 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

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# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 24 of 36 Page ID #:712

- 143. Answering paragraph 143 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the performance of the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven* is included in recordings that Atlantic Recording Corporation has caused to be made and distributed to the public, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 144. Answering paragraph 144 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 145. Answering paragraph 145 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Recording Corporation is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 146. Answering paragraph 146 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Atlantic Recording Corporation is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 147. Answering paragraph 147 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 148. Answering paragraph 148 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

## "Rhino Entertainment Company"

149. Answering paragraph 149 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Rhino Entertainment Company exploits and develops the catalog of Warner Music Group Corp.'s record labels, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations ///

# .5-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 25 of 36 Page ID #:713

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contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

- 150. Answering paragraph 150 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 151. Answering paragraph 151 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the performance of the musical composition Stairway to Heaven is included in recordings that Rhino Entertainment Company has caused to be made and distributed to the public, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 152. Answering paragraph 152 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 153. Answering paragraph 153 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Rhino Entertainment Company is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 154. Answering paragraph 154 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Rhino Entertainment Company is, indirectly, a subsidiary of Warner Music Group Corp., and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 155. Answering paragraph 155 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit the allegations contained therein.
- 156. Answering paragraph 156 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 157. Answering paragraph 157 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

# Case 2 5-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 26 of 36 Page ID #:714

158. Answering paragraph 158 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that plaintiff purports to state the meaning of his references to Defendants or acts by Defendants, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

#### "JURISDICTION AND VENUE"

- 159. Answering paragraph 159 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants incorporate by reference their responses to paragraphs 1 through 158 as if set forth herein in full.
- 160. Answering paragraph 160 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 161. Answering paragraph 161 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that plaintiff contends that subject matter jurisdiction lies under 28 U.S.C. Sections 1331 and 1338 by virtue of plaintiff's assertion of claims under the Copyright Act of 1976, 17 U.S.C. Sections 101 *et seq.*; and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 162. Answering paragraph 162 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

# "This Court Has Specific Jurisdiction Because Defendants Have Targeted This District for Sales of the Infringing Song 'Stairway to Heaven'"

- 163. Answering paragraph 163 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 164. Answering paragraph 164 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
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Case 2 5-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 27 of 36 Page ID #:715

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- "This Court Has General Jurisdiction Because Defendants Exploit this District and its Residents to Sell, Promote, Advertise, Perform, and Merchandise their Music, Making Millions of Dollars in the Process"
- 165. Answering paragraph 165 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 166. Answering paragraph 166 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 167. Answering paragraph 167 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 168. Answering paragraph 168 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "Venue Is Appropriate in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania"

- 169. Answering paragraph 169 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 170. Answering paragraph 170 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 171. Answering paragraph 171 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### "CAUSES OF ACTION"

#### "Count I – Direct Copyright Infringement"

- 172. Answering paragraph 172 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants incorporate by reference their responses to paragraphs 1 through 171 as if set forth herein in full.
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# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 28 of 36 Page ID #:716

- 173. Answering paragraph 173 of the First Amended Complaint, the allegations contained therein are legal conclusions and no response is required, and, in any event, the legal conclusions are not a correct statement of the applicable law, and, accordingly, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 174. Answering paragraph 174 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 175. Answering paragraph 175 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 176. Answering paragraph 176 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 177. Answering paragraph 177 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 178. Answering paragraph 178 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 179. Answering paragraph 179 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 180. Answering paragraph 180 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 29 of 36 Page ID #:717

- 181. Answering paragraph 181 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 182. Answering paragraph 182 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven* is available to the public, Defendants deny that *Stairway to Heaven* exploits Taurus and deny that permission of plaintiff is required in order to exploit *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 183. Answering paragraph 183 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein, including denying that *Stairway to Heaven* infringes a copyright in *Taurus*.
- 184. Answering paragraph 184 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny that *Stairway to Heaven* infringes a copyright in *Taurus*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 185. Answering paragraph 185 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that Jimmy Page gave an interview to a reporter which was broadcast on National Public Radio on or about June 2, 2003 in which he discussed, among other things, the creation of *Stairway to Heaven* and that parts of what he said are contained in an edited manner in paragraph 52 and that other parts are omitted, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 186. Answering paragraph 186 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendant deny the allegations contained therein.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 30 of 36 Page ID #:718

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#### "Count II – Contributory Copyright Infringement"

- 187. Answering paragraph 187 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants incorporate by reference their responses to paragraphs 1 through 186 as if set forth herein in full.
- 188. Answering paragraph 188 of the First Amended Complaint, the allegations contained therein are legal conclusions and no response is required, and, in any event, the legal conclusions are not a correct statement of the applicable law, and, accordingly, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 189. Answering paragraph 189 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein, including denying that *Stairway to Heaven* infringes a copyright in *Taurus*.
- 190. Answering paragraph 190 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven* is available to the public, Defendants deny that *Stairway to Heaven* exploits Taurus and deny that permission of plaintiff is required in order to exploit *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

## "Count III – Vicarious Copyright Infringement"

- 191. Answering paragraph 191 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants incorporate by reference their responses to paragraphs 1 through 190 as if set forth herein in full.
- 192. Answering paragraph 192 of the First Amended Complaint, the allegations contained therein are legal conclusions and no response is required, and, in any event, the legal conclusions are not a correct statement of the applicable law, and, accordingly, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 193. Answering paragraph 193 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 31 of 36 Page ID #:719

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194. Answering paragraph 194 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

195. Answering paragraph 195 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven* is available to the public, Defendants deny that *Stairway to Heaven* exploits Taurus and deny that permission of plaintiff is required in order to exploit *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.

# "Count IV – Right of Attribution – Equitable Relief Falsification of Rock N' Roll History"

- 196. Answering paragraph 196 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants incorporate by reference their responses to paragraphs 1 through 195 as if set forth herein in full.
- 197. Answering paragraph 197 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 198. Answering paragraph 198 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 199. Answering paragraph 199 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants admit that for over 42 years Randy California has not been credited as a writer of the musical composition *Stairway to Heaven*, deny that Randy Wolfe was entitled to credit in connection with *Stairway to Heaven* and deny that all Defendants exploit *Stairway to Heaven*, and Defendants are without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained therein and, on that basis, deny the remaining allegations contained therein.
- 200. Answering paragraph 200 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

# Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 32 of 36 Page ID #:720

- 201. Answering paragraph 201 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein, including denying that Randy Wolfe had a role in creating *Stairway to Heaven*.
- 202. Answering paragraph 202 of the First Amended Complaint, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.

#### FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE<sup>1</sup>

#### (Failure to State a Claim)

203. Plaintiff's First Amended Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendants upon which relief can be granted.

#### SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

#### (Independent Creation)

204. The musical composition and sound recordings of which plaintiff complains were created independently from and without knowledge of plaintiff's claimed work.

#### THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

## (Lack of Copyrightable Subject Matter)

205. Plaintiff's claimed work, or the portions thereof allegedly copied, or both, are not copyrightable subject matter.

## FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

## (Failure to Comply with Copyright Act Formalities)

206. Plaintiff's claims and/or remedies plaintiff seek are barred by the failure to comply with the Copyright Act of 1909, 17 U.S.C. §§ 1 *et seq.*, and/or the Copyright Act of 1976, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 *et seq.*, including but not limited to 17 U.S.C. §§ 10, 11, 13, 401 and 408, and each of them.

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To the extent that the burden of proof of any matter raised or mentioned in the following defenses lies with plaintiffs, or any of them, Defendants raise the defense out of an abundance of caution and do not thereby assume that burden of proof.

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 33 of 36 Page ID #:721

1	FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE					
2	(Alleged Infringement De Minimis)					
3	207. Without admitting the use of any copyrighted material allegedly owned					
4	by the trust on whose behalf plaintiff purports to sue, the alleged use is de minimis.					
5	SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE					
6	(Fair Use)					
7	208. Without admitting the alleged use of copyrighted material allegedly					
8	owned by the trust on whose behalf plaintiff purports to sue, the conduct of which					
9	plaintiff complains constitutes fair use.					
10	SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE					
11	(Failure to Join Indispensable Parties)					
12	209. Plaintiff has failed to join indispensable parties, without which the case					
13	is properly dismissed.					
14	EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE					
15	(Lack of Causation)					
16	210. Without in any way admitting any of the allegations contained in the					
17	First Amended Complaint, the alleged use of the musical composition <i>Taurus</i> work					
18	did not proximately cause any of the alleged damages and/or did not proximately					
19	result in any of the alleged profits.					
20	NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE					
21	(Laches)					
22	211. Plaintiff's claims and/or remedies plaintiffs seek are barred by the					
23	doctrine of laches.					
24	TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE					
25	(Statutes of Limitation)					
26	212. Plaintiff's claims, and each of them, are barred by the applicable					
27	statutes of limitation, including but not limited to 17 U.S.C. Section 507(b).					
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Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 34 of 36 Page ID #:722

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE						
(Abandonment)						
213. Plaintiff, plaintiff's predecessors, Randy Wolfe and/or the owners of the						
copyright in the musical composition Taurus, abandoned any copyright in the						
allegedly-infringed work.						
TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE						
(Waiver)						
214. Plaintiff's claims and/or remedies plaintiff seeks are barred by the						
doctrine of waiver.						
THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE						
(License)						
215. Without admitting the use of any copyrighted material allegedly owned						
by plaintiff, the conduct of which he complains was impliedly and/or expressly						
licensed.						
FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE						
(Estoppel)						
216. Plaintiff's claims are barred by the doctrine of estoppel.						
FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE						
(Ratification)						
217. Without admitting any infringement, plaintiff, plaintiff's predecessors,						
Randy Wolfe and/or the owners of the copyright in the musical composition <i>Taurus</i>						
ratified the conduct of which plaintiff complains.						
SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE						
(Lack of Standing)						
218. Plaintiff does not have standing to assert the claims he asserts.						

Case 2:15-cv-03462-RGK-AGR Document 69 Filed 05/20/15 Page 35 of 36 Page ID #:723

#### SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Unclean Hands)

219. Plaintiff' claims and/or the relief plaintiff seeks, or both, are barred by the doctrine of unclean hands.

#### EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Innocent Infringement)

220. Without admitting any infringement, which is denied, the alleged infringements were innocent.

#### NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Preemption)

221. Plaintiff's purported fourth claim for relief is preempted by the Copyright Act of 1976, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 *et seq.*, including but not limited to 17 U.S.C. § 301(a).

Defendants reserve the right to assert additional affirmative defenses if discovery or Defendants' investigation reveals grounds for the assertion of the additional defenses, including without limitation affirmative defenses that are referenced in Rule 8(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or are otherwise available under applicable law.

#### **PRAYER**

**WHEREFORE,** defendants Super Hype Publishing, Inc., Warner Music Group Corp., Warner/Chappell Music, Inc., Atlantic Recording Corporation and Rhino Entertainment Company, pray for Judgment as follows:

1. That plaintiff take nothing by way of his First Amended Complaint and that the First Amended Complaint be dismissed;

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Case 2:	15-cv-03462-F	RGK-AGR	Document 69	Filed 05/20/15	Page 36 of 36	Page ID #:724			
1	2.	That Defe	endants be awa	arded their costs	and attorneys'	fees; and			
2	3.	For such	other and furth	er relief as the	Court deems ju	st and proper.			
3									
4	Dated: May	20, 2015			s/ Peter J. Ande				
5				LAW OFFIC	eter J. Anderson CES OF PETER	J. ANDERSON			
6				A PI Att JAMES I	rofessional Corporate of Corporation Corpo	ndants E, ROBERT			
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